

User's Guide

November 2005

LDK 4000

HDTV single-standard camera system

Declaration of Conformity

We, Grass Valley Nederland B.V., Kapittelweg 10, 4827 HG Breda, The Netherlands, declare under our sole responsibility that this product is in compliance with the following standards:

• EN60065 : Safety

EN55103-1 : EMC (Emission)EN55103-2 : EMC (Immunity)

following the provisions of:

a. the Safety Directives 73/23//EEC and 93/68/EEC

b. the EMC Directives 89/336/EEC and 93/68/EEC

FCC Class A Statement

This product generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause interference to radio communications.

It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A digital device pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a commercial environment.

Operation of this product in a residential area is likely to cause interference in which case the user at his own expense will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference.

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Important information

Read these instructions carefully and retain them for future reference.

During installation and operation of this equipment, local building safety and fire protection standards must be observed.

Before connecting the equipment to the power supply of the installation, verify the proper functioning of the protective earth lead.

Whenever it is likely that safe operation is impaired, the apparatus must be made inoperative and secured against any unintended operation. The appropriate servicing authority must then be informed. For example, safety is likely to be impaired if the apparatus fails to perform the intended function or shows visible damage.

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved in this manual could void your authority to operate this equipment.

Cautions and Warnings

Read and comply with the warning and caution notices that appear in the manual.

- Warnings indicate danger that requires correct procedures or practices to prevent death or injury to personnel.
- Cautions indicate procedures or practices that should be followed to prevent damage or destruction to equipment or property.

Warnings



WARNING

To prevent fire or shock hazard, do not expose the unit to rain or moisture. If the unit is in a wet or damp environment, a rain cover must be used to protect it for personal safety reasons (EN60065). The rain cover supplied with the unit protects it according to safety specification EN60529 up to level IPX2 (spraying water).



To avoid electrical shock, do not remove covers or panels. Refer servicing to qualified personnel only.



In case of an emergency ensure that the power is disconnected.



Use only fuses of the type and rating specified.



Connect the product only to a power source with the specified voltage rating.



The Base Station must always be connected to protective earth. Do not interrupt the protection conductor inside or outside the unit. Do not disconnect the protective earth terminal. Intentional interruption is prohibited and is likely to make the unit dangerous.



To prevent risk of overheating, ventilate the units correctly.



For safety reasons the Base Station must be mounted in a 19-inch rack which has safety covers according to IEC65. When two Base Stations are mounted above each other, the minimum distance between them must be 50mm or the rack must be forceair cooled.

Triax cable systems



WARNING

Only connect a Triax cable from the same LDK camera family to the unit.



Do not allow system earth currents to exceed 1.5A in the outer shield of the Triax cable or 0.2A in other cable shields.



To avoid excessive earth currents in a Triax system, galvanically separate the power earth connection of equipment connected to the camera from the camera earth.



It is strictly prohibited to short circuit the inner and outer shields of a Triax cable used to connect a camera to a base station.

Galvanic separation

Because of the nature of Triax systems, with long distances between camera and Base Station, the risk of earth currents flowing is greater. These earth currents can result in damage to the equipment.

For example, a monitor connected directly to the CVBS output of the camera is powered locally. The earthing point of the monitor's power supply can be at a different potential with respect to the earthing point of the Base Station. If the power earth of the monitor is also the video earth, then this earth potential is transferred to the camera via the shield of the BNC connector. The difference in earth potential between the camera and the Base Station results in an earth current in the Triax system.

To prevent earth currents from flowing in the Triax system, we recommend galvanic separation of earthed equipment connected to the camera. This separation can be achieved by using an isolation transformer between the local power outlet and the equipment connected to the camera. Alternatively, use equipment that has a double insulation and therefore does not require an earth connection.

Fibre optic transmission units



The CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT label is located on top of the fibre optic connector on the rear panel.

Laser safety statement (Europe)

Fibre optic transmission units are classified as a "CLASS 1 Laser Product" according to EN 60825-1, Safety of Laser products. Class 1 laser products are considered safe and do not result in biological hazard if used according to the instructions.

Laser safety statement (US)

Fibre optic transmission units are classified as a "CLASS 1 Laser Product" according to 21CFR 1040.10 of the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Center for Devices and Radiological Health.



WARNING

Use of controls, adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

To ensure proper use of this product, please read this instruction manual carefully and retain for future reference. Should the unit ever require maintenance, contact an authorized service location.

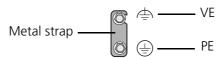
Fibre optic cable precautions

Fibre optic cables and connectors are easily damaged; take the following percautions into account:

- Do not bend the cable beyond the minimum permissible bend range specified for the cable.
- Avoid kinks in the cable.
- Avoid subjecting the cable to a high tension force (even momentarily).
- Do not twist the cable when connecting it to equipment.
- Insert connectors straight and fully into their corresponding sockets.
- In fibre optic cable systems always put the dust caps on cable and panel connectors immediately after disconnecting a cable. Keep the dust caps clean.

Base Station earthing

The rear of the unit has two separate screw terminals for protective earth \bigoplus (PE) and video earth \bigoplus (VE). These are normally connected by a metal strap.



The protective earth terminal is internally connected to the protective earth conductor of the power cable. In normal circumstances the connection between the protective earth and the video earth should **not** be broken. If required, the central earth connection wire of the studio can be connected to terminal PE in accordance with VDE regulation 0800/part2.

Only if the studio (or OB van) is equipped with separate protective and video earth systems may the metal strap be removed. Under these circumstances the video earth terminal must be connected to the central functional earth potential (video earth) of the studio. This earth potential should have functional protective and noiseless earth (FPE) qualities as stated in the VDE regulation 0800/part2. A low impedance interconnection of both earth conductors must be provided at the central studio earthing point.

Precautions

To ensure continual high performance from the camera take the following precautions into consideration:

- Avoid very damp places. If the environment is wet or damp a rain cover must be used to protect the unit.
- Do not subject the unit to severe shocks or vibration.
- Do not expose the camera to extremes of temperature.
- Do not leave the unit in direct sunlight or close to heating appliances for extended periods.
- Do not allow sunlight to shine into the viewfinder.
- Do not allow LASER beams to shine into the lens as this could damage the CCD sensors.
- Avoid extreme highlights as these can cause various kinds of optical reflections.
- Be careful when connecting and disconnecting triax cables.
 - Do not mix triax units from different types of camera systems (HD with SD, RGB triax with digital triax).
 - Make connections swiftly and firmly to avoid false error messages.

Mains lead wiring for UK users

The wires in the mains lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

GREEN and YELLOW - EARTH

BLUE - NEUTRAL

BROWN - LIVE

As the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this apparatus may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug proceed as follows:

- The wire coloured GREEN AND YELLOW must be connected to the terminal on the plug marked with the letter E or by the safety earth symbol or coloured GREEN or GREEN AND YELLOW.
- The wire coloured BROWN must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or coloured RED.
- The wire coloured BLUE must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter N or coloured BLACK.

Ensure that your equipment is connected correctly - if you are in any doubt consult a qualified electrician.

Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Technology

The LDK 4000 is a high definition, single-standard digital camera head using 2/3-inch HD-DPM⁺TM sensors. The camera head can be combined with the TriaxHD adapter, the HD Fibre adapter or the HD-SDI adapter. This cost effective camera is equally at home in the studio or out on location.

1.1.1 HD sensors

The camera head uses HD-DPM^{+TM} CCD sensors which offer superior performance. Native wide screen pictures in the high-definition formats 1080i or 720p are produced depending on the camera version you require. This unique native capability is realized with innovative 9.2 million pixel CCD sensors.

These sensors have a high dynamic range and high linear sensitivity across all camera lens apertures. They are based on Frame Transfer technology, which ensures that there is neither lag nor smear.

1.1.2 Digital processing

The advanced digital processing of the camera is based on 12-bit A/D converters and more than 22-bit internal processing. Two DSPs combine all major camera functions in the digital domain, including knee, gamma, contour, matrix and colour correction.

The intelligent continuous automatics facility provides automatic control of black levels and black shading. Each sensor provides black reference signals that are used to monitor temperature changes. This means that continuous automatic correction is applied without operator intervention.

The digital contour processing uses full amplitude video RGB signals via an extended dynamic range contour circuit.

Colorimetry is selected by means of a variable 6-point digital matrix or via preset matrices. Digital gamma circuits provide a wide range of standardised gamma curves and enable soft contrast in black scenes to be enhanced, together with hard contrast and saturated colour in bright scenes. The matrix and gamma sequence is software programmable for precise colour matching.

1.1.3 Film-like characteristics

The pivoting knee circuit adapts both the knee point and the compression ratio according to the highlight content of the picture to emulate the softly limiting S-shaped transfer characteristics of film. Digital True Colour Knee circuitry maintains the correct hue for compressed highlights, reproducing colours faithfully, even overexposed skin tones.

Digital contrast circuitry provides a black stretch function for more detail in black areas and a black press function for improving the contrast impression by simulating the S-curve of film.

1.1.4 Focus assist

With HDTV, focusing is even more critical than before. The LDK 4000 has special patented focusing aids. A unique viewfinder zoom function enlarges the viewfinder image instantly after a simple press-button action, thus providing improved means for focusing. A patented crawler circuitry adds motion in the viewfinder to objects in sharp focus.

1.1.5 Triax SuperXPander

The Triax SuperXPander large lens adapter together with the optional 7-inch HD high resolution viewfinder turns the portable triax camera into a full-featured studio camera for studio and EFP situations.

1.1.6 Fibre SuperXPander

The Fibre SuperXPander large lens adapter together with the optional 7-inch HD high resolution viewfinder turns the portable fibre camera into a full-featured studio camera for studio and EFP situations.

1.1.7 Different versions

The LDK 4000 camera head is available in two versions - 1080i or 720p.

These versions support either 1080i or 720p HD formats in 50 Hz and 59.94 Hz. You decide when ordering which version you require. These standards cannot be changed later.

1.1.8 Advanced TriaxHD features

TriaxHD, which is a further development of the Emmy Award winning triax transmission system, makes the camera compatible with industry standard triax cables. This allows the reuse of existing, reliable and valuable cable inventories.

TriaxHD allows video transmission and remote control of cameras up to a distance of 3300 ft (1000 meters) and beyond, using industry standard 14mm triax cables. It is based on 30MHz full-bandwidth 4:2:2 transmission (Y/Cr/Cb components).

The double side band modulation technique used in combination with Y/Cr/Cb transmission ensures linearity, resolution and an optimal signal-to-noise ratio over the maximum cable length. Bandwidth efficient channel combining and equalization techniques minimize cross-talk and interference. Teleprompter and viewfinder signals maintain high performance with relatively long cable lengths.

The communication facilities provide for two-wire or four-wire high quality intercom signals. Full camera control is provided via a Series 9000 Universal Camera Control system or a C2IP Ethernet-based control network.

The TriaxHD adapter is equipped with a rotary triax connector which provides freedom of movement during portable use of the camera and protects the connector from being damaged in near-floor conditions.

TriaxHD Base Station

The TriaxHD Base Station, as well as providing high definition outputs, optionally offers simultaneous high-end SDTV outputs in either 50 Hz or 59.94 Hz. This facilitates a gradual and managed transition from SDTV to HDTV

1.1.9 HD Fibre features

The HD Fibre system allows video transmission and remote control of cameras up to a distance of 13,000 ft (4000 meters) and beyond, using industry standard fibre optic cable. It is based on digital 4:2:2 transmission (HD-SDI signal).

The communication facilities provide for two-wire or four-wire high quality intercom signals. Full camera control is provided via a Series 9000 Universal Camera Control system or a C2IP Ethernet-based control network.

HD Fibre Base Station

The HD Fibre Base Station, as well as providing high definition outputs, optionally offers simultaneous high-end SDTV outputs. This facilitates a gradual and managed transition from SDTV to HDTV.

1.2 Features

- HD-DPM+ [™] CCD sensors, offering either native interlaced 1080i or true progressive 720p high definition broadcast formats (depending on version).
- The CCDs have 9.2 million pixels, with 1920 (H) x 4320 (V) effective picture elements.
- The following acquisition format versons are available:

1080i at 59.94 Hz and 50 Hz

or

720p at 59.94 Hz and 50 Hz

• Frame Transfer technology ensures no smear.

- 12-bit A-to-D and more than 22-bit digital processing with unique software programmable video path.
- Superior all digital highlight handling with a wide dynamic range.
- Unique circuitry for pivoting knee and True Colour Knee.
- Wide range of presets and variable 6-point digital matrix assure accurate colour matching.
- Fluorescent light matrix.
- Digital gamma with unique standard preset values and highest accuracy.
- Digital contour with an extensive range of parameters.
- Advanced contour correction includes two automatic skin settings.
- Intelligent Continuous Automatics black levels, black shading and video levels no set-up time required.
- Digital contrast with standard black stretch and black press.
- International standard 2/3-inch lens interface.
- Optical servo-controlled four-position neutral density filter wheel.
- Optical servo-controlled effect filter wheel with soft focus, four-point star and sixpoint star filters.
- Electronic colour filter can be used for creating a special look (warm/cold) of a scene, or for a smooth colour temperature control around the white balance setting.
- Smart card for personal settings and security.
- Owner card for setting user levels, and for copying and storing control settings.
- Protected, easy-to-operate controls and switches with read-out of all settings.
- Viewfinder status read-out of primary camera functions.
- Clean scan feature allows capture of computer and other monitor pictures.

1.3 Specifications

Table 1-1. LDK 4000 Camera Head

Item	Value
Power requirements	supplied via adapter
Power consumption	45 W (Head + Triax adapter + VF)
Operating temperatures	-20 to +45°C (-4 to +113°F)
Storage temperatures	-20 to +60°C (-4 to +140°F)
Weight (approx.)	4.4 kg (9.7lbs) incl. 2-inch VF and Triax adapter
Pick-up device	3 x 2/3-inch HD-DPM ⁺ Frame Transfer CCDs
	1080i or 720p (non-switchable)
Picture elements	9.2 million pixels 1920 (H) x 4320 (V) effective
Digital quantization	12-bit A-to-D
Digital signal processing	74.25 MHz, 22-bit accuracy
Sensitivity	2000 lux (186 ft cd) at F8.0 (typical, 1080i mode), reflectance 90%
Minimum illumination	Approx. 2 lux at F 1.4 and +30 dB gain
Exposure control	Down to 1/1000
Clean scanning	50.6 to 125 Hz (at 50 Hz temp. freq.)
	61 to 150 Hz (at 59.94 Hz temp. freq.)
Optical system	F1.4 with quartz filter
Optical filters	Clear, 1/4 ND, 1/16 ND, 1/64 ND
	Clear, 4-point star, 6-point star, soft focus
Modulation depth	40% at 27 MHz
S/N ratio	Typical: 54 dB in Y
Registration	<5 ns (0.05%) in all zones, without lens
Dynamic range	>400%
Gain	-6dB to +12dB in 3dB steps (user defined presets)
Viewfinder option types	2-inch B/W; resolution > 600 TV lines (centre)
	7-inch HDTV
	5-inch HDTV

Table 1-2. LDK 5460 TriaxHD Adapter

Item	Value
Power requirements	Triax powered or 12 Vdc
Operating temperatures	-20 to +45°C (-4 to +113°F)
Storage temperatures	-20 to +60°C (-4 to +140°F)
Weight (approx.)	2.3 kg
Dimensions	220 (L) x 120 (W) x 205 (H) without handgrip
Triax in/out	Swivel connector; Fischer, ARD, Lemo or Trilock
Triax cable length	1000m (3,300ft.) max. with 14mm cable
Intercom	XLR5 with channels ENG/PROD/PROG
Video (CVBS) out	Optional: 1 Vpp; 75 Ohm; BNC
Video teleprompter out	1 Vpp; 75 Ohm; BNC
Monitor (Y)	1 Vpp; 75 Ohm; BNC
Reference in	1 Vpp; 75 Ohm; BNC
Tracker	11 pins Communication / Signalling
Auxilary/ Data	11 pins private data
Rear microphone in (2x)	XLR 3, balanced, +48V
DC input	12V, XLR-4 male
Scriptlight power output	12V, 0.25A, 3-pin Fischer
DC output	12V, 1.5A, 4-pin Hirose 1.5 Amp.

Table 1-3. LDK 5476 HD Fibre adapter

Item	Value
Power requirements	Fibre powered or 12 Vdc
Operating temperatures	-20 to +45°C (-4 to +113°F)
Storage temperatures	-20 to +60°C (-4 to +140°F)
Weight (approx.)	2.3 kg
Dimensions	220 (L) x 120 (W) x 205 (H) without handgrip
Fibre in/out	Lemo hybrid optical connector (SMPTE 304M)
Fibre attenuation	> 12.5 dB
Fibre cable	Hybrid cable (SMPTE 311M)
	Length 4000m (13,000ft.) max.
Intercom	XLR5 with channels ENG/PROD/PROG
Video (CVBS) out	Optional: 1 Vpp; 75 Ohm; BNC
Video telepromter out	1 Vpp; 75 Ohm; BNC
Monitor (Y)	1 Vpp; 75 Ohm; BNC
Reference in	1 Vpp; 75 Ohm; BNC
Tracker	11 pins Communication / Signalling
Auxilary/ Data	11 pins private data

Table 1-3. LDK 5476 HD Fibre adapter

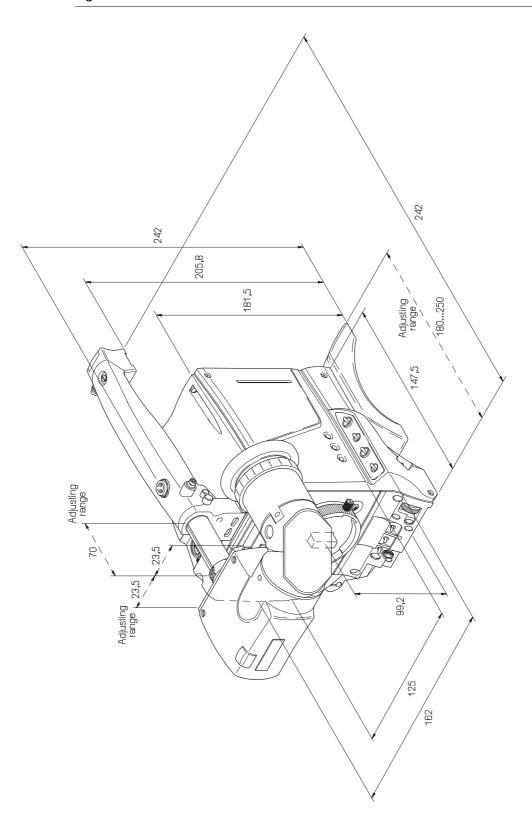
Item	Value
Rear microphone in (2x)	XLR 3, balanced, +48V
DC input	12V, XLR-4 male
Scriptlight power output	12V, 0.25A, 3-pin Fischer
DC output	12V, 1.5A, 4-pin Hirose 1.5 Amp.

Table 1-4. LDK 5490 HD-SDI Adapter

Item	Value
Power requirements	+12 Vdc
Power consumption	12 W
Operating temperatures	-20 to +45°C (-4 to +113°F)
Storage temperatures	-20 to +60°C (-4 to +140°F)
Weight (approx.)	1.5 kg
Dimensions	187 (L) x 125 (W) x 225 (H) without handgrip
HD-SDI Video out (x3)	SMPTE 292M, 0.8 Vpp, 1.5 Gb/s; 75 Ohm; BNC
CVBS out	1 Vpp; 75 Ohm; BNC
Viewfinder (Y) out	1 Vpp; 75 Ohm; BNC
Multicore connector	23+3 pin connector
DC input	12V, XLR-4 male
DC output	12V, 1.5A, 4-pin Hirose 1.5 Amp.
LCP	LCP-100 local control panel;12-pole Hirose.

1.3.1 Dimensions

Figure 1-1. Dimensions



1.4 Accessories

SuperXpander Triax	LDK 4482/00
SuperXpander Fibre	LDK 4488/00
HD/HS Triax Repeater	LDK 4800
2" viewfinder HDTV 50/60Hz	LDK 5302/60
5" viewfinder HDTV	LDK 5305/01
7" viewfinder HDTV High Brightness	LDK 4019/10
7" viewfinder support	LDK 6517
Wide Angle adapter 2" VF	LDK 5390
Sunhood for 5" VF	LDK 6992/02
Raincover camera with 5"VF	LDK 5021/05
Raincover camera with SuperXpander	LDK 6989
Tripod plate	LDK 5031/01
Headset dynamic XLR-5 double muff	LDK 8111/37
Headset dynamic XLR-5 single muff	LDK 8111/51
Scriptboard with light	LDK 6985/21
Transport/flightcase	LDK 5020
Carrying bag	LDK 5020/01
Camera light 20W	LDK 5950/00
AC power supply	LDK 4377/40
Camera (IR) remote control	LDK 5200
Local Control Panel LCP100	LDK 5201
Zoom control for Angenieux lenses	LDK 6113/16
Zoom control for Canon lenses	LDK 6113/26
Zoom control for Fujinon lenses	LDK 6113/36

Chapter 2

Installation

2.1 Packing/unpacking

Inspect the shipping container for evidence of damage immediately after receipt. If the shipping container or cushioning material is damaged, it should be kept until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the units have been checked mechanically and electrically.

The shipping container should be placed upright and opened from the top. Remove the cushioning material and lift out the contents. The contents of the shipment should be checked against the packing list. If the contents are incomplete, if there is mechanical damage or defect, or if the units do not perform correctly when unpacked, notify your Grass Valley Nederland B.V. sales or service centre within eight days. If the shipping container shows signs of damage or stress, notify the carrier as well.

If a unit is being returned to Grass Valley Nederland B.V. for servicing, try to use the containers and materials of the original packaging. Attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number, full serial number and the return number which will be supplied by your Grass Valley Nederland B.V. service centre.

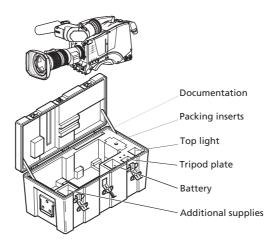
If the original packing can no longer be used, the following general instructions should be used for repacking with commercially available materials:

- 1. Wrap unit in heavy paper or plastic.
- 2. Use strong shipping container.
- 3. Use a layer of shock-absorbing material around all sides of the unit to provide firm cushioning and prevent movement inside container.
- 4. Seal shipping container securely.
- 5. Mark shipping container FRAGILE to ensure careful handling.

2.2 Transport case

It is important to protect your camera against damage when transporting it. To do this, a transport case (LDK 5020/00) is optionally available for the camera, lens, viewfinder and some accessories.

Figure 2-1. Transport case



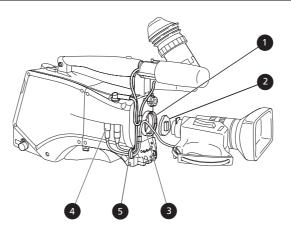
The camera is packed in the transport case as shown in the figure above. This ensures that the camera is not damaged during transport. Turn the 2-inch viewfinder downwards so that it does not protrude above the top of the camera. Several foam packing inserts are provided to enable different configurations of the camera to be packed securely. These inserts are used to support the rear of the camera. Make sure you use the correct foam insert for your particular configuration.

2.3 Mounting a lens

To attach a lens to the camera head proceed as follows:

- 1. Ensure that the lens locking ring (1) is in the unlocked position turned counterclockwise.
- 2. Remove the dust protection cap (2).
- 3. Slot the lens into the lens mount (3).
- 4. Turn the lens locking ring (1) clockwise to lock the lens in place.
- 5. Connect the lens cable to the lens connector (4) at the right side of the camera.
- 6. Place the lens cable into the bottom clip at the front of the camera and clip (5) located at the side. (Pull and twist clip to open it.)

Figure 2-2. Lens mounting





Caution

Do not attach a lens weighing more than 5 kg to the camera without a support.

When a new lens is fitted to the camera it may be necessary to carry out some adjustments to optimize its use, for example, back focus or shading. For more information about these adjustments refer to the lens manufacturer's documentation.



Note

Always mount the dust protection cap when the lens is not connected to the camera.

2.4 2-inch Viewfinder

2.4.1 Mounting viewfinder and microphone holder

To mount the 2-inch viewfinder proceed as follows:

- 1. Loosen locking ring (1) of viewfinder support bracket (2) at the front of the camera handle. (As seen from the rear of the camera, turning the locking ring counterclockwise moves it towards the handle.)
- 2. Slide the viewfinder onto the viewfinder support bracket.
- 3. Tighten the locking ring (1) by turning it clockwise (as seen from rear) so that the viewfinder is mounted securely to the support.
- 4. Connect the viewfinder cable to the viewfinder connector socket (6) at the top right of the camera.
- 5. Slide the microphone holder (4) onto the viewfinder and secure with the knurled screw (5).

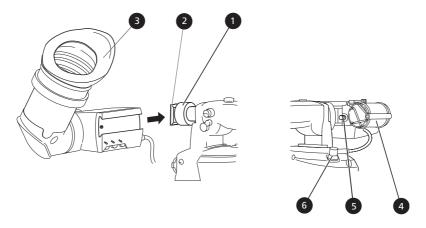


Caution

Always fit the microphone holder as it functions as a safety stop for the viewfinder.

6. To improve the comfort of the skin contact when using the viewfinder, fit the eye piece cover (3) to the rubber eyepiece. Spare eye piece covers (3922 405 00461) are available at your Grass Valley Nederland B.V. representative.

Figure 2-3. Viewfinder mounting



2.4.2 Positioning the viewfinder

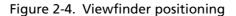
The horizontal position of the viewfinder can be adjusted as follows to suit your requirements:

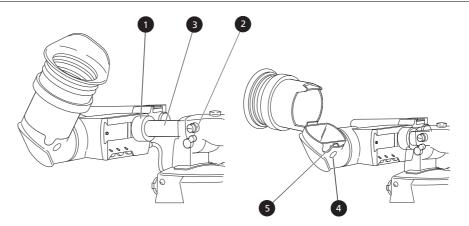
- 1. Loosen the locking ring (1). (As seen from the rear of the camera, turning the locking ring counterclockwise moves it towards the handle.)
- 2. Slide the viewfinder horizontally along the rail to the desired position.
- 3. Tighten the locking ring (1) by turning clockwise.

The dioptre hood and eyepiece of the viewfinder can be rotated vertically.

The viewfinder can be positioned backwards and forwards along the camera axis. Loosen the support bracket round bar retaining lever (2) and slide the round bar (3) forwards or backwards. When the desired position is reached tighten the support bracket round bar retaining lever (2) again.

To use the viewfinder at a distance press the button (4) below or above the eyepiece tube and swing it free of the associated clip (5). The display can now be seen from further away.





2.5 2-inch Viewfinder Accessories

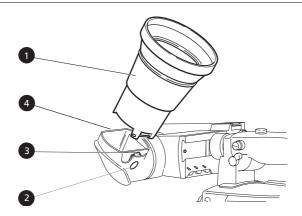
2.5.1 Wide angle eyepiece

If you regularly use the viewfinder at a distance, for example, when you use the camera in the hand-held position, it is recommended that you fit the optionally available wide angle eyepiece (LDK 5390/00).

To fit the wide angle eyepiece proceed as follows:

- 1. Hold the eyepiece (1) securely.
- 2. Press the button (2) below the eyepiece tube and swing it free of the button clip (3).
- 3. Press the button (4) above the eyepiece tube and remove the eyepiece.
- 4. Fit the wide angle eyepiece (1) to the two clips (3) ensuring that they both click into place.

Figure 2-5. Viewfinder wide angle eyepiece

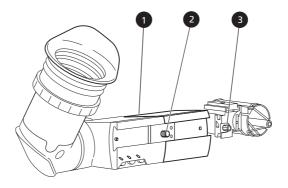


2.5.2 Left eye adapter

A left eye adapter is optionally available (LDK 5390/10) to allow the viewfinder to be used with the left eye.

Before mounting the viewfinder onto the camera, attach the left eye adapter (1) to the viewfinder and secure it using the screw (2). Do not forget to mount the microphone support bracket (3) at the end of the left eye adapter.

Figure 2-6. Viewfinder left eye adapter



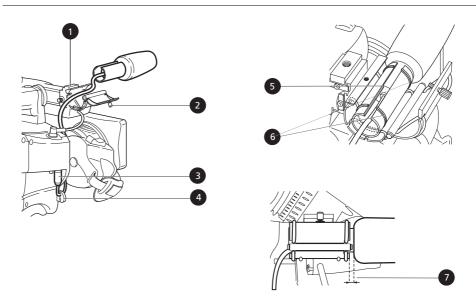
2.6 Mounting a microphone

To attach the optional microphone (AJ MC700) to the camera proceed as follows:

- 1. Open the microphone holder by unscrewing the knurled screw (2) of the microphone support bracket (1) on the viewfinder and open.
- 2. Slide the microphone into the split tube until the microphone shoulder reaches the mark (5) in the tube.
- 3. Place the tube with the microphone into the holder with the split facing upwards. Mount the microphone as straight as possible.
- 4. Ensure that the rubber supports at the back and front of the holder fit into the rims (6) around the tube.
- 5. Close the holder and tighten the knurled screw at the top. Don't allow the wind hood to touch the holder (7) as this reduces the damping effect.
- 6. Connect the microphone cable to the **MIC** audio connector (3) on the right side of the camera. To avoid mechanical pick-up, do not let the microphone cable touch the holder.
- 7. Place the microphone cable into the top clip at the front of the camera and into clip (4) at the side of the camera. (Pull and twist clip to open it.)

Other microphones with a diameter of 21mm can also be used, however, ensure that the sensitivity of the input that match that type of microphone are correctly selected in the camera INSTALL menu. When a longer microphone is used, it is not necessary to place it in the split tube. Phantom power is always present on the front microphone socket.

Figure 2-7. Microphone mounting



2.7 Tripod adapter plate

To mount the camera on a tripod, the tripod plate LDK 5031/10 must first be attached to the tripod. Follow the tripod manufacturer's instructions to mount the wedge plate supplied with the tripod and the tripod adapter plate firmly onto the tripod. Attach the camera to the tripod adapter plate as follows:

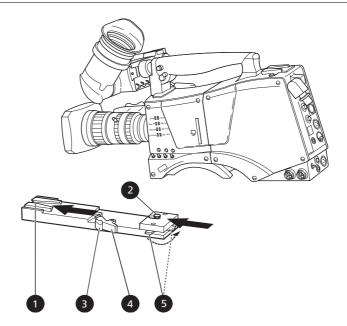
- 1. Slide the camera horizontally along the tripod adapter plate from back to front ensuring that the front of the camera engages the V-slot (1) at the front of the tripod adapter plate, and that the slot on the bottom of the camera engages the stud (2) at the rear of the tripod adapter plate.
- 2. Firmly push the camera forward until it clicks into place.



Note

When the camera is mounted firmly, the locking lever (5) swings around fully to the rear of the plate. If the lever does not travel the full distance, you should manually lock it into place.

Figure 2-8. Tripod adapter plate





Caution

Failure to attach the camera to the tripod adapter plate in the correct manner could result in an unsecured camera. Ensure that the rear stud (2) is engaged and that the camera clicks into place.

Remove the camera from the tripod as follows:

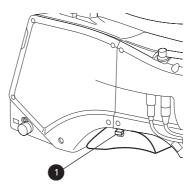
- 1. Open the locking lever (5) to free the rear stud (2).
- 2. Press the red locking lever (3) against release handle (4) on the tripod adapter plate and hold
- 3. Ensure that you have a firm hold of the camera.
- 4. Pull the release handle (4) forward.

Move the camera backwards and up. The camera is now free from the tripod adapter plate.

2.8 Adjusting the shoulder pad

To change the position the shoulder pad press and hold lever (1). The shoulder pad can now be moved backwards and forwards along the axis of the camera. Adjust the shoulder pad when all units have been mounted so that the best balanced position can be obtained.

Figure 2-9. Shoulder pad

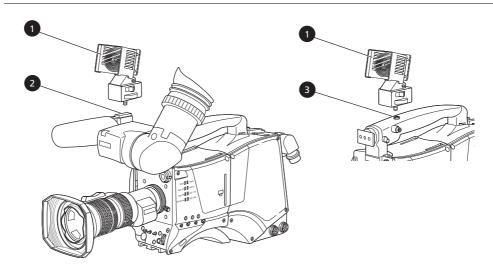


2.9 Mounting a top light

To mount a top light (1) onto the camera, proceed as follows:

- 1. Screw the top light into either the WW1/4" 20 screw hole (2) located on the carrying handle or the screw hole (3) on the top of the microphone holder.
- 2. Power the top light according to the instructions delivered with the light.

Figure 2-10. Top light



2.10 Zoom controls

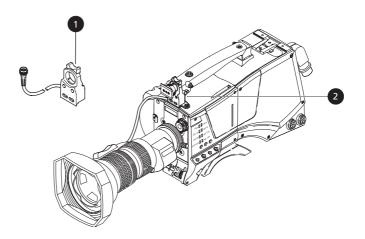
An optional zoom control unit (1) can be mounted on the carrying handle. The three available versions for different types of lens are:

- LDK 6113 / 16 for Fujinon.
- LDK 6113 / 26 for Canon.
- LDK 6113 / 36 for Angenieux.

This control unit not only controls the zoom but also has mini-button controls for the VTR start/stop function and the VTR Ret. function. These are located under the front of the carrying handle (2).

The instructions for mounting the zoom control unit and the function of the controls are supplied with the unit.

Figure 2-11. Zoom controls



2.11 Attaching an adapter

The camera head is a multi-role camera head that can be used with various adapters.



Caution

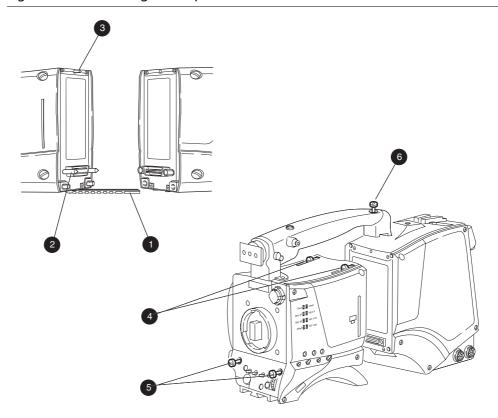
Be extremely careful with the connectors between the camera head and the adapter. Do not allow the guide pins to damage the pins of the connector. Follow these steps in the order given. Tightening or loosening the screws in the wrong order could result in mechanical damage to the camera.

To attach an adapter to the camera proceed as follow:

- 1. Using the rail (1) on the bottom of the camera head as a guide, fit the guide pins (2) on either side of the connector and the guide pin (3) at the top rear of the camera head into the corresponding slots of the adapter.
- 2. First, tighten the two horizontal screws (4) on the top of camera.
- 3. Next, tighten the two horizontal screws (5) at the front of the camera.
- 4. Lastly, tighten the vertical screw (6) in the handle of the camera.

To detach an adapter from the camera head follow the steps for attaching it in the reverse order.

Figure 2-12. Attaching an adapter



Chapter 3

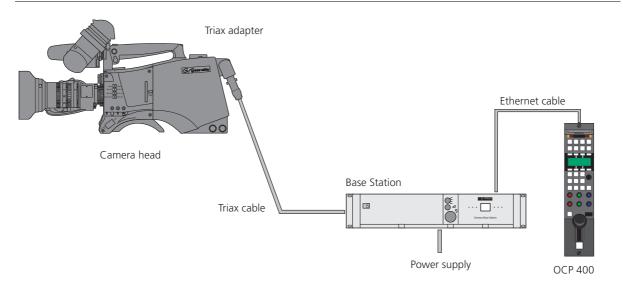
Cabling and connectors

3.1 Configurations

3.1.1 Camera with TriaxHD adapter

A camera head with an LDK 5460 TriaxHD adapter can be connected to an LDK 4502 HD Base Station using a Triax cable. The maximum length of cable that can be used without significant degradation of the video signal is 1000m (3,300 ft.) for a 14mm Triax cable. The power supply is applied to the Base Station and via the Triax cable to the camera. An OCP 400 operational control panel can be connected directly to the Base Station using a cross-over Ethernet cable.

Figure 3-1. HD Camera with TriaxHD adapter



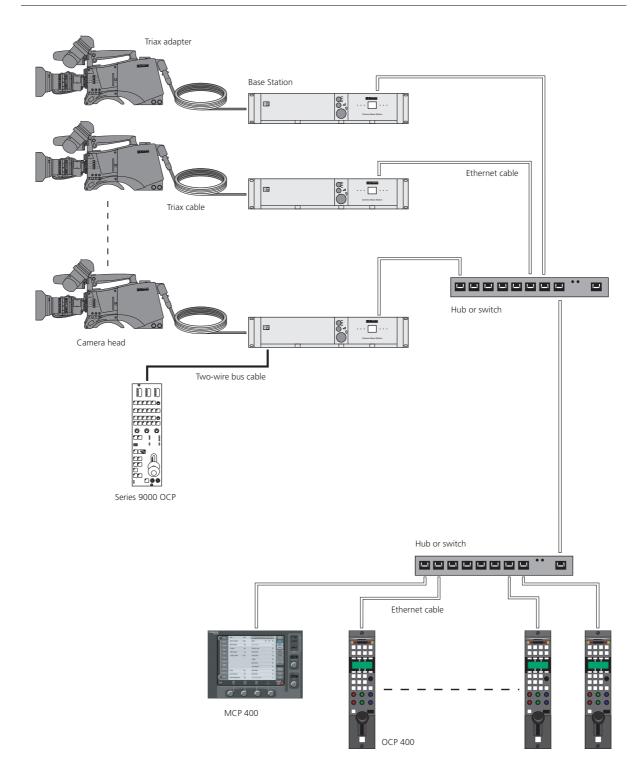
3.1.2 Multiple TriaxHD cameras with C2IP network

Each camera head with an LDK 5460 TriaxHD adapter can be connected to an LDK 4502 HD Base Station using a Triax cable. The maximum length of cable that can be used without significant degradation of the video signal is 1000m (3,300 ft.) for a 14mm Triax cable. The power supply is applied to the Base Station and via the Triax cable to the camera.

The Base Stations are each connected to a network hub or router via an Ethernet cable (straight through, not cross-over). The OCP 400 operational control panels and, if required the MCP 400 Master Control Panel, are also connected to the Ethernet network via a hub or router.

Optionally, a Series 9000 OCP can be connected directly to a Base Station using a two-wire bus cable. In this situation no loop-through is available and the camera number must be set to 1 on both units.

Figure 3-2. Multiple HD cameras with C2IP network control

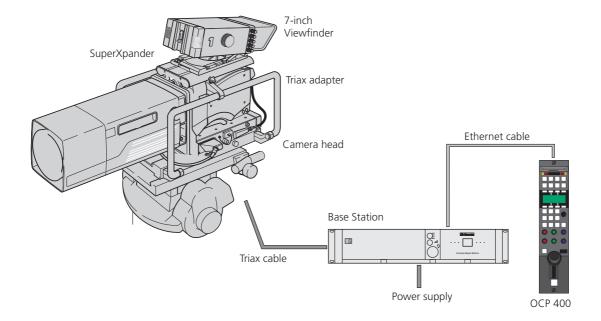


3.1.3 Camera with TriaxHD adapter and SuperXpander

A camera head with an LDK 5460 TriaxHD adapter can be mounted in the LDK 4482 SuperXpander. This enables large box lenses to be used with the camera. The TriaxHD adapter connects to the SuperXpander via a flying lead. A 7-inch HDTV viewfinder LDK 4019 is mounted on the SuperXpander. The power supply for the camera is applied to the SuperXpander.

The SuperXpander is connected to an LDK 4502 HD Base Station using a Triax cable. The maximum length of cable that can be used without significant degradation of the video signal is 1000m (3,300 ft.) for a 14mm Triax cable. The Base Station is powered by a separate mains power supply. An OCP 400 operational control panel can be connected directly to the Base Station using a cross-over Ethernet cable.

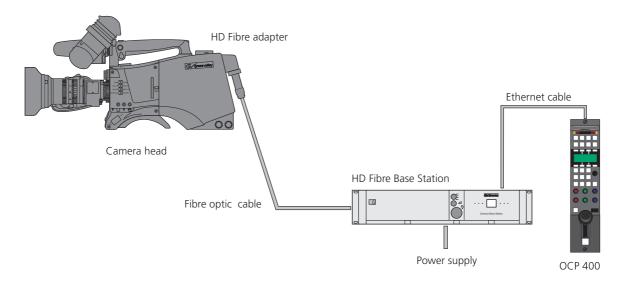
Figure 3-3. Camera with SuperXpander and TriaxHD adapter



3.1.4 Camera with HD Fibre adapter

A camera head with an LDK 5476 HD Fibre adapter can be connected to an LDK 4503 HD Fibre Base Station using a fibre optic cable. The maximum length of cable that can be used without significant degradation of the video signal is 4000m (13,000 ft.). The power supply is applied to the Base Station and via the fibre optic cable to the camera. An OCP 400 operational control panel can be connected directly to the Base Station using a cross-over Ethernet cable.

Figure 3-4. HD camera with HD Fibre adapter



3.1.5 Camera with HD-SDI adapter

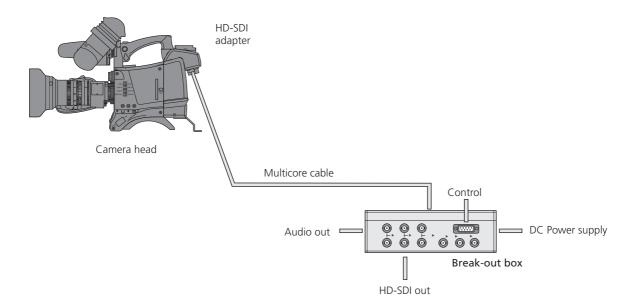
A camera head with an LDK 5490 HD-SDI adapter can be used to provide HD-SDI signals locally. Use a multicore cable and a break-out box (LDK 8275) to extend the range of the camera. The maximum length of the multicore cable that can be used without significant degradation of the video signals is 40m (130 ft.). The power supply is applied to the break-out box and via the multicore cable to the camera. A local control panel (LDK 5201) can be connected to the break-out box to control the camera.

To connect the multicore connector of the camera to the break-out box the following cables are optionally available:

- HD Cable 10m Full function LDK8175/01
- HD Cable 40m Full function LDK8175/04
- HD Cable 10m Standard LDK8175/11
- HD Cable 40m Standard LDK8175/14

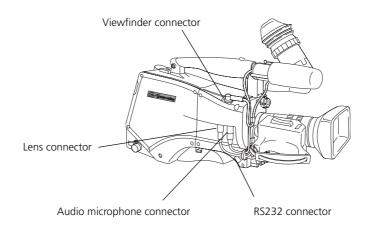
The standard cables are more flexible but the following pins are not connected: 1, 2, 3, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and B (see section 3.5.2 "Multicore connector").

Figure 3-5. HD Camera with HD-SDI adapter



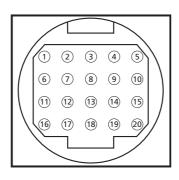
3.2 Camera connectors

Figure 3-6. Camera connector location



3.2.1 Viewfinder connector

Figure 3-7. Camera viewfinder connector



- 1. -80V
- 2. n.c.
- 3. GND
- 4. INTN-D
- 5. vf ext video
- 6. n.c.
- 7. vf video ret
- 8. SDA-D
- 9. SCL-D
- 10. vf ext video ret

- 11. GND
- 12. vf video
- 13. Pb vf ret
- 14. Pr vf ret
- 15. GND
- 16. +batt
- 17. +batt
- 18. Pb vf
- 19. Pr vf
- 20. shield

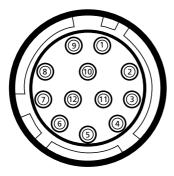
20-pole female; panel view

Panel part number (X14): 5322 214 12544

Cable part number (male): 5322 320 12159

3.2.2 Lens connector

Figure 3-8. Camera lens connector



Hirose 12-pole female; panel view

Panel part number (X15): 5322 265 10389

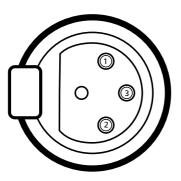
Cable part number (male): 5322 265 41208

- 1. Ext. Video On/Off
- 2. VTR Trigger Switch
- 3. -batt
- 4. Momentary Iris
- 5. IrisControl
- 6. + batt
- 7. Iris Follow

- 8. Lens Servo
- 9. Range Extender
- 10. Zoom Follow
- 11. Focus follow*
- 12. Spare
- * not standard on lens

3.2.3 Audio microphone connector

Figure 3-9. Audio microphone connector



XLR 3-pole female; panel view

Panel part number (X13): 5322 267 40523

- 1. Audio Screen
- 2. Audio In
- 3. Audio Return

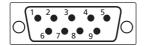
Microphone impedance >200 ohm

Sensitivity range: -70 to -28 dBm

Signal at pin 2 of audio input is in phase with signal at pin 2 of audio output.

3.2.4 RS232 serial connector

Figure 3-10. RS232 serial connector

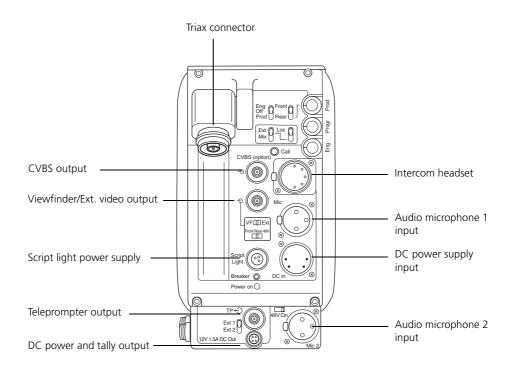


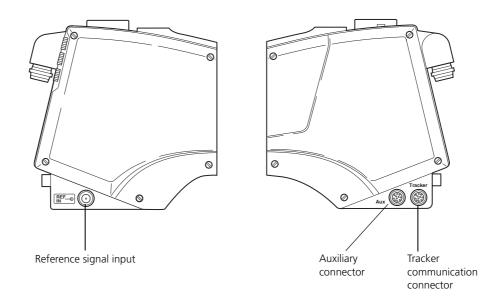
- 1. SPARE
- 6. RS-DSR
- 2. RS-RXD
- 7. RS-RTS
- 3. RS-TXD
- 8. RS-CTS
- 4. RS-DTR
- 9. +12V
- 5. RS-DGND

SubD 9-pin male; panel view (X12)

3.3 TriaxHD adapter connectors

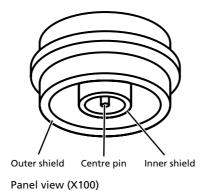
Figure 3-11. TriaxHD adapter connector location





3.3.1 Triax connector

Figure 3-12. Triax connector



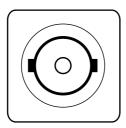
1. Centre pin: Power and signals

2. Inner shield: Return

3. Outer shield: Camera housing GND

3.3.2 CVBS output connector

Figure 3-13. CVBS output connector

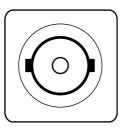


BNC connector: panel view (X105)

This socket provides a 1.0 Vpp CVBS output video signal (monitoring quality).

3.3.3 Viewfinder / External video output connector

Figure 3-14. Viewfinder / External video output connector

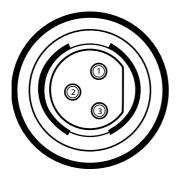


BNC connector: panel view (X106)

This socket provides a 1.0 Vpp VBS output viewfinder signal or the external video signal from the Base Station.

3.3.4 Script light power supply socket

Figure 3-15. Script light power supply output connector

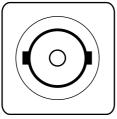


- 1. +12 Vdc (maximum dissipation 3W)
- 2. Power return
- 3. Shield

Fischer 3-pole female: panel view (X102)

3.3.5 Teleprompter video output connector

Figure 3-16. Teleprompter video output connector

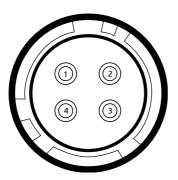


BNC connector: panel view (X112)

This socket supplies the 1Vpp teleprompter signal applied to the Base Station.

3.3.6 DC power and tally output socket

Figure 3-17. DC power and tally output connector



Hirose 4-pole female: panel view (X110)

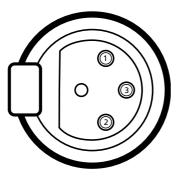
- 1. Ground
- 2. On air
- 3. No connection
- 4. +12 Vdc (max. 18W)

Shield of cable directly to the connector housing.

The socket provides access to an internal tally switch. When the camera is on-air, the contact of the internal relay is closed.

3.3.7 Audio microphone 2 connector

Figure 3-18. Audio microphone 2 connector



XLR 3-pole female; panel view (X107)

- 1. Audio Screen
- 2. Audio In
- 3. Audio Return

Microphone impedance >200 ohm

Sensitivity range: -64 to -24 dBu

Signal at pin 2 of audio input is in phase with signal at pin 2 of audio output.

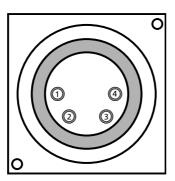
3.3.8 DC power input socket



Caution

The input voltage must not exceed +17 Vdc.

Figure 3-19. DC power input connector



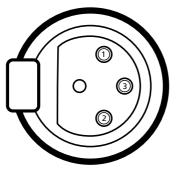
XLR 4-pin male: panel view (X101)

- 1. Ground
- 2. No connection
- 3. No connection
- 4. +10.5 Vdc . . . +17 Vdc

This socket accepts a DC voltage of 12V nominal. Maximum power consumption 23W.

3.3.9 Audio microphone 1 connector

Figure 3-20. Audio microphone 1 connector



XLR 3-pole female; panel view (X107)

- 1. Audio Screen
- 2. Audio In
- 3. Audio Return

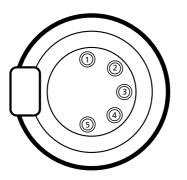
Microphone impedance >200 ohm

Sensitivity range: -64 to -24 dBu

Signal at pin 2 of audio input is in phase with signal at pin 2 of audio output.

3.3.10 Intercom headset connector

Figure 3-21. XLR intercom headset connector



XLR 5-pole female; panel view (X104)

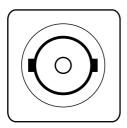
- 1. Microphone return
- 2. Microphone
- 3. Telephone return
- 4. Telephone left
- 5. Telephone right

Microphone level: -64 dBu / -24 dBu switchable Microphone impedance: >600 Ohm

Telephone level: +6 dBu nominal Telephone output impedance: <50 Ohm

3.3.11 Reference input connector

Figure 3-22. Reference input connector

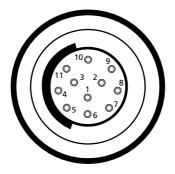


BNC connector: panel view (X111)

This connector is used to supply a 0.6 Vpp HD tri-level reference signal to the camera for genlocking (local mode only).

3.3.12 Tracker communications connector

Figure 3-23. Tracker communications connector



- 1. On-air signal return
- 2. Tracker microphone return
- 3. Tracker microphone input
- 4. Production tracker
- 5. Sidetone/engineering tracker
- 6. Intercom return
- 7. Program sound tracker
- 8. Cameraman microphone
- 9. Tally control tracker (Cmos level, R out = 1k)
- 10. +12V; I max. = 100mA
- 11. +12V return

Microphone level: -58dBu/-20dBu switchable Microphone impedance: 200 ohm

Telephone level: + 6dBu

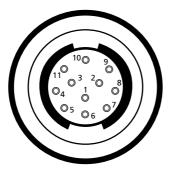
Telephone output impedance: <10 ohm

Fischer 11-pole female; panel view

Panel part number (X108): 3922 040 02463

3.3.13 Auxiliary connector

Figure 3-24. Auxiliary connector



- 1. +5VL
- 2. 0VL
- 3. AN0
- 4. AN1
- 5. Spare
- 6. On-air n.c.
- 7. Private Data Camera Base Station
- 8. Ground
- 9. Private Data Base Station Camera
- 10. Ground
- 11. Shield

Private data input signals: 0 <0.8 Volt; 1 >2.4 Volt max. level: +/-12 Volt

input impedance: >100 kOhm

baud rate: 2400 bits/s nom; 4800 bits/s max.

Private data output signals: C-MOS levels 5V

output impedance: <1 kOhm.

Fischer 11-pole female; panel view

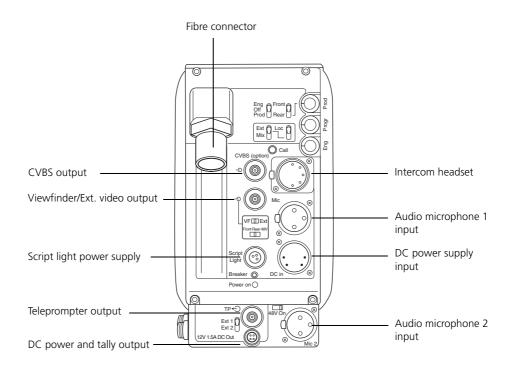
Analogue outputs (AN0 and AN1) output level: 0 - 5 Volt

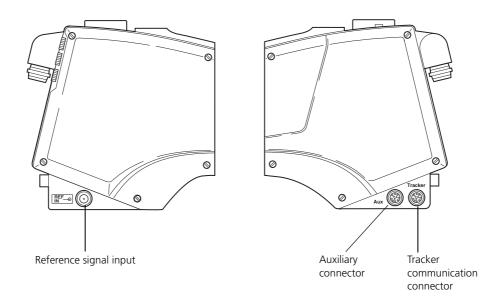
output impedance: 100 Ohm

Panel part number (X109): 3922 040 02512

3.4 HD Fibre adapter connectors

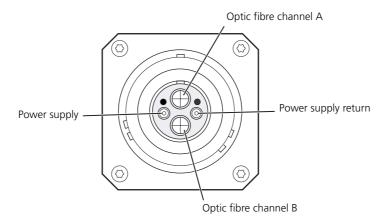
Figure 3-25. LDK 5476 HD Fibre adapter connector location





3.4.1 Fibre connector

Figure 3-26. Fibre connector



Lemo hybrid optical connector (SMPTE 304M): panel view (X100)

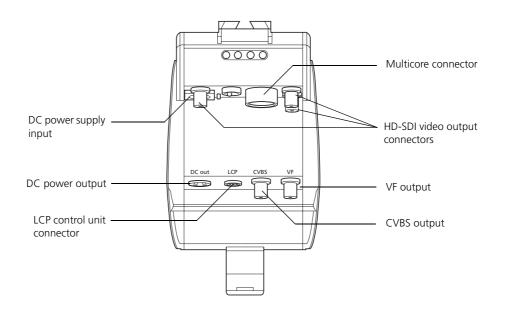


Note

All other connectors on the HD Fibre adapter are the same as those on the HDTriax adapter. Refer to the previous pages for detailed information.

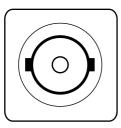
3.5 HD-SDI adapter connectors

Figure 3-27. HD-SDI adapter connector location



3.5.1 HD-SDI video output connectors

Figure 3-28. HD-SDI video output connectors

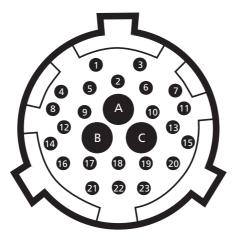


BNC connector: panel view (X2, X3, X4)

These BNC connectors each supply a HD-SDI video output (Y/Cr/Cb 4:2:2).

3.5.2 Multicore connector

Figure 3-29. Multicore connector



23+3-pin male; panel view

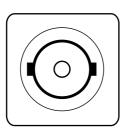
Panel part number: (X6) 3922 040 03231

This multicore connector provides the HD-SDI video outputs, control signals and the camera microphone signal. DC power can also be supplied to the camera via this connector. The connector accepts a playback video signal for display in the viewfinder. The start/stop control signal for an external recorder is also passed via this connector.

- 1. Audio X
- 2. Audio Shield
- 3. Audio Y
- 4. Tally in (active >3V; imped. 10KOhm)
- 5. -Batt
- 6. +Batt
- 7. Record out (stop < 0.2V; start >4.5V; imped. 1KOhm)
- 8. -Batt sense
- 9. -Batt
- 10. +Batt
- 11. +Batt sense
- 12. -Batt
- 13. +Batt
- 14. TXD
- 15. RXD
- 16. TXD ret
- 17. Playback in
- 18. CVBS
- 19. Gen Lock in (HD tri-level sync. 0.6Vpp, 75 Ohm)
- 20. RXD ret
- 21. Playback ret
- 22. CVBS ret
- 23. Gen Lock in ret
- 24. A HD-SDI video output
- 25. B HD-SDI video output
- 26. C HD-SDI video output

3.5.3 CVBS output connector

Figure 3-30. CVBS output connector

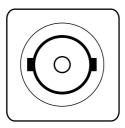


BNC connector: panel view (X11)

This socket provides a 1.0 Vpp CVBS analogue output video signal for monitoring.

3.5.4 Viewfinder signal output connector

Figure 3-31. Viewfinder signaloutput connector

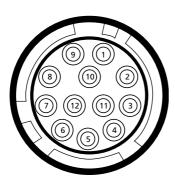


BNC connector: panel view (X12)

This BNC socket provides a 1.0 Vpp analog output video signal of the viewfinder signal.Markers and menus similar to those in the viewfinder can be superimposed on this signal.

3.5.5 LCP connector

Figure 3-32. LCP connector



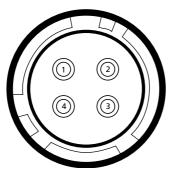
Hirose 12-pin male connector: Panel view (X5)

This connector is used to connect an LCP control panel (LDK 5201) to the camera.

- 1
- 2. RS-232 RXD
- 3. RS-232 TXD
- 4.
- 5. ground
- 6. ·
- 7. ·
- 9. +Batt
- 10. -
- 11. -
- 12. Housing

3.5.6 DC power output socket

Figure 3-33. DC power and tally output connector



Hirose 4-pole female: panel view (X3)

- 1. Ground
- 2. On air
- 3. No connection
- 4. +12 Vdc (max. 18W)

Shield of cable directly to the connector housing.

The socket provides access to an internal tally switch. When the camera is on-air, the contact of the internal relay is closed.

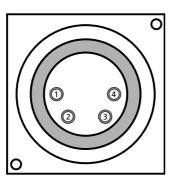
3.5.7 DC power input socket



Caution

The input voltage must not exceed +17 Vdc.

Figure 3-34. DC power input connector



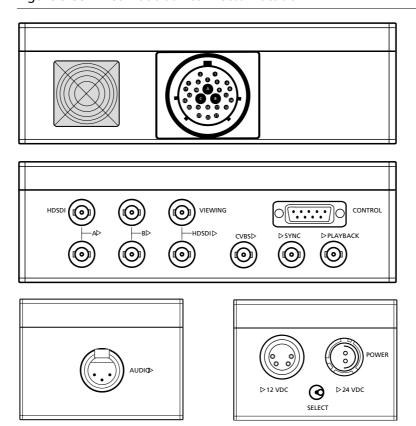
XLR 4-pin male: panel view (X7)

- 1. Ground
- 2. -Batt sense
- 3. +Batt sense
- 4. +10.5 Vdc . . . +17 Vdc

This socket accepts a DC voltage of 12V nominal. Maximum power consumption 23W.

3.6 Break-out box (LDK 8275) connectors

Figure 3-35. Break-out box connector location



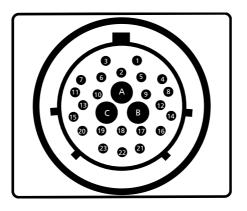
B

Note

Terminate *all* unused HD-SDI output BNC connectors using the 75-Ohm terminator plugs supplied.

3.6.1 Multicore connector

Figure 3-36. Multicore connector



23+3-pin female; panel view

Panel part number: (X1) 3922 040 03241

- 1. Audio X
- 2. Audio Shield
- 3. Audio Y
- 4. Tally in (active >3V; imped. 10KOhm)
- 5. -Batt
- 6. +Batt
- 7. Record out (stop < 0.2V; start >4.5V; imped. 1KOhm)
- 8. -Batt sense
- 9. -Batt
- 10. +Batt
- 11. +Batt sense
- 12. -Batt
- 13. +Batt
- 14. TXD
- 15. RXD
- 16. TXD ret
- 17. Playback in
- 18. CVBS
- 19. Gen Lock in (HD tri-level sync. 0.6Vpp, 75 Ohm)
- 20. RXD ret
- 21. Playback ret
- 22. CVBS ret
- 23. Gen Lock in ret
- 24. A HD-SDI video
- 25. B HD-SDI video
- 26. C HD-SDI video

3.6.2 HD-SDI video output connectors

Figure 3-37. HD-SDI video output connectors

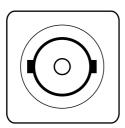


BNC connector: panel view

These six looped-through BNC connectors each supply a HD-SDI video output (Y/Cr/Cb 4:2:2).

3.6.3 CVBS output connector

Figure 3-38. CVBS output connector

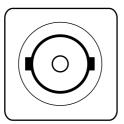


BNC connector: panel view

This BNC socket provides a 1.0 Vpp CVBS analogue output video signal for monitoring.

3.6.4 Sync. input connector

Figure 3-39. Sync. signal input connector

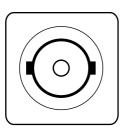


BNC connector: panel view

Apply a HD tri-level sync. 0.6Vpp, 75 Ohm genlock signal to this BNC socket to synchronise the camera.

3.6.5 Playback input connector

Figure 3-40. Playback signal input connector

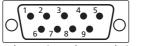


BNC connector: panel view

Apply a 1Vpp, 75 Ohm video signal to this BNC socket for viewing in the camera viewfinder.

3.6.6 Control connector

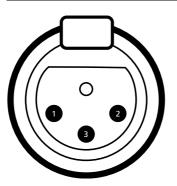
Figure 3-41. Control connector



- SubD 9-pin male; panel view
- 1. Tally in (active > 3V; 10KOhm)
- 2. RS-RXD
- 3. RS-TXD
- 4.
- 5. RS-DGND
- 6. VTR start/stop (stop < 0.2V; start > 4.5V; 10KOhm)
- 7. -
- 8. -
- 9. +12Vdc

3.6.7 Audio out connector

Figure 3-42. Audio out connector



XLR 3-pin male; panel view

- 1. Audio Screen
- 2. Audio Out
- 3. Audio Return

Sensitivity range: -64 dBu to -22 dBu

Signal at pin 2 of audio output is in phase with signal at pin 2 of audio input.

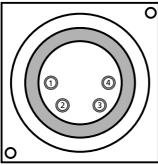
3.6.8 12 Vdc power input socket



Caution

The input voltage must not exceed +17 Vdc.

Figure 3-43. 12 Vdc power input connector



XLR 4-pin male: panel view

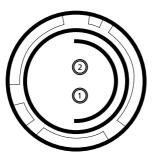
- 1. Ground
- 2. -Batt sense
- 3. +Batt sense
- 4. +10.5 Vdc . . . +17 Vdc (this socket accepts a DC voltage of 12V nominal)

Use the SELECT switch to choose this input.

If the DC output connector of the camera draws 18W or more and a 40m cable or longer is used, the the power supplied to this socket will not be enought to power the system. Power the camera locally to use cables lengths greater than 40m.

3.6.9 24 Vdc power input socket

Figure 3-44. 24 Vdc power input connector



Fischer 2-pin male: panel view

Cable connector: 2-pole female Fischer part number WS105Z087/7.2

- 1. Ground
- 2. +17 Vdc . . . +30 Vdc

Use the SELECT switch to choose this input.

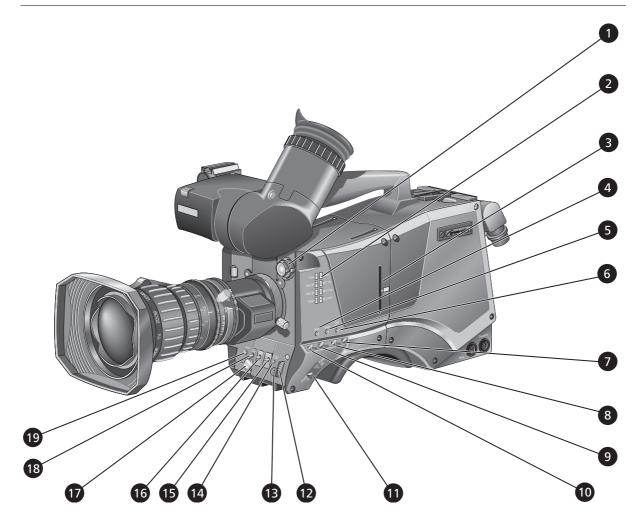
If the DC output connector of the camera draws 18W or more and a 50m cable or longer is used, the the power supplied to this socket will not be enought to power the system. Power the camera locally to use cables lengths greater than 50m.

Chapter 4

Operating instructions

4.1 Camera head controls

Figure 4-1. Camera head controls

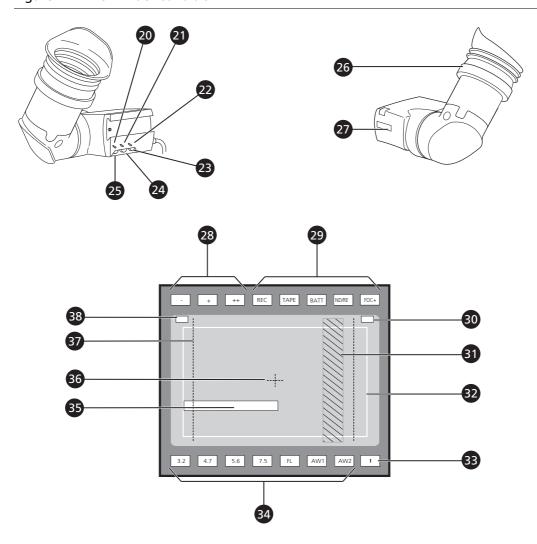


- 1. Filter wheel switches
- 2. Filter wheel indicators
- 3. Camera card slot
- 4. VTR save
- 5. Extended iris
- 6. Standard scene file button (Std.)
- 7. Black stretch switch
- 8. Colour temp. switch (White bal.)
- 9. Colour bars switch (Bars)
- 10. Gain selection switch

- 11. Power On/Off switch
- 12. Menu rotary control
- 13. Menu select switch
- 14. Clean Scan button
- 15. White balance switch
- 16. Exposure time switch
- 17. Volume control (Audio Level)
- 18. Vertical shift switch (V-Shift)
- 19. VTR Start (assignable button)

4.2 Viewfinder controls

Figure 4-2. Viewfinder controls



- 20. Tally switch
- 21. Zebra switch
- 22. Not used
- 23. Brightness control
- 24. Contrast control
- 25. Crispening control
- 26. Dioptre
- 27. Tally indicators (red)
- 28. Gain indicators
- 29. Top indicators

- 30. Iris indication
- 31. Zebra pattern
- 32. Safe area marker
- 33. Non-standard indicator
- 34. Colour temperature indicators
- 35. Message box
- 36. Centre marker
- 37. Cadre marker
- 38. Zoom indication

4.2.1 Assigning functions to buttons

The camera has two assignable buttons, one on the front panel, and one on the lens. The operation of the zoom control button can also be assigned. These buttons can be assigned the following functions:

Table 4-1. Button Assignments

Switch	Assignment			
VTR lens	Intercom (default)			
	Switch on external signal 1			
	Switch on external signal 2			
	Zoom			
VTR camera	Intercom (default)			
	Switch on external signal 1			
	Switch on external signal 2			
	Zoom			
Zoom switch	Momentary			
	Alternating (latched)			

The function and behaviour (momentary or alternating) of these buttons are set in the INSTALL menu.

Using the camera 4.3

Attach lens, viewfinder, microphone and any other accessories to the camera. Attach the triax cable or supply the adapter with power.

Switching on the power 4.3.1

Triax adapter

- 1. On the Base Station set the master power switch to the ON position. The green power light lights.
- 2. Set the **Power switch** (11) of the camera to the **ON** position.



Note

The BATT indicator in the viewfinder lights if the camera supply voltage is less than 11V.

3. Allow a few moments for the camera to perform a self-test and for the system to establish communications.

4.3.2 Controlling the camera

There are several ways of controlling the camera:

- Using an OCP connected to the Base Station.
- Using the switches on the camera itself.
- Using the menu system to select functions.

The following paragraphs describe using the switches on the camera and the menu system.



If you cannot access some camera functions or you wish to restrict access, refer to the paragraph Access and Security on page 4-24.

4.4 System Menu

The camera is operated via the viewfinder text display and the control system menu switches. The systems menu is viewed in the viewfinder and navigated by means of the **Rotary control** (12) and the **Select button** (13) which are both located at the front of the camera.

The functions of the camera are grouped into menus and sub-menus. There are eight different menus that are listed in the main menu as follows:



Each of these menus gives you access to a particular group of functions. Spend some time using the controls and menus to discover the various functions. You will quickly learn to operate the camera intuitively .



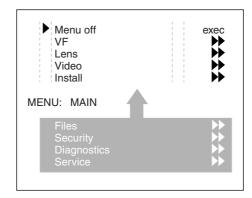
Note

Some of the menu items may not appear if the user level is not set to 3.

4.4.1 Entering the System menu

Press the **Select** button (13) after the camera is switched on, the message Menu off appears in the viewfinder. Press the **Select** button again while this text is showing, the MAIN menu appears in the viewfinder.

Figure 4-3. Main menu



The MAIN menu screen shows five items. The name of the menu is shown below these. Four more items are hidden but become visible when you scroll down using the **Rotary control** (12). A cursor shows your position in the menu. The **Rotary control** moves the cursor up and down.

4.4.2 Finding your way

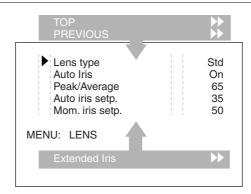
Use the **Rotary control** (12) to move the cursor through the menu items. If a double arrow (>>) is visible, then pressing the **Select button** (13) brings you one level lower in the menu system. Only five items are visible in each menu. Scroll up or down to see any additional items. When you first enter a menu (other than the MAIN menu) the cursor is positioned next to the first item.

The TOP and PREVIOUS entries are not immediately visible but are located above the first item. Use the **Rotary control** to scroll up to them.

- Select TOP to bring you back to the MAIN menu.
- Select PREVIOUS to go back to the menu that you were in before the current one.

The LENS menu, for example, shows the items displayed when you first enter the menu. The other items are available by scrolling up or down with the **Rotary control**.

Figure 4-4. Lens menu



4.4.3 Leaving the System Menu

If you are deep within the menu structure, the recommended way of leaving the System menu is:

- 1. If necessary move the cursor to the left column with the **Select button** (13).
- 2. Scroll upwards with the **Rotary control** (12) until the cursor points to TOP (this is the MAIN menu).
- 3. Press the **Select button**. The cursor now points to the MENU OFF item of the MAIN menu.
- 4. Press the **Select button** to leave the System menu.

If you do not use the menu it disappears after a few seconds. (This delay can be programmed in the VF menu.) However, when you press the **Select button** again you enter the System menu at the last position of the cursor and not at the top of MAIN menu. To prevent confusion the next time you enter the System menu, it is advisable to leave the menu by returning to the MAIN menu (TOP) and selecting MENU OFF.

4.4.4 Making changes

To find out where you have to go to change a function, consult the appendix to discover under which menu group or sub-group the function you want to change is located. If the cursor points to an item (and there are no double arrows to indicate a sub-menu) then the item pointed to has a value. The value can be:

- a toggle value (only two values)
- a list value (more than two values)
- an analogue value (variable from 00 to 99)
- unavailable (---).

If the value is unavailable it cannot be changed. This is indicated by three dashes (---). This can occur, for example, when a function is switched off. The analogue values associated with that function are then unavailable.

If there are only two values associated with the function, then pressing the **Select button** (13) toggles between these two values. If a value is displayed next to a function that is one of several possible values, then pressing the **Select button** places the cursor in a list menu indicating the value currently selected. Use the **Rotary control** (12) to point to a new value. Press the **Select button** to return the cursor to the function list.

If an analogue value is displayed next to a function name, then pressing the **Select button** places the cursor in front of the value and the **Rotary control** is used to change the analogue value. Press the **Select button** to return the cursor to the function list.

4.4.5 Undoing changes

If you make changes to the video settings in the Systems menu and you decide not to keep them, use the **Std. button** (6) at the side of the camera to recall a standard set of values for the video parameters.

4.5 Video acquisition modes

In the INSTALL menu choose the video mode you wish to use for acquisition. The table below shows the output signals available for each mode.

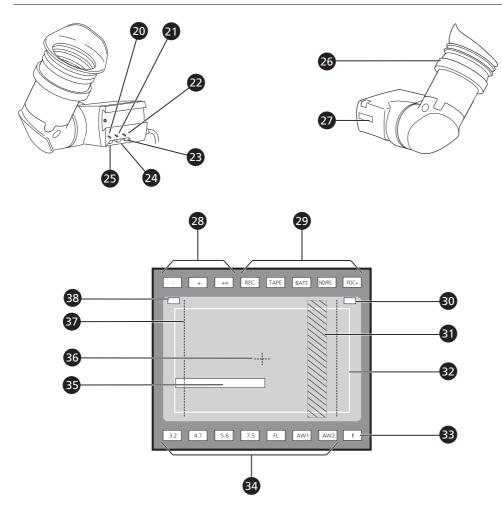
Table 4-2. Video acquisition modes for the two camera versions

Acquisition format	HDTV output	SDTV output	Camera version	Viewfinder indication
1080i at 59.94 Hz	1080i59.94	525i59.94 (NTSC)	1080i	1080i59
1080i at 50 Hz	1080i50	626i50 (PAL)	1080i	1080i50
or				
720p at 59.94 Hz	720p59.94	525i59.94 (NTSC)	720p	720p59
720p at 50 Hz	720p50	626i50 (PAL)	720p	720p50

4.6 Viewfinder preferences

Set up the viewfinder according to your own preferences; adjust viewing parameters, select markers, message boxes and on-screen display times in the VF menu.

Figure 4-5. Viewfinder controls and indicators



4.6.1 Viewfinder picture quality

Adjust the **Brightness** (23) and **Contrast** (24) controls according to your preferences. If you wish, use the **Crispening (peaking) control** (25) to adjust the sharpness of the viewfinder picture (reduce the crispening when the gain is set to +++).

The dioptre of the viewfinder can be adjusted to suit your eyesight by turning the **Dioptre ring** (26). The range of the dioptre is +1 to -3.

4.6.2 Video level indication

Switch on the zebra function so that you are alerted in the viewfinder by a **Zebra pattern** (31) in areas where high video levels occur. This diagonal line pattern warns you that the area affected has risen above a predetermined level of the full scale video

exposure value. Go to the VF menu to set the video levels at which the zebra function works.

4.6.3 Tally indicators

The red **Tally indicators** (27) at the front of the viewfinder and at the rear of the carrying handle light to indicate that the camera is on-air.

The Tally switch (20) is used to control the Tally indicator at the front of the viewfinder. When this switch is set to the OFF position, the Tally indicator does not light when the camera is on-air. The Tally switch does not control the tally indicator at the rear of the carrying handle.

When the camera is on-air, the **REC indicator** (29) in the viewfinder lights. When the studio ISO signal is received, the **TAPE indicator** (29) lights.

4.6.4 Viewfinder markers

Go to the VF menu to select the markers you wish to see in the viewfinder. The following markers can be set up:

- The **Safe area marker** (32) indicates an area that represents 80% of the whole viewfinder picture area. This is the minimum area seen on a TV-set.
- The Message box (35) displays information messages. The length of time this box remains on the screen is set by the Info time item of the VF menu.
- The Centre marker cross (36) marks the centre of the picture.
- The Cadre marker (37) is a dotted white line or a shaded area that shows the limits of a 4:3 (15:9 or 14:9) picture. Exterior marker shading can also be selected.

4.6.5 Focussing

A focus assist function can be switched on or off in the VF menu. This function adds motion in the viewfinder to objects in sharp focus. The **FOC+ indicator** (29) in the viewfinder lights when this function is on.

The viewfinder zoom function is another feature that helps you focus. This function enlarges the centre of the viewfinder image. Choose a button to control this function in the INSTALL menu:

- The VTR button on the camera,
- The VTR button on the lens,
- The RET switch on a zoom control when a large lens adapter is used.

You can also choose the way the button operates (momentary or toggle).

When the viewfinder zoom function is in use, many of the viewfinder markers are switched off to improve the clarity of the display. The **FOC+ indicator** (29) in the viewfinder flashes when the viewfinder zoom function is active.

4.7 Lens preferences

When you fit a lens to the camera you may need to adjust the back focus. Refer to the lens manufacturer's instructions to find out how to do this. The LENS menu allows you to choose and, if necessary, adjust parameters to suit your lens type and your personal preferences.

4.7.1 Lens type

In the LENS menu select the lens type from two predefined settings; standard (**Std**) or wide angle (**WA**). This gives you the optimum shading settings for either a standard or wide angle lens. The lens manufacturer is also selected in this menu.

4.7.2 Auto iris

If required switch on the auto iris function in the LENS menu. You can also select the parameters associated with the auto and the momentary iris in this menu.

4.7.3 Extended Iris

The extended iris function automatically regulates the video signal level by adjusting the iris opening, the gain level and the exposure time to suit the ambient lighting conditions.

To switch on the extended iris function use the **Extended iris button** (5) at the left-front side of the camera. When this button is pressed once, the current value of the automatic extended iris function is displayed. Press the button twice in quick succession to switch between on and off.

When extended iris is on, the **Non-standard indicator** (33) in the viewfinder lights, and gain and exposure controls are blocked. The parameters for the extended iris function are set in the LENS menu.

4.7.4 Lens indicators

The **ND/RE indicator** (29) in the viewfinder lights when a lens range extender is selected.

The **Iris indication** (30) in the viewfinder shows the value of the iris opening (when enabled in the VF menu).

The **Zoom indicator** (38) in the viewfinder shows the degree to which the lens has been zoomed in or out if this feature is supported by the lens. It shows 50 if not supported.

4.8 Video preferences

The means used to control the camera depends on your work methods. A remote OCP can be used and a low user level can be selected to restrict the available camera functions. Alternatively, video functions can be controlled on the camera itself. The following functions are available on the camera:

- Standard settings
- Test signal
- Gain selection
- Optical filter selection
- Colour temperature
- Auto-white balance
- Exposure time
- Black stretch
- Auto skin contour

Many other video functions such as contour, black, gain, knee, gamma, matrix and white limit functions are available in the VIDEO menu.

4.8.1 Standard settings

To ensure that some of the camera functions are not set to unusual values, a standard file has been defined that contains the default values for most video functions. The table in the Appendix lists the values that are set when the standard file is recalled.

To recall the standard values for the various video functions, press the green **STD button** (6) on the left-front side of the camera and hold it for two seconds. The standard values only take effect when the camera is not on-air.

The standard file can be selected as either a factory or a customer standard file. Changing the standard file can only be done in the System security menu if the owner card or the PIN code is used.

The **Non-standard indicator** (33) lights when the video settings are not set to their standard value, for example, when exposure is not set to nominal. It also lights when black stretch or extended iris is on and if AWC or FL is selected with the colour temperature selector.

4.8.2 Test signal

The left-front side panel of the camera has a **Colour bar switch** (9) for switching on a colour bar test signal. The colour bar is the standard test signal that is used to set up and check the camera before use. When the colour bar is selected the following functions are temporarily set to **Off**:

- Black stretch
- White limiter
- Zebra
- Safe area (VF)
- Cadre (VF)

The lens iris closes automatically when the colour bars are switched on.

4.8.3 Gain selection

Depending on the available light levels it may be necessary to adjust the gain of the camera. The gain is selected via the **Gain switch** (10) on the left-front side of the camera. When this switch is pressed initially, the current value of the gain in dB is displayed in the viewfinder.

Holding the switch in the up or down position for a very short period selects one of the five master gain settings: -, 0, +, ++ and +++. The actual value of the gain in dB is assigned to these symbols in the INSTALL menu. The **Gain indicators** (28) in the viewfinder light to indicate the value selected. (The + and ++ indicators light when the gain is ++++.)

Table	4-3.	Gain	va	lues

Symbol		Gain
-	can be set to	-6dB or -3dB
0	is always	OdB
+	can be set to	3, 6, 9dB
++	can be set to	6, 9, 12dB
+++	can be set to	12 or 15dB

The gain switch can also be used to vary the gain continuously between its minimum and maximum value. Hold the switch continuously in the up or down position until you see the value in the viewfinder change in steps of 0.1dB. Release the switch when you reach the value you want. Using the switch momentarily again sets the gain to the nearest standard value.

4.8.4 Optical filter selection

A neutral density filter and a special effect filter can be placed in the path of the optical signal to modify the incoming light. The filters are selected via the **Filter switches** (1)

at the top-front of the camera. These filters can be used, for example, to control depth of field or exposure levels.

The camera does not need colour optical filters to be able to white balance correctly. The range of the auto-white balance is so wide (from 2.5K to 20K) that there is never any need to use colour filters to obtain the correct white. Rotate the switches to move the optical filter wheels.

The outer (bigger) filter switch has four positions:

Table 4-4. Filter wheel 1 values

Position	Filter
1	Clear
2	ND 1/4 filter (2 stops)
3	ND 1/16 filter (4 stops)
4	ND 1/64 filter (6 stops)

The inner (smaller) filter switch also has four positions:

Table 4-5. Filter wheel 2 values

Position	Filter
1	Clear
2	4-point star
3	6-point star
4	Soft focus

The status of the filter wheels is displayed in the viewfinder for a few seconds. The **ND/ RE indicator** (29) in the viewfinder lights when an ND (Neutral Density) filter is selected.

4.8.5 Colour temperature selection

For true colour reproduction the ambient lighting conditions must be compensated for by selecting a value for the colour temperature. The standard file setting is 3200K (normally used for tungsten light). Two other reference colour temperatures are available; 5600K (for outdoors, clouded conditions) and 7500K (for outdoors, clear blue skies).

The memory positions (FL, FL50, FL60, AW1 and AW2) are available to store the results of the auto-white measurement process. The memory positions are filled with measured values using the automatic white balance switch at the front. The FL positions are recommended for shooting with fluorescent light.

A continuous automatic white balance position (AWC) is also available. This function continuously measures the white balance and adjusts accordingly. It can be used when

a constant colour balance is required under changing lighting temperatures (sunsets, indoors/outdoors use).

In the auto-white positions an electronic colour filter can be adjusted in the VIDEO menu. This varies the colour balance to obtain warmer or colder colour effects. When an automatic white balance process is performed, the electronic colour filter is reset to its default value.

Selecting the colour temperature

The up/down Colour temperature (White bal.) switch (8) on the left-front side of the camera allows a choice between:

Three preset colour temperatures:

- 3200K (3.2K) for studio lighting conditions
- 5600K (5.6K) for outdoors, clouded conditions
- 7500K (7.5K) for outdoors, clear blue skies

The memory positions:

- FL- memory position for fluorescent light
- FL50- memory position for 50Hz fluorescent light
- FL60- memory position for 60Hz fluorescent light
- AW1 memory position 1
- AW2 memory position 2

An automatic continuous white position:

• AWC - continuous measurement (2.5K to 20K)

When the switch is first pressed, the viewfinder displays the current value. A new value is chosen by scrolling up or down through the available values. The **Colour temperature indicators** (34) in the viewfinder light to show which position is selected. None of these indicators light when AWC is selected, but the **Non-standard indicator** (33) lights.

The viewfinder also displays the actual value of a measured colour temperature. The range of the auto-white balance is from 2.5K to 20K.

Auto-white balance

If the reference colour temperatures do not match your lighting conditions carry out the auto-white procedure as follows:

- 1. Use the **Colour temperature switch** (8) to select one of the memory positions FL, AW1 or AW2 in which to store the measured colour temperature value.
- 2. Press once on the **White balance switch** (15) at the front of the camera to start the automatic white balance procedure. The following appears in the viewfinder:



- 3. Point the camera so that the reference white surface is between the two small white boxes.
- 4. Press the White balance switch (15) again to start the measurement procedure. A message indicating that the process is running appears.



5. When the process is completed (within a few seconds) the **OK** message and the measured temperature appear in the viewfinder.



The measured colour temperature is now stored in the selected memory position and can be recalled as required.



Note

During the auto-white measurement process iris is set to Auto and 90% and the knee is turned off.

Black balance is not necessary with this camera because of the continuous automatic black control circuits.

4.8.6 Exposure time

The exposure time values of 1/200, 1/500 and 1/1000 of a second are used to capture fast moving objects so that these can be played back sharply in slow motion. The value selected depends on the speed of the moving object.



Note

Increasing the exposure speed lowers the camera sensitivity proportionally.

Selecting the exposure time

The momentary up/down Exposure time switch (16) gives a choice of exposure time settings. If an exposure time other than nominal is selected, the Non-standard indicator (33) in the viewfinder lights.

Table 4-6. Exposure time values

Value	Function
Nom.	- nominal setting
Var.	- enables the exposure to be varied
CRT	- for shooting sync-locked monitors
1/200	- for fast moving objects
1/500	- for fast moving objects
1/1000	- for fast moving objects
50 Hz	- shooting with 50Hz lighting (adjustable)
60 Hz	- shooting with 60Hz lighting (adjustable)

Lighting

The exposure selection also includes lighting control positions which can be used when shooting with lighting that is operating at a different frequency to the camera. There are two positions; 50 Hz and 60 Hz. Each of these positions can be varied further in a range from -10 to +10. To reduce flicker select the frequency closest to the frequency of the lights and then vary the lighting control in the INSTALL menu to obtain the best result.

Shooting screens

Sometimes when shooting TVs or computer monitors a horizontal bar can be seen across these screens in the viewfinder. There are two ways of removing the noise bar from the picture depending on the frame frequency of the display:

- For displays with the same frame frequency as the camera, for example TV sets, use the V-shift facility. V-shift can also be used to remove any colour shifts that might occur when shooting pictures produced by DLP-type devices.
- For displays with a higher frame frequency, for example computer monitors, use the Clean Scan facility.

Vertical shift (V-Shift)

Sometimes when shooting TV screens or monitors with the same display frequency as the camera, for example TV sets, a horizontal black bar is seen in the viewfinder because the camera is blanking while the TV is not. The V-Shift switch (18) shifts the camera blanking.

The V-Shift switch (18) at the front of the camera is spring-loaded with a central rest position. Holding the switch in the + or - position moves the bar up or down so that it is no longer visible in the viewfinder. This function is only available when the camera is used in the stand-alone mode. It is not active when the camera is genlocked or on-air.

Clean scan

When shooting computer monitors with higher frame frequencies than the camera use the Clean Scan function to avoid horizontal bars in the picture.

Carry out the Clean Scan function as follows:

- 1. Press the Clean Scan button (14) at the front of the camera for about two seconds to directly access the variable exposure (clean scan) function. The CLEAN SCAN submenu appears in the viewfinder.
- 2. Use the **Rotary control** (12) to change the value and so remove the noise bar.
- 3. If a more accurate adjustment is required set the CL.SCAN item to EXTENDED. (Set the mode to NORMAL if a smear effect occurs.)
- Set the UNIT item to the prefered read out, **Hz** or **mSec**.

When you are finished shooting the monitor press the Clean Scan button (14) for two seconds to switch off the Clean Scan function. (Exposure time returns to its previous non-variable setting.)



Do not shoot highlights in the Clean Scan mode as this may cause a smear effect.

When the Clean Scan function is on, the Non-standard indicator (33) in the viewfinder lights.

CRT exposure

A third possibility can arise when shooting a monitor whose synchronisation is locked to the camera's. Stripes might be visible in the monitor picture. (This is more usual with 16:9 cameras.) To remove these disturbing line pairing effects between monitor and camera lines, select the CRT option with the Exposure time switch (16).

4.8.7 Black stretch

The black stretch function gives more detail in the dark areas of the picture without effecting the rest of the picture. Set the **Black stretch switch** (7) to the **On** position to switch on the black stretch function.

When black stretch is switched on the **Non-standard indicator** (33) in the viewfinder lights. The Video menu allows you to adjust the black stretch parameters.

4.8.8 Auto skin contour

Use skin contour to change the contour level in a selected colour range. Decreasing the contour level of a persons skin colour softens only the skin tones. But not only skin colours can be selected, for example, decrease the contour level of a soccer field to accentuate the soccer players or increase the skin contour level to accentuate a rough surface.

Carry out the Auto skin contour procedure as follows:

1. In the VIDEO\SKIN\SKIN menu, select the memory position skin 1 or 2 (not 1+2).



2. Place the cursor in front of the VIDEO\SKIN\AUTO item.



3. Press the **Select button** (13). The following appears in the viewfinder.



- 4. Point two small white boxes at the intended surface.
- 5. Press the **Select button** (13) to start the measurement procedure (the iris is set to Auto). The process running message appears:



- 6. When the process is completed (within a few seconds) the **OK** message appears in the viewfinder.
- 7. Adjust the skin contour level with the VIDEO\SKIN\SKIN LEVEL item. Decrease the value below 50 to soften the selected area. Increase the value above 50 to add extra contour.

Repeat the steps for the other memory position if required. Both skin contour settings can be used at the same time. Set the menu item VIDEO\SKIN\VIEW to on to indicate the effected area.

4.9 Managing files

You can have access to 15 different files. This number can be extended by using additional scene file camera cards. The Files menu is used to recall and store these files. There are two types of file:

- scene files
- operator files

A scene file contains values related to the picture performance. The operator file contains values related to the set-up of the camera (viewfinder, lens and installation parameters). The tables in the Appendix indicate the functions that are stored in the scene file and those functions that are stored in an operator file.

4.9.1 Scene files

Four scene files are stored in the camera itself (SCAM1, SCAM2, SCAM3 and SCAM4). Another four scene files can be stored on the camera card (SCARD1, SCARD2, SCARD3 and SCARD4). A STANDARD scene file (preselected as either factory or customer defined) is stored in the camera.

B

Note

The standard customer scene file is stored via the SECURITY menu, not the FILES menu. The decision to use the factory defined file or the customer defined file as the standard file is also made in this menu.

The FILES menu enables the scene files to be stored and recalled using the store and recall entries of the menu system. If the message NOK is displayed, then the old values are restored. If the camera is on-air when a scene file is recalled, then the recalled values do not become active until the camera goes off air.

4.9.2 Operator files

The FILES menu also allows the recall of the operator file stored in the camera (OCAM1) or one of the two operator files (OCARD1 and OCARD2) stored on the camera card. These files contain information for setting up the non-video configuration of the camera. A STANDARD operator files (factory or customer defined) is stored in the camera.



Note

The standard customer operator file is stored via the SECURITY menu, not the FILES menu. The decision to use the factory defined file or the customer defined file as the standard file is also made in this menu.

4.9.3 Standard files

The green **STD** button (6) on the left-front side of the camera recalls the standard scene file. This file contains standard parameters for the picture performance. A standard operator's file can be recalled via the FILES menu. This file contains parameters for the set-up of the camera.

4.9.4 Customer standard files

You can define a customer standard file for the standard scene file and for the standard operator's file. The contents of the customer files for both these standard files is stored via the SECURITY menu. The selection of a factory defined or a customer defined file for use as a standard file is also made in this menu. You can only access the functions of the SECURITY menu with an owner's card or the PIN code of the camera.

4.10 User levels

The user level function in the SECURITY menu restricts access, in varying degrees, to the operational controls of the camera. You can only access the functions of the SECURITY menu with an owner's card or the PIN code of the camera.

4.10.1 Selecting the user level

There are four user levels: user0, user1, user2 and user3. The purpose of the user levels is to restrict the set of functions which can be changed by whoever is using the camera. In this way a more centralized and uniform control can be achieved and the danger of the camera operator accidentally changing critical functions while shooting is reduced.

User level 0 is a special protection level which locks most of the operational controls of the camera. Use this level to ensure that a camera that has been set-up is not tampered with. User level 0 is not normally used for operational purposes as it is too restrictive for normal circumstances. The recommended minimum user level is 1. For full control set the level to 3. When you switch off the power, the access rights that were obtained by the use of the PIN code are disabled and the camera starts at the assigned user level when switched on again.

Disable camera

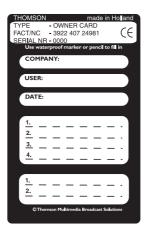
The disable camera function is a protection function which prevents unathorised interference with the camera and provides an additional level of security. Setting disable camera to **ON** is similar to using User level 0 to protect the settings of the camera.

4.11 Access and Security

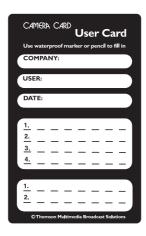
4.11.1 Camera cards

Three camera cards are delivered with each camera. These comprise of two user's cards and one owner's card.

Figure 4-6. Camera cards







User's Card

The owner's card has three functions:

- As an access control device to the security settings of the camera.
- As a storage device for four scene files.
- As a storage device for two operator files.

The owner's card is unique to every camera. Owner's card and camera must have the same serial number. An owner's card is linked to the serial number of the camera and cannot be used as an owner's card for another camera.

The user's card has two functions:

- As a storage device for four scene files.
- As a storage device for two operator files.

Scene files

Both the user's card and the owner's card allow four different scene files to be stored on the card. The recall and storage of a scene file is carried out via the Files menu of the menu system. A scene file contains information relating to the video settings.

Operator files

Both the user's card and the owner's card allow two different operator files to be stored on the card. The recall and storage of a operator file is carried out via the Files

menu of the menu system. An operator file contains information relating to the set-up of general camera preferences.

4.11.2 Access control

The owner's card or the PIN code is used to access special set-up and security features of the camera. Inserting the owner's card into the camera gives direct access to the Security menu. If you select the Security menu without this card inserted, you must enter the correct PIN code to gain access to this menu.

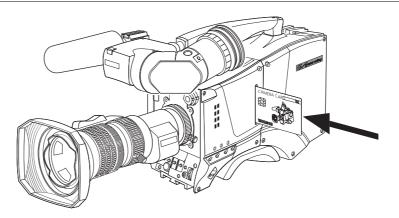
PIN code

The PIN code of the camera can be viewed and changed in the Security menu. The camera's PIN code when it leaves the factory is set to 0000. It is strongly advised that this code be changed by the owner on receipt of the camera. This ensures added protection against unaurthorised access to the Security menu.

4.11.3 Camera card slot

Insert your camera card into this slot with the chip on the card facing the front of the camera. Push the card home until it fits snugly. A camera card is not required for normal operation of the camera.

Figure 4-7. Camera card slot





Note

Only use an original camera card. Store the owner's card in a safe place.

4.12 Smart-Touch™

Smart-Touch is an optional software module that gives immediate access to 14 predefined scene files. This library allows you to quickly set up the camera for different shooting conditions. To choose a particular file proceed as follows:

- 1. Press the green **STD button** for 2 seconds; the viewfinder shows the library of available shooting conditions.
- 2. Select a file by turning the **Rotary control** at the front of the camera.
- 3. Activate the file of your choice by pressing the **Select button** at the front of the camera.

The new values only take effect when the camera is not on-air. The Smart-Touch files can also be selected by navigating to the FILES menu using the System Menu. The files of the Smart-Touch library are divided into three categories, Lighting, Creative, and Matching, which complement the standard setting scene file.

The Lighting category provides three different files for various lighting conditions:

- **Night** optimises the transfer characteristic to enhance the visibility of detail in very dark scenes without the undesirable consequence of excessive noise associated with simply increasing gain.
- Fluorescent establishes matrix and colourmetric parameters to reduce the green tinge and give a more acceptable picture when the scene is lit with uncorrected fluorescent lighting.
- Extreme contrast uses the full dynamic range of the FT CCD sensor to obtain better handling of highlights and more detail in the shadows.

The Creative category provides seven files for different effects:

- Sports warm colour delivers warm and rich contrasts bringing out team colours.
- Sports interview incorporates the dual skin tone control into the sports setting for interviews.
- **HI film** gives a high contrast film-like look which is ideal for outdoor location production.
- HI film + skin is the HI film setting with dual skin tone control incorporated for natural, flattering close-ups.
- LO film gives a low contrast film-like look for studio production.
- LO film + skin is the LO film setting with dual skin tone control incorporated for natural, flattering close-ups.
- Sepia creates a sepia tone look for atmosphere-rich production.

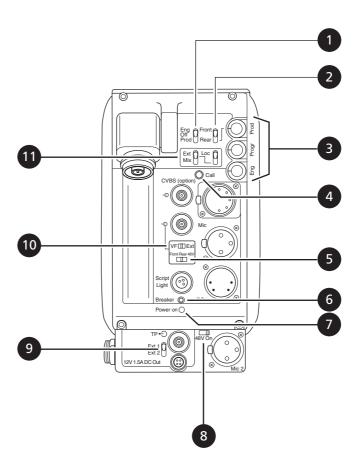
The Matching category provides three files for camera matching:

- LDK9x + LDK10 for matching to Philips LDK9, LDK10, LDK90 and LDK91 cameras.
- **DVW xxx** for matching to Sony cameras.
- HL xxx for matching to Ikegami cameras.

Each of these settings can be personalised and stored on a smart card.

4.13 TriaxHD (HD Fibre) adapter controls

Figure 4-8. Adapter controls



- 1. Intercom routing switch
- 2. Headset production vol. control selection
- 3. Headset volume controls
- 4. Call button
- 5. Audio microphone switch
- 6. Circuit breaker button (BREAKER)

- 7. Power on indicator
- 8. Microphone 2 phantom power switch
- 9. External signal selection
- 10. Viewfinder display signal
- 11. Video output selection switch

4.13.1 Powering the camera

The power supply for the camera and TriaxHD adapter is normally supplied via the Triax (or Fibre) cable from the Base Station. The power on indicator (6) lights when power is supplied and the camera power switch is On.

When power is supplied via the Triax (or Fibre) cable, an output power socket supplies +12 Vdc, 1.5A maximum for powering accessories.

If excessive current flows in the camera or adapter, the circuit breaker (7) trips and shuts off power to all the units. If this happens check the units for faults and if necessary take corrective action before pressing the circuit breaker button to reset the power.

It is also possible to operate the camera without a Triax (or Fibre) cable by supplying a +12 Vdc supply to the DC input socket.

4.13.2 Selecting monitoring signals

Viewfinder display signal

The viewfinder can display local or external video signals. Two switches (11) determine the signal that is displayed in the viewfinder.

Set the first switch to LOC to display the local camera Y signal in the viewfinder. (The Ret. button on the lens also selects this signal in parallel with this switch.) If set to the other position, then the second switch determines the signal displayed in the viewfinder.

The second switch selects the signal displayed in the viewfinder when the viewfinder signal selection switch is not in the LOC position. The signal then displayed is:

- EXT Base Station external input 1 or 2.
- MIX not active.

External signal selection

The External signal selection switch (9) selects either the EXT1 or EXT 2 signal from the Base Station.

In addition to this switch, other switches on the camera (VTR start) can be set up in the Install menu to switch this function.

Output monitoring signal

The monitoring output selection switch (10) determines whether the viewfinder signal from the camera or the external video signal from the Base Station is available at the output connector.

4.13.3 Using audio

Two high quality audio channels are available in the Triax mode. Set the gain levels (-22 to -64 dB) for these channels in the AUDIO section of the INSTALL menu. A high-pass filter for each channel can also be switched on via this menu.

Audio channel 1

The microphone for channel 1 is connected either to the socket at the front-right of the camera or to the Mic 1 socket on the TriaxHD adapter. A 3-position switch (5) activates the socket at the front-right or the connector at the rear. The third position selects the rear socket with a phantom power supply (48V). Phantom power (48V) is always present on the front-right microphone socket.

Figure 4-9. Audio microphone switch

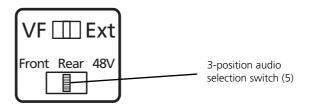


Table 4-1 Audio microphone connection selection

Switch position	Camera front-right connector	Adapter rear connector
Set to the right	No input	Active Input with 48V
Centered	No input	Active Input
Set to the left	Active Input with 48V	No input

Audio channel 2

The microphone for the second audio channel is connected to the Mic 2 socket on the TriaxHD adapter. A 2-position switch (8) selects a phantom power supply (48V) for the second audio microphone.

4.13.4 Intercom

Three intercom channels – production (Prod), program sound (Prog) and engineering (Eng) – are sent from the Base Station to the camera operator's headset. The camera operator's intercom microphone signal is sent to the Base Station. A tracker can also connect a headset to the intercom system to receive all of the channels from the Base Station and the camera operator's microphone signal as well. The tracker's microphone signal is passed to the camera operator and to the Base Station.

The Intercom section of the Install menu contains various settings for all these channels. Signals for left and right headset muffs and sidetone levels can be selected. Intercom microphone amplification levels, phantom power supply and microphone on/ off switches are also available in this menu.

Additional controls are found on the back of the adapter.

Intercom microphone routing switch

This 3-position switch (1) routes the camera operator's intercom microphone signal to engineering (Eng) or production (Prod), or turns off the intercom. Use the VTR Start button at the front of the camera, or the VTR button on the lens, to send the camera operator's intercom microphone signal to production, regardless of the position of this switch.

Production volume control selection

Use this 2-position switch (2) to control the volume of the production signal in the intercom either at the front of the camera or at the rear of the adapter.

Intercom headset volume controls

- Prod adjusts the volume of the production signal to the camera operator's headset when selection switch (2) is in the REAR position.
- Prog adjusts the volume of the programme signal to the camera operator's headset.
- Eng adjusts the volume of the engineering intercom signal to the camera operator's headset.

4.13.5 Communication

Call button

Press this momentary button (4) to send a signal to the control panels calling for attention. The ND/RE indicator in the 1.5-inch viewfinder shows when a call signal is sent or received.

Data channel

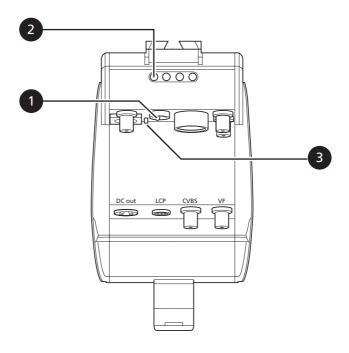
The Aux connector on the side of the adapter provides analogue control signals and facilities for the connection of a two-way private data channel between camera and Base Station. In the Install menu, the tracker microphone and engineering intercom channels can be selected to carry the private data instead of their normal function.

On-air signal

The tracker connector on the side of the adapter, as well as providing full intercom facilities for the dolly or crane driver, also carries a tally signal and a +12 Vdc power supply. This allows an external on-air lamp to be used.

4.14 HD-SDI adapter controls

Figure 4-10. HD- SDI adapter LDK 5490 controls



- 1. Power source selection switch
- 2. Power on indicator
- 3. Circuit breaker button (BREAKER)

4.14.1 Powering the camera

The power supply for the camera and HD-SDI adapter (+12 Vdc) is normally supplied either via the multicore connector or via the DC IN socket. Set the power source selection switch (1) to the position that corresponds to your chosen method:

• Ext.: Powered via DC IN socket

• Multi: Powered via multicore

The power on indicator (2) lights when power is supplied and the camera power switch is On.

If excessive current flows in the camera or adapter, the circuit breaker (3) trips and shuts off power to all the units. If this happens check the units for faults and if necessary take corrective action before pressing the circuit breaker button to reset the power.

An output power socket supplies +12 Vdc, 1.5A maximum for powering accessories.

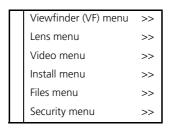
Chapter 5

Menu structure and contents

5.1 Menu structure

The structure of the main menus and their submenus are shown on the following pages. The first column shows the user level (0 to 3). You only see menu functions whose user level is equal to or less than the user level set on your camera. Where appropriate, the default value of the function in the standard factory file is shown after the function.

5.1.1 Top menu structure



Viewfinder (VF) menu - contains the functions which determine how items in the viewfinder are displayed.

Lens menu - controls various aspects of the lens.

Video menu - contains those functions which affect the picture quality.

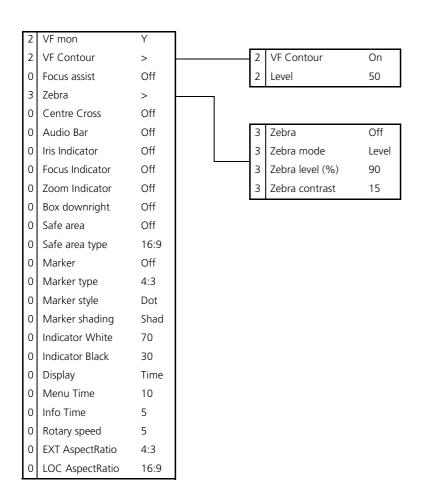
Install menu - contains the functions that are used to set up the general configuration of the camera. It also contains controls to customize those switches that are directly operated on the camera.

Files menu - allows values to be stored in scene and operator files, and allows these files to be recalled as required.

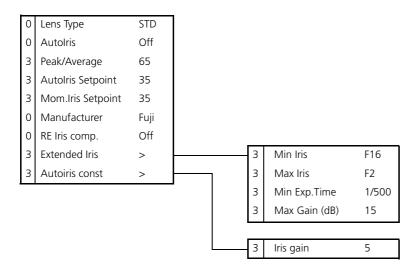
Security menu - used by the camera owner to set user levels and to control access to the camera, or to store the customer (scene and operator) default files.

Diagnostic menu - provides information on the current status of the camera. No values can be changed in this menu.

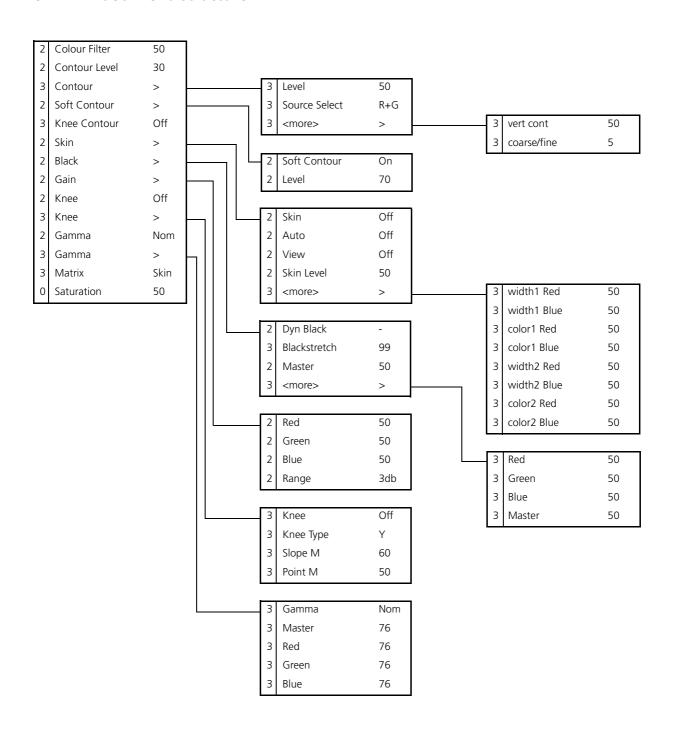
5.1.2 Viewfinder menu structure



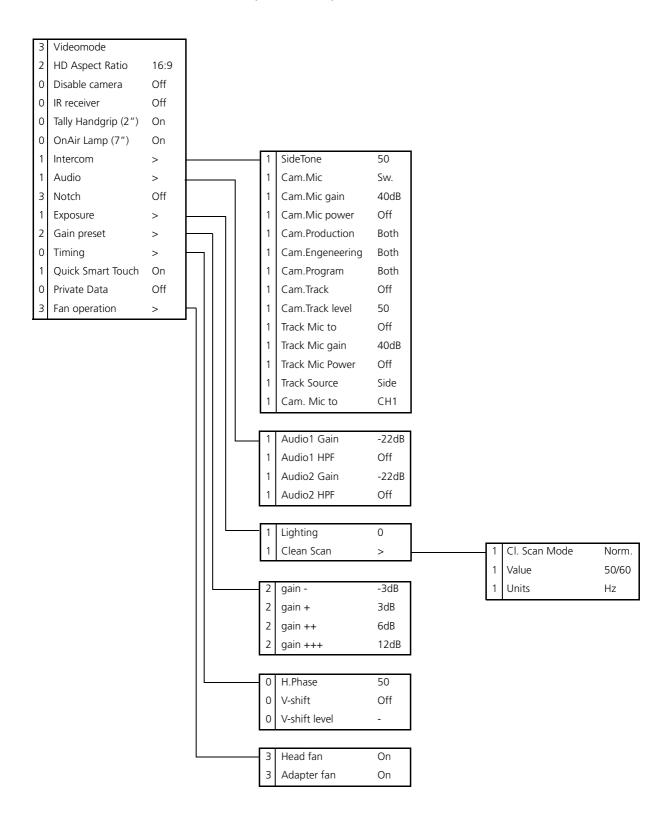
5.1.3 Lens menu structure



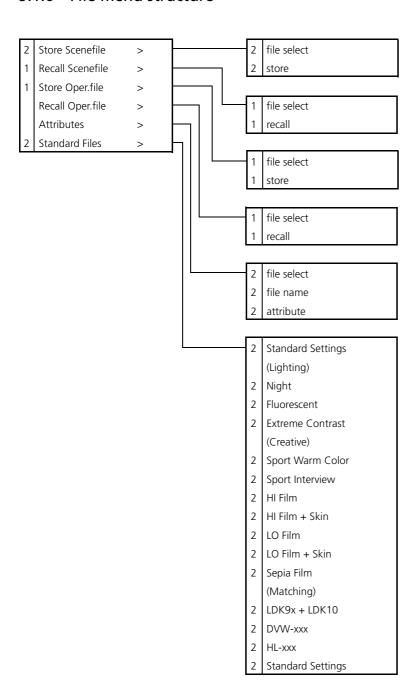
5.1.4 Video menu structure



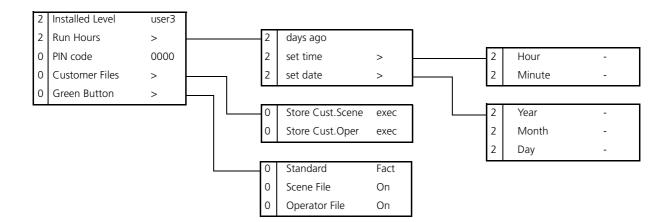
5.1.5 Install menu structure (triax/fibre)



5.1.6 File menu structure



5.1.7 Security menu structure



5.2 Menu contents

The number (0,1, 2 or 3) in the LEVEL column indicates the user level at which this item is visible in the menu; items with numbers higher than the user level that is set on the camera are not visible in the menu. For example, if user level 2 is set, items marked with a 3 are not visible.

If an item is not relevant it is not visible in the menu.

The Sc. in the FILE column indicates that the value of this item is stored in the Scene file; the Op. indicates that the value of this item is stored in the Operator file.

In the VALUES column, the default value of the item is shown in **bold**.

5.2.1 Viewfinder menu contents

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
VF Mon	Y , R, G, B, -G	Select signal to view in viewfinder.	2	Op.
	1, N, G, B, -G	select signal to view in viewinder.		Οþ.
VF Contour				
VF Contour	On, Off	Turn contours for viewfinder signal on or off.	2	Op.
Level	099 (50)	Set contour level for viewfinder signal.	2	Op.
Focus Assist	On, Off	Adds crawling effect in focused areas in the VF.		
Zebra		Zebra is a diagonal line pattern that warns you that the area affected has risen above a predetermined level of the full scale video exposure value.		
Zebra	On, Off	Turn zebra indication on or off.		
Zebra mode	Level, Band	Level: zebra indication appears in all overexposed picture areas. Band: zebra indication appears between two specified exposure levels.	3	Op.
Zebra level (%)	099 (90)	Set the exposure level where zebra indication is on.	3	Ор.
Zebra contrast	099 (15)	Set the zebra indication contrast.	3	Op.
Centre Cross	On, Off	The Centre marker cross marks the centre of the picture.	0	Ор.
Iris Ind. (SuperXpander)	On, Off	F stop number is displayed in VF	0	Op.
Focus Ind.	On, Off	Lens focus position indication: 0 = close-up, 99 = infinity	0	Op.
Zoom Ind.	On, Off	Zoom position indication, if supported by lens: 0 = wide, 99 = tele	0	Ор.
Box Downright	Time, Battery, Tape, FLTR, Off	Select the type of information you want to see in the message box.	0	Ор.

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
Safe area	On, Off	The safe area indicates an area that represents 80% of the whole viewfinder picture area.	0	Op.
Safe area type	16:9 , 15:9, 14:9, 4:3	Set the aspect ratio of the safe area marker.	0	Op.
Marker	On, Off	Turn on to show the used area limits.	0	Op.
Marker type	15:9, 14:9, 4:3	Set the aspect ratio of the used area marker.	0	Op.
Marker style	Dot, Shad, Both	Set the style of the used area marker.	0	Op.
Marker shading	Shad, Black	Set the shading of the used area marker.	0	Ор.
Ind. White	099 (70)	Adjust the contrast of the characters.	2	Op.
Ind. Black	099 (30)	Adjust the black shading of the characters; 0 = black, 99 = no shading.	2	Op.
Display	On, Time (reset on power up)	Select the menu display to be on all the time or to disappear after a set time.	2	Ор.
Menu Time	010 (10)	Set the length of time the menu is displayed when set to Time.	3	Op.
Info Time	020 (5)	Set the length of time that pop-up messages are displayed.	3	Ор.
Rotary speed	010 (5)	Adjust the sensitivity of the rotary control wheel.	3	Op.
EXT AspectRatio	4:3 , 16:9	Aspect ratio converter for external video displayed in VF.	0	
LOC AspectRatio	4:3, 16:9	Aspect ratio when the SD 5-inch viewfinder is used (only with modification).	0	

5.2.2 Lens menu contents

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
Lens Type	STD, WA	Select a standard (STD) or wide angle (WA) type lens (affects white shading compensation).	0	Op.
Autolris	On, Off	Turns On / Off Auto Iris	0	
Peak/Average	099 (65)	Auto iris setting, balance between peak and average video level values.	3	Sc.
Auto Iris Setpoint	099 (35)	Auto Iris exposure level setting	3	Sc.
Mom. Iris Setpoint	099 (35)	Exposure setting in the central area. Exposed to 70% at setting = 50.	3	Sc.
Manufacturer	Ang, Fuj , Ang, Can, Other	Select the manufacturer of the lens (Angenieux, Canon, Fujinon or other) to compensate for differences in iris servo feedback.	0	
RE Iris comp.	On, Off	Turn on to compensate for iris loss when the lens Range Extender is turned on.	0	
Extended Iris		Automatically regulates the video level by adjusting the iris opening, the gain level and the exposure time to suit the ambient lighting conditions.		
Min Iris	F5.6, F8, F11, F16	Set the minimum iris value to be used with the extended iris function.	3	Op.
Max Iris	F1.4, F2.0 , F2.8, F4.0, F5.6	Set the maximum iris value to be used with the extended iris function.	3	Ор.
Min Exp. Time	1/100 1/500	Set the minimum exposure time to be used with the extended iris function.	3	Ор.
Max Gain (dB)	0 15 dB	Set the maximum gain value to be used with the extended iris function.	3	Op.
Autolris const				
Iris gain	510	Set sensitivity of auto iris: 5 = slow response, 10 = fast response	3	

5.2.3 Video menu contents

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
Colour Filter	099 (50)	This electronic colour filter varies the colour balance to obtain warmer or colder effects for the auto-white memory positions. It resets to 50 when the next automatic white balance process is carried out.	2	Sc.
Contour Level	099 (30)	Set contour enhancement level.	2	Sc.
Contour				
Level	099 (50)	Set contour enhancement level.	3	Sc.
Source select	Y, R, G, R+G	Select source to be used for contour generation: Y before knee, R, G, or average of R+G.	3	Sc.
vert cont	099 (50)	Adjust the level of vertical component in the contour signal.	3	Sc.
coarse/fine	099 (5)	Adjust the coarseness of the contours (0 is very fine).	3	Sc.
Soft Contour				
Soft Contour	Off, On	Set to On to reduce the amount of contour added for large transitions.	2	Sc.
Level	099 (70)	Adjust the upper limit level of contour enhancement for soft contours.	2	Sc.
Knee Contour	Off , 1, 2, 3, 4	Select a level of contour enhancement for the compressed signal above the knee (4 is high level of enhancement).	3	Sc.
Skin		Use skin contour to change the contour level within a selected colour range.		
Skin	Off , 1, 2, 1+2	Turns on skin contour and selects the memory position.	2	Sc.
Auto	Off , On	Select to take a sample of the skin colour.	2	-
View	Off , On	Set to on to indicate the selected area.	2	-
Skin Level	099 (15)	Decrease the skin contour leve below 50 to soften the selected area. Increase the value above 50 to add extra contour.	2	Sc.
<more></more>				
width1 Red	099 (50)	Manual correction of skin gate (red saturation) for memory position 1. The higher the number, the broader the range.	3	Sc.
width1 Blue	099 (50)	Manual correction of skin gate (blue saturation) for memory position 1.	3	Sc.
color1 Red	099 (50)	Manual correction of skin gate (red color) for memory position 1.	3	Sc.

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
color1 Blue	099 (50)	Manual correction of skin gate (blue color) for memory position 1.	3	Sc.
width2 Red	099 (50)	Manual correction of skin gate (red saturation) for memory position 2.	3	Sc.
width2 Blue	099 (50)	Manual correction of skin gate (blue saturation) for memory position 2.	3	Sc.
color2 Red	099 (50)	Manual correction of skin gate (red color) for memory position 2.	3	Sc.
color2 Blue	099 (50)	Manual correction of skin gate (blue color) for memory position 2.	3	Sc.
Black				
Blackstretch	099 (99)	Set black stretch level (0 is no stretch).	3	Sc.
Master	099 (50)	Black level adjustment – RGB	2	Sc.
<more></more>			3	
Red	099 (50)	Black level adjustment – R	3	Sc.
Green	099 (50)	Black level adjustment – G	3	Sc.
Blue	099 (50)	Black level adjustment – B	3	Sc.
Master	099 (50)	Black level adjustment – RGB	3	Sc.
Gain				
Red	099 (50)	Manual red gain control	2	Sc.
Green	099 (50)	Manual green gain control	2	Sc.
Blue	099 (50)	Manual blue gain control	2	Sc.
Range	3dB , 6dB	Gain control step size	2	Ор.
Knee	Off , Auto, Var	Knee Off, Auto, or variable (manual)	2	Sc.
Knee				-
Knee	Off , Auto, Var	Knee Off, Auto, or variable (manual)	3	Sc.
Knee Type	Y, NAM	Signal used for knee. (NAM: luminance of highest RGB component)	3	Sc.
Slope M	099 (60)	Adjusts the knee slope angle in manual mode	3	Sc.
Point M	099 (50)	Adjusts the knee slope point in manual mode	3	Sc.
Gamma	Nom, Low, Pre	Select Normal, Low (linearised on each selected curve) or Pre (manual curve).	2	Sc.
Gamma				
Gamma	Nom, Low, Pre	Select Normal, Low (linearised on each selected curve) or Pre (manual curve).	3	Sc.
Master	099 (76)	Adjust the RGB gamma curves manually.	3	Sc.
Red	099 (76)	Adjust the red gamma curve manually.	3	Sc.

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
Green	099 (76)	Adjust the green gamma curve manually.	3	Sc.
Blue	099 (76)	Adjust the blue gamma curve manually.	3	Sc.
Matrix	EBU, Skin , B/W, RAI, BBC, 1:1, CoolFL	EBU: True colour matrix. SKIN: Optimised for skin tone reproduction. B/W: Monochrome picture RAI: SONY cameras impression. BBC: BBC optimisation. 1:1: Matrix is off. COOLFL: Optimised for low cost fluoro lighting.	3	Sc.
Saturation	099 (50)	Adjust saturation	0	Sc.

5.2.4 Install menu contents

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
Video mode	Available modes (1080i59)	Select a video acquisition mode (available modes depend on the camera version).	3	-
HD Aspect Ratio	16:9, Wide	Select the aspect ratio.	2	
IR receiver	Off , On	Enable or disable the remote control IR receiver on the camera.	0	Op.
Tally Hand grip (2")	On, Switch	Set to On so that the tally light at the rear of the hand grip follows the tally signal; set to Switch to allow it to be switched off with the switch on the 2" viewfinder.	0	
On-air Lamp (7")	Off, On	Set to On so that the tally light at the front of the 7" viewfinder follows the tally signal; set to Off if you never want it to light.	0	Op.
Intercom				
SideTone	099 (50)	Set the level of the sidetone in the camera operator's headphones.	1	Op.
Cam.Mic	Off, On, Switch	Set to Switch to allow the intercom routing switch on the adapter to route the intercom microphone signal.	1	Op.
Cam.Mic gain	0dB, 40dB	Set gain of camera operator's intercom microphone to 0dB or 40dB.	1	Op.
Cam.Mic power	Off, On	+48V phantom power to camera operator's intercom microphone.	1	Op.
Cam.Production	Off, Left, Right, Both	Select the camera operator's ear muff for the production intercom.	1	Op.
Cam.Engeneering	Off, Left, Right, Both	Select the camera operator's ear muff for the engineering intercom.	1	Op.
Cam.Program	Off, Left, Right, Both	Select the camera operator's ear muff for the program audio.	1	Op.
Cam.Track	Off , Left, Right, Both	Select the camera operator's ear muff for the tracker intercom.	1	Op.
Cam.Track level	099 (50)	Set the level of the tracker signal in the camera operator's headphones	1	Op.
Track Mic to	Off, Cam, Eng, Prod, All	Select the tracker microphone routing.	1	Ор.
Track Mic gain	0dB, 40dB	Set gain of tracker's microphone to 0dB or 40dB	1	Op.
Track Mic Power	On, Off	+48V phantom power to tracker's microphone	1	Ор.
Track Source	Side, Eng	Select engineering intercom or tracker's microphone sidetone for tracker's headphone.	1	Op.

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
Cam. Mic to	CH1 , CH2		1	Op.
Audio			1	Op.
Audio1 Gain	-22dB, -28dB, -34dB, -40dB, -46dB, -52dB, -58dB, -64dB	Set gain of Audio 1 channel.	1	Op.
Audio1 HPF	On, Off	Turn Audio1 high-pass filter on or off.		
Audio2 Gain	-22dB, -28dB, -34dB, -40dB, -46dB, -52dB, -58dB, -64dB	Set gain of Audio 2 channel.	1	Op.
Audio2 HPF	On, Off	Turn Audio 2 high-pass filter on or off.	1	Op.
Notch	On, Off	Turn CVBS notch filter on or off.	3	Ор.
Exposure				
Lighting	-10 +10 (0)	Select correction in 50 / 60Hz mode to synchronise with lighting frequency.	1	Sc.
Clean Scan				
Cl. Scan Mode	Normal, Extended	In normal mode the shutter is running (no smear). In extended mode shutter is not running (more accurate CLS but possible vertical smear).	1	
Value	50.6 103.1Hz (50) 54.7 121.5Hz (60)	Value depends on video mode.	1	Sc.
Units	Hz, msec	Select display units for clean scan.	1	
Gain preset				
gain -	-6dB, -3dB	Select gain value for - preset position.	2	Ор.
gain +	+3dB , +6dB, +9dB	Select gain value for + preset position.	2	Op.
gain ++	+6dB , + 9dB, + 12dB	Select gain value for ++ preset position.	2	Ор.
gain +++	+12dB , + 15dB,	Select gain value for +++ preset position.	2	Op.
Timing				
H.Phase	099 (50)	Adjust CVBS H-phase.	0	Op.
V-shift	Off, On	Set to On to synchronize camera with DLP projectors.	0	
V-shift level	099	Variable video delay from 0 to 1 frame.	0	
Quick Smart Touch	On, Off	When On, green STD button opens Smart Touch menu (if installed).	1	
Private Data	Off, C->B, B->C, B<->C	Select the purpose of the tracker intercom channel: tracker microphone (Off), or private data between camera (C) and base station (B).	0	
Fan operation				

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
Head fan	On, Off	Turns the head fan off. Turns itself on after 2 hours or if it gets too hot.	3	
Adapter fan	On, Off	Turns the adapter fan off. Turns itself on after 2 hours or if it gets too hot.	3	
VTR lens	Inter, Zoom, EXT 1, EXT 2	Select the function of the VTR switch on the lens.	1	
VTR camera	Inter, Zoom, EXT 1, EXT 2	Select the function of the VTR switch on the camera.	1	
Zoom switch	Mom., Alt.	Select how the zoom switch operates: momentary or alternating (latched).	1	

5.2.5 Files menu contents

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILI
Store Scene file			2	
file select	SCAM 14, SCARD 14,	Select a memory-stored file (SCAM) or a card-stored file (SCARD).	2	
store	Exec	Select to store the current settings in the selected file.	2	
Recall Scene file			1	
file select	<available files=""></available>	Select a file.	1	
recall	Exec	Select to overwrite the current settings with the settings in the selected file.	1	
Store Operator file			1	
file select	OCAM 1, OCARD 12	Select a file.	1	
store	Exec	Select to store the current settings in the selected file.	1	
Recall Operator file			1	
file select	<available files=""></available>	Select a file.	1	
recall	Exec	Select to overwrite the current settings with the settings in the selected file.	1	
Attributes				
file select	<available files=""></available>	Select a file.	2	
file name	<file name=""></file>	Displays the file's name	2	
attribute	R, R/W	R: read only; R/W: read and write	2	
Standard Files		Smart-Touch optional software		
Standard Settings	Exec	Recalls camera standard settings		
Lighting				
Night	Exec	Enhances visibility of dark scenes.	2	
Fluorescent	Exec	Reduces green tinge.	2	
Extreme contrast	Exec	Handling of highlights and details in dark scenes simultaneously.	2	
Creative				
Sport Warm Color	Exec	Rich contrast to bring up team colours.	2	
Sport Interview	Exec	Dual skin tone control	2	
Hi Film	Exec	High contrast film-like look.	2	
Hi Film + Skin	Exec	High contrast film-like look + dual skin tone control for close-ups.	2	
Lo Film	Exec	Low contrast film-like look for studio production.	2	
Lo Film + Skin	Exec	Low contrast film-like look + dual skin tone control for close-ups.	2	
Sepia Film	Exec	Sepia tone look.	2	

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
Matching		Files for camera matching.		
LDK9x + LDK10	Exec	For older Philips cameras.	2	
DVW-xxx	Exec	For Sony camcorders.	2	
HL-xxx	Exec	For Ikegami camcorders.	2	
Standard Settings	Exec	Recalls camera standard settings.	2	

5.2.6 Security menu contents

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	1 E)/E:	FII F
MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
Installed Level	user0 user3	Select the user level.	2	
Run Hours			2	
days ago	<days></days>	Checks operation time for the set number of days.	2	
set time		Set the time.	2	
Hour	0023		2	
Minute	0059		2	
set date		Set the date.	2	
Year	19002100		2	
Month	112		2	
Day	131		2	
PIN Code	**** (0000)	Set four-digit PIN code (no confirmation!).	0	
Station Name	<name></name>	Displays the station name	0	
Customer Files			0	
Store Cust. Scene	Exec	Select to store the current settings in the customer scene file.	0	
Store Cust. Oper	Exec	Select to store the current settings in the customer operator file.	0	
Green Button			0	
Standard	Fact, Cust	Select factory or customer file for green button recall.	0	
Scene file	On, Off	Select if the file is to be recalled when the green button is pressed.	0	
Operator file	On, Off	Select if the file is to be recalled when the green button is pressed.	0	

5.2.7 Diagnostics menu contents

MENU	VALUES	DESCRIPTION	LEVEL	FILE
Adaptor Type	Triax, DVCPRO,	Displays value	2	
Sensor Type	IT, ITW, FT, DPM	Displays value	2	
Sensor Voltage	Ok, NotOK	Displays value	2	
Shutter Run	Run, Stop	Displays value	2	
Front Power	Ok, NotOk	Displays value	2	
Camera 12nc	last 4 digits of type no.	Displays value	2	
Camera Status	2 digits	Displays value	2	
Adapter 12nc	last 4 digits of type no.	Displays value	2	
Adapter Status	2 digits	Displays value	2	
PPG Status	0255	Displays value	0	
DVP Status	0255	Displays value	0	
Cam. temp	<temp></temp>	Displays value	0	
Head temp C	-55128	Displays value	0	
Head temp F	-67262	Displays value	0	
Head fan	Off, Low, Mid, High, Max	Displays value	0	
Adaptor temp C	-55128	Displays value	0	
Adaptor temp F	-67262	Displays value	0	
Adaptor fan	Off, Low, Mid, High, Max	Displays value	0	

5.3 Where to find a function

The following table contains an alphabetical list of the functions and points to their location in the menu structure.

Table 5-1. System menu functions

Function	Subfunction	Menu path
Aspect Ratio		
	select	INSTALL \ HD ASPECT RATIO
	external (VF signal)	VIEWFINDER \ EXT ASPECT RATIO
	local (5"VF)	VIEWFINDER \ LOC ASPECT RATIO
Audio		
	gain	INSTALL \ AUDIO
	HP filter	INSTALL \ AUDIO
Auto Iris		
	switch	LENS
	peak/average	LENS
	setpoint	LENS
	iris gain	LENS \ AUTOIRIS CONST
Black		
	black stretch	VIDEO \ BLACK
	dynamic black	VIDEO \ BLACK
	level Blue	VIDEO \ BLACK \ MORE
	level Green	VIDEO \ BLACK \ MORE
	level Red	VIDEO \ BLACK \ MORE
	master level	VIDEO \ BLACK
Camera	matching	FILES \ STANDARD FILES \ MATCHING
Clean scan		1411011110
	mode	INSTALL \ EXPOSURE \ CL. SCAN
	units	INSTALL \ EXPOSURE \ CL. SCAN
	value	INSTALL \ EXPOSURE \ CL. SCAN
Colour	filter	VIDEO \

Table 5-1. System menu functions

Function	Subfunction	Menu path
Contour		
	coarse/fine level	VIDEO \ CONTOUR \ MORE
	level	VIDEO \ CONTOUR
	source select	VIDEO \ CONTOUR
	vertical contour level	VIDEO \ CONTOUR \ MORE
Creative settings		FILES \ STANDARD FILES
Customer Standard file		
	store Operator file	SECURITY \ CUSTOMER FILES
	store Scene file	SECURITY \ CUSTOMER FILES
)		
Disable Camera		INSTALL
<u> </u>		
Exposure time	lighting	INSTALL \ EXPOSURE
Extended Iris parameters		LENS \ EXTENDED IRIS
Fan operation		
	head	INSTALL \ FAN OPERATION
	adapter	INSTALL \ FAN OPERATION
File Attributes		FILES
Focus assist	switch	VF
1		
Gain		
	level blue	VIDEO \ GAIN
	level green	VIDEO \ GAIN
	level range	VIDEO \ GAIN
	level red	VIDEO \ GAIN
	presets	INSTALL \ GAIN PRESET
Gamma	select	
Gamma	select	VIDEO \ CAMMA
		VIDEO \ GAMMA
	level blue	VIDEO \ GAMMA
	level green	VIDEO \ GAMMA
	level master	VIDEO \ GAMMA

Table 5-1. System menu functions

Function	Subfunction	Menu path
	level red	VIDEO \ GAMMA
Green Button	file recall	SECURITY \ GREEN BUTTON
	1	
Installed User Level		SECURITY
Intercom		
	cameraman	INSTALL \ INTERCOM
	tracker	INSTALL \ INTERCOM
IR receiver switch		INSTALL
Knee		
	contour switch	VIDEO \ KNEE CONTOUR
	master point	VIDEO \ KNEE
	master slope	VIDEO \ KNEE
	switch	VIDEO
	type	VIDEO \ KNEE
Lens		
	RE iris compensation	LENS
	manufacturer	LENS
	type	LENS
Lighting conditions		FILES \ STANDARD FILES
Marker		
	shading	VF
	style	VF
	switch	VF
	type	VF
Matrix	select	VIDEO
Momentary iris	setpoint	LENS
-		
Notch		INSTALL

Table 5-1. System menu functions

Function	Subfunction	Menu path
On-air lamp	switch	INSTALL
Operator file		
	recall	FILES \ RECALL OPER. FILE
	store	FILES \ OPER. FILE
		L
PIN code		SECURITY
Private data		INSTALL
Quick Smart Touch		INSTALL \ QUICK SMART TOUCH
Recall Scene file		FILES
Recall Oper. file		FILES
Run Hours settings		SECURITY
Rotary speed		VF
		L
Saturation		VIDEO
Scene file recall switch		FILES \ RECALL SCENEFILE
Scene file store switch		FILES \ STORE SCENEFILE
Skin Contour		
	auto	VIDEO \ SKIN
	level	VIDEO \ SKIN
	paramaters (width, color)	VIDEO \ SKIN \ MORE
	select	VIDEO \ SKIN
	view	VIDEO \ SKIN
Soft Contour		
	level	VIDEO \ SOFT CONTOUR
	switch	VIDEO \ SOFT CONTOUR
Standard files		FILES
Standard Settings		FILES \ STANDARD FILES
Store Scene file		FILES
Store oper. file		FILES

Table 5-1. System menu functions

Function	Subfunction	Menu path
Tally Light switch		INSTALL
Timing		
	H. phase	INSTALL \ TIMING
	V-shift	INSTALL \ TIMING
	V-shift level	INSTALL \ TIMING
U		"
User level select		SECURITY \ INSTALLED LEVEL
V	I	
VF		
	Audio Bar switch	VF
	Contour level	VF \ VF CONTOUR
	Contour switch	VF \ VF CONTOUR
	Centre cross switch	VF
	Focus ind. switch	VF
	Iris indicator switch	VF
	Info time	VF
	Menu time	VF
	Rotary speed	VF
	Safe area switch	VF
	Text display time	VF
	Zebra parameters	VF \ ZEBRA
	Zoom ind. switch	VF
Video mode		INSTALL
Z		
Zebra		
	Contrast	VF \ ZEBRA
	level	VF \ ZEBRA
	mode	VF \ ZEBRA
	switch	VF \ ZEBRA
Zoom	indicator	VF