

K2

MEDIA CLIENT

System Guide

SOFTWARE VERSION 3.1

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Safety Summaries

General Safety Summary

Review the following safety precautions to avoid injury and prevent damage to this product or any products connected to it.

Only qualified personnel should perform service procedures.

While using this product, you may need to access other parts of the system. Read the *General Safety summary* in other system manuals for warnings and cautions related to operating the system.

Injury Precautions

Use Proper Power Cord

To avoid fire hazard, use only the power cord specified for this product.

Ground the Product

This product is grounded through the grounding conductor of the power cord. To avoid electric shock, the grounding conductor must be connected to earth ground. Before making connections to the input or output terminals of the product, ensure that the product is properly grounded.

Do Not Operate Without Covers

To avoid electric shock or fire hazard, do not operate this product with covers or panels removed.

Do Not operate in Wet/Damp Conditions

To avoid electric shock, do not operate this product in wet or damp conditions.

Do Not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere

To avoid injury or fire hazard, do not operate this product in an explosive atmosphere.

Avoid Exposed Circuitry

To avoid injury, remove jewelry such as rings, watches, and other metallic objects. Do not touch exposed connections and components when power is present.

Product Damage Precautions

Use Proper Power Source

Do not operate this product from a power source that applies more than the voltage specified.

Provide Proper Ventilation

To prevent product overheating, provide proper ventilation.

Do Not Operate With Suspected Failures

If you suspect there is damage to this product, have it inspected by qualified service personnel.

Battery Replacement

To avoid damage, replace only with the same or equivalent type. Dispose of used battery according to the circuit board manufacturer's instructions.

Safety Terms and Symbols

Terms in This Manual

These terms may appear in this manual:



WARNING: Warning statements identify conditions or practices that can result in personal injury or loss of life.



CAUTION: Caution statements identify conditions or practices that may result in damage to equipment or other property, or which may cause equipment crucial to your business environment to become temporarily non-operational.

Terms on the Product

These terms may appear on the product:

DANGER indicates a personal injury hazard immediately accessible as one reads the marking.

WARNING indicates a personal injury hazard not immediately accessible as you read the marking.

CAUTION indicates a hazard to property including the product.

Symbols on the Product

The following symbols may appear on the product:



DANGER high voltage



Protective ground (earth) terminal



ATTENTION – refer to manual

Service Safety Summary



WARNING: *The service instructions in this manual are intended for use by qualified service personnel only. To avoid personal injury, do not perform any servicing unless you are qualified to do so. Refer to all safety summaries before performing service.*

Do Not Service Alone

Do not perform internal service or adjustment of this product unless another person capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation is present.

Disconnect Power

To avoid electric shock, disconnect the main power by means of the power cord or, if provided, the power switch.

Use Care When Servicing With Power On

Dangerous voltages or currents may exist in this product. Disconnect power and remove battery (if applicable) before removing protective panels, soldering, or replacing components.

To avoid electric shock, do not touch exposed connections

Certifications and Compliances

Canadian Certified Power Cords

Canadian approval includes the products and power cords appropriate for use in the North America power network. All other power cords supplied are approved for the country of use.

FCC Emission Control

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Grass Valley can affect emission compliance and could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Canadian EMC Notice of Compliance

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la classe A prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le ministère des Communications du Canada.

EN55103 1/2 Class A Warning

This product has been evaluated for Electromagnetic Compatibility under the EN 55103-1/2 standards for Emissions and Immunity and meets the requirements for E4 environment.

This product complies with Class A (E4 environment). In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

FCC Emission Limits

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesirable operation.

Laser Compliance

Laser Safety Requirements

The device used in this product is a Class 1 certified laser product. Operating this product outside specifications or altering its original design may result in hazardous radiation exposure, and may be considered an act of modifying or new manufacturing of a laser product under U.S. regulations contained in 21CFR Chapter 1, subchapter J or CENELEC regulations in HD 482 S1. People performing such an act are required by law to recertify and reidentify this product in accordance with provisions of 21CFR subchapter J for distribution within the U.S.A., and in accordance with CENELEC HD 482 S1 for distribution within countries using the IEC 825 standard.

Laser Safety

Laser safety in the United States is regulated by the Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH). The laser safety regulations are published in the "Laser Product Performance Standard," Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), Title 21, Subchapter J.

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Standard 825, "Radiation of Laser Products, Equipment Classification, Requirements and User's Guide," governs laser products outside the United States. Europe and member nations of the European Free Trade Association fall under the jurisdiction of the Comité Européen de Normalization Electrotechnique (CENELEC).

Safety Certification

This product has been evaluated and meets the following Safety Certification Standards:

Standard	Designed/tested for compliance with:
ANSI/UL60950, CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 60950-00 12/01/2000	Safety of Information Technology Equipment, including Electrical Business Equipment (Third edition).
IEC 950	Safety of Information Technology Equipment, including Electrical Business Equipment (Third edition, 1999).
EN60950	Safety of Information Technology Equipment, including Electrical Business Equipment (Third Edition 2000).

Finding Information

This manual describes K2 Media Client systems and provides all the information you need to go beyond factory default settings and customize your system's configuration to meet your site-specific needs. The manual contains information for all models and options, including both internal storage and external storage K2 Media Clients. Refer to the sections that apply to your particular model and options.

How this manual is organized

This manual is organized around the tasks required to install and configure the K2 Media Client. The following describes the chapters included in this manual:

[Chapter 1, *Product Description*](#)

[Chapter 2, *Using K2 Media Client system tools*](#)

[Chapter 3, *System connections and configuration*](#)

[Chapter 4, *Managing Internal Storage*](#)

[Chapter 5, *Managing K2 client system software*](#)

[Chapter 6, *Administering and maintaining the K2 system*](#)

[Chapter 7, *External Storage*](#)

[Appendix A, *Specifications*](#)

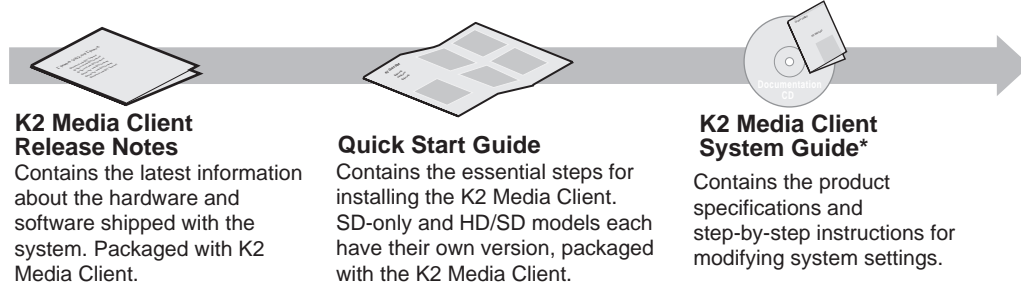
[Appendix B, *Connector Pin-outs*](#)

[Appendix C, *Rack-mounting*](#)

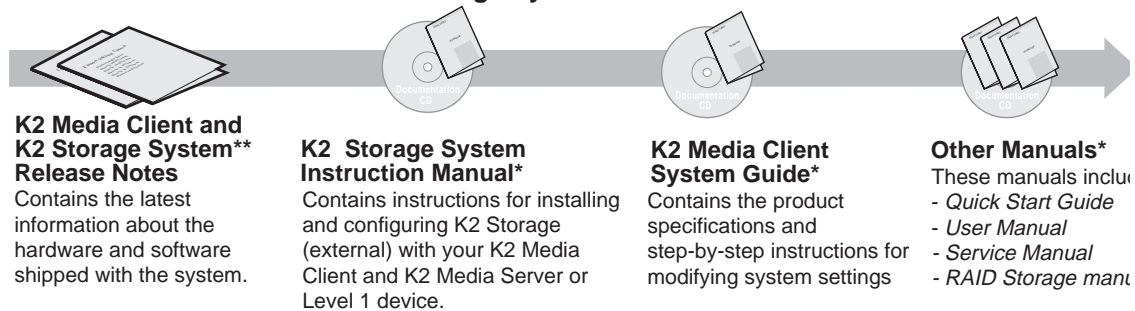
Getting more information

The following illustration shows the recommended order in which to reference the documentation.

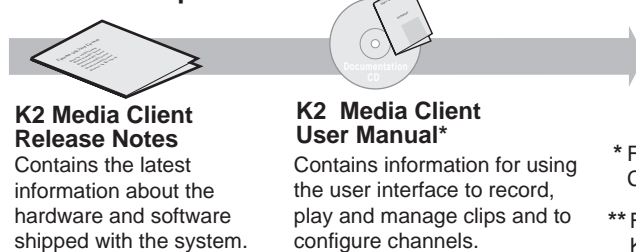
Path for the installer of K2 Media Client models with internal storage



Path for the installer of the K2 Storage System with connected K2 Media Clients



Path for the operator



* Find the K2 Documentation CD packaged with K2 Media Clients and with K2 RAID Storage devices, primary cd

** Find the K2 Storage System Release Notes package
K2 RAID Storage devices, primary chassis.

Quick Start Guide

You receive this guide in the product packaging with your K2 Media Client. The Quick Start Guide provides step-by-step installation instructions for basic installation and operation of your SD or HD/SD K2 Media Client, including recording and playing clips.

Release Notes

The release notes contain the latest information about the K2 Media Client software shipped on your system. There are K2 Storage System release notes and K2 Media Client release notes. The information in this document includes software upgrade instructions, software specifications and requirements, feature changes from the previous releases, and any known problems. Because release notes contain the latest information, they are printed out rather than included in the Documentation CD-ROM.

K2 Documentation CD

Except for the release notes and Quick Start guide, the full set of support documentation, including this manual, is available on the Documentation CD-ROM that you received with your K2 Media Client.

The K2 Documentation CD includes the following documents:

- **K2 Media Client User Manual** — Describes the K2 Media Client and provides instructions for operating the product in a variety of applications.
- **K2 Media Client System Guide** — This guide provides all the information you need to go beyond factory default settings and customize your system's configuration to meet your site-specific needs.
- **K2 Media Client Service Manual** — Contains information for solving common setup problems, as well as information on servicing and maintenance.
- **K2 Storage System Instruction Manual** — Contains installation and configuration procedures for shared storage options. Also includes administrative and maintenance procedures.
- **K2 Level 1 and RAID Storage Instruction Manuals** — Contains procedures for troubleshooting and servicing the different level RAID storage devices.

NetCentral documentation

The NetCentral product has its own documentation set, described as follows:

- **NetCentral User Guide** — This is a printed manual. It provides instructions for installing, using, and administering the NetCentral monitoring system.
- **NetCentral Help** — From the NetCentral interface access on-line help as follows:
 - For general help with NetCentral manager, select **Help | NetCentral Help Topics**. This content is identical to that in the NetCentral User Guide.
 - For help specific to monitoring K2 Media Client system devices, select **Help | Device Providers** and then select the monitored device.

Thomson Grass Valley Web Site

This public Web site contains all the latest manuals and documentation, and additional support information. Use the following URL.

<http://www.thomsongrassvalley.com>.

Grass Valley Product Support

To get technical assistance, check on the status of problems, or report new problems, contact Grass Valley Product Support via e-mail, the Web, or by phone or fax.

Web Technical Support

To access support information on the Web, visit the product support Web page on the Grass Valley Web site. You can download software or find solutions to problems by searching our Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) database.

World Wide Web: <http://www.thomsongrassvalley.com/support/>

Technical Support E-mail Address: gvtechsupport@thomson.net.

Phone Support

Use the following information to contact product support by phone during business hours. Afterhours phone support is available for warranty and contract customers.

United States	(800) 547-8949 (Toll Free)	France	+33 (1) 34 20 77 77
Latin America	(800) 547-8949 (Toll Free)	Germany	+49 6155 870 606
Eastern Europe	+49 6155 870 606	Greece	+33 (1) 34 20 77 77
Southern Europe	+33 (1) 34 20 77 77	Hong Kong	+852 2531 3058
Middle East	+33 (1) 34 20 77 77	Italy	+39 06 8720351
Australia	+61 1300 721 495	Netherlands	+31 35 6238421
Belgium	+32 2 3349031	Poland	+49 6155 870 606
Brazil	+55 11 5509 3440	Russia	+49 6155 870 606
Canada	(800) 547-8949 (Toll Free)	Singapore	+656379 1390
China	+86 106615 9450	Spain	+ 34 91 512 03 50
Denmark	+45 45968800	Sweden	+46 87680705
Dubai	+ 971 4 299 64 40	Switzerland	+41 (1) 487 80 02
Finland	+35 9 68284600	UK	+44 870 903 2022

Authorized Support Representative

A local authorized support representative may be available in your country. To locate the support representative for your country, visit the product support Web page on the Grass Valley Web site.



END-OF-LIFE PRODUCT RECYCLING NOTICE

Grass Valley's innovation and excellence in product design also extends to the programs we've established to manage the recycling of our products. Grass Valley has developed a comprehensive end-of-life product take back program for recycle or disposal of end-of-life products. Our program meets the requirements of the European Union's WEEE Directive, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, and U.S. state and local agencies.

Grass Valley's end-of-life product take back program assures proper disposal by use of Best Available Technology. This program accepts any Grass Valley branded equipment. Upon request, a Certificate of Recycling or a Certificate of Destruction, depending on the ultimate disposition of the product, can be sent to the requester.

Grass Valley will be responsible for all costs associated with recycling and disposal, including freight. However, you are responsible for the removal of the equipment from your facility and packing the equipment to make it ready for pickup.

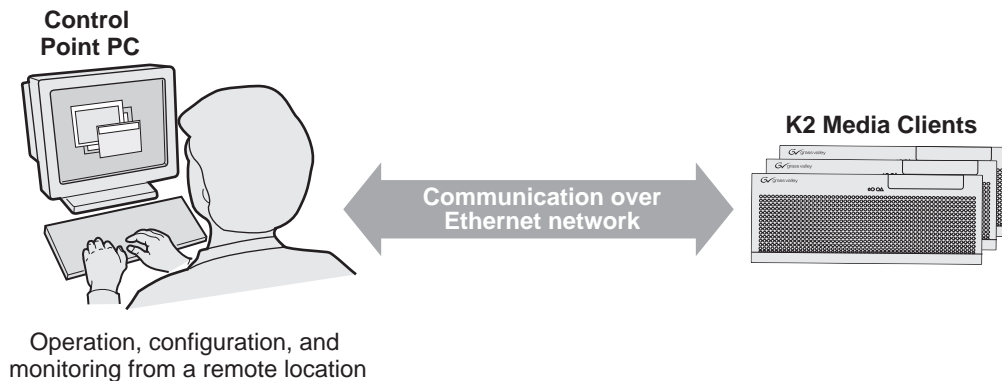


For further information on the Grass Valley product take back system please contact Grass Valley at + 800 80 80 20 20 or +33 1 48 25 20 20 from most other countries. In the U.S. and Canada please call 800-547-8949 or 530-478-4148, and ask to be connected to the EH&S Department. Additional information concerning the program can be found at: www.thomsongrassvalley.com/environment



Product Description

The K2 Media Client is a cost-effective Broadcast Enterprise Server that incorporates IT server platform and storage technologies to deliver a networked solution to facilities for ingest, playout, news integration, and media asset management. It is a comprehensive platform that provides a suite of user applications and system tools.



The K2 Media Client is designed for “headless” operation from a remote control point using Grass Valley Control Point software. You can also use the Microsoft Windows Remote Desktop Connection application on your PC to connect to the K2 system for configuration or administration.

The K2 Media Client product is further described in the following sections:

- [“K2 Media Client features” on page 20](#)
- [“Introducing K2 Media Client models” on page 22](#)
- [“Front panel indicators” on page 29](#)
- [“Rear panel view” on page 30](#)
- [“K2 Media Client system overview” on page 32](#)

K2 Media Client features

This section provides an overview of K2 Media Client features. Refer to [Appendix A, Specifications](#) for details.

The following features are common to all models:

- Four channels (maximum) per chassis
- SDI video inputs and outputs
- AES/EBU or embedded audio inputs and outputs.
- Redundant power supply, RAID 1 protected Windows XP system disk, cooling fans for reliability
- RAID media storage
- Remote operation and configuration via AppCenter
- NetCentral™ provides remote error reporting and monitoring via SNMP (Optional for models using internal storage only)
- Gigabit Ethernet
- AMP, VDCP, and BVW remote control protocols supported
- Remote control over RS-422 or Ethernet
- GPI Trigger (12 I/O)
- Support for import of various media and graphics file formats, with transcode as necessary to native file format.

Features of Standard Definition models

Standard definition (SD) models are SD-only, in that they neither encode nor decode high-definition video. SD-only models have bi-directional video codecs, which means each of the four channels can be configured to be either a record or a play channel. You can encode and decode video using the DVCAM, DVCPRO or MPEG-2 compression standards. You can play clips of any of these compression types through any play channel without any configuration changes. For example, you can play DV, DVCPRO25, DVCPRO50, and MPEG-2 clips back-to-back on the same timeline.

SD-only models support encode and decode of VBI data.

Features of High Definition models

High definition (HD) models are really HD/SD, in that they can process either SD or HD video. However, only the MPEG-2 compression standard is used in these HD/SD models. In addition, these models use dedicated encoders for recording and dedicated decoders for playing. The number and type (record or play) of channels in the chassis is determined by the model.

Record channels can record either SD or HD through an HD encoder. Play channels play both SD and HD clips through an Agile HD decoder. Both HD and SD clips are played out in the format specified for the output assigned to the channel. All clips are

either up- or down-converted appropriately to play on that output, and their aspect ratios are adjusted. For example, you can play 50 Hz SD 625, HD 1080i at 25 Hz, and HD 720p at 50 Hz clips back-to-back on the same timeline.

HD/SD models support encode and decode of SD VBI data and HD Ancillary data, with appropriate up/down conversion for playout.

Features of internal storage models

Both HD/SD and SD-only models are available with internal storage, consisting of 12 disk drives configured as six RAID 1 pairs, or LUNs. One LUN is the system drive, while five LUNs are for media storage. This makes the internal storage K2 Media Client a self-contained, stand-alone unit, with no external devices for storage, audio, or video connections required. You can transfer media in and out of the internal storage K2 Media Client via Gigabit Ethernet.

Refer to [Chapter 4, *Managing Internal Storage*](#) for more information.

Features of external storage models

Both HD and SD-only models are available as external storage clients. Multiple external storage K2 Media Clients connect to the K2 Storage System via Gigabit Ethernet to share a common pool of storage. The external storage K2 Media Client contains two internal disk drives that make up the RAID 1 system drive.

Refer to [Chapter 7, *External Storage*](#) and the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* for more information.

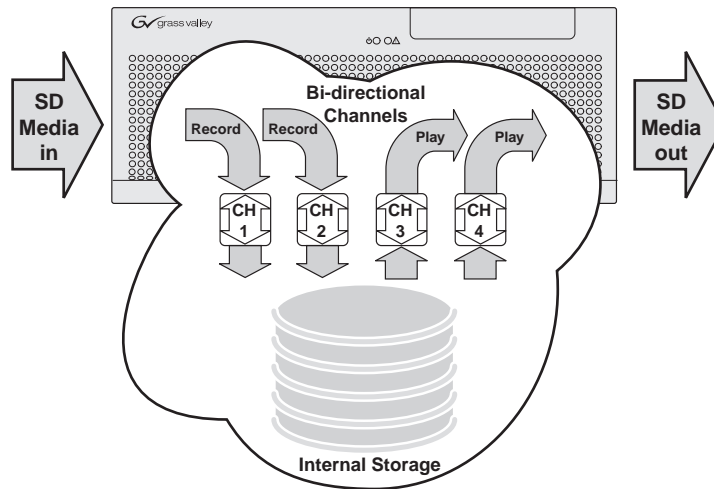
Introducing K2 Media Client models

This section provides overview descriptions of the different K2 Media Client models.

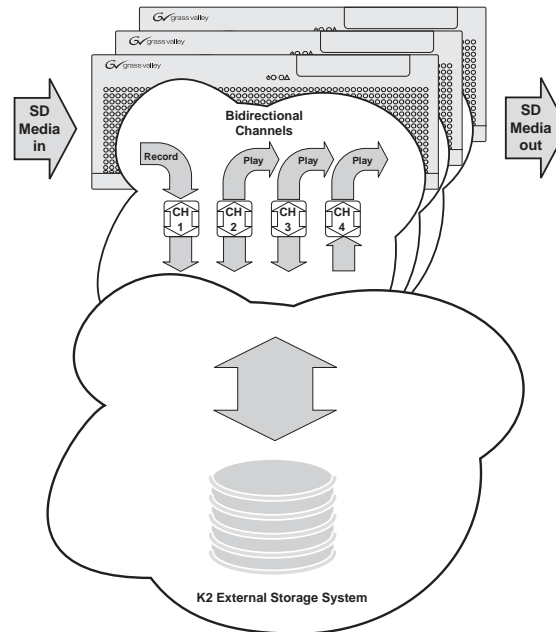
Introducing the SD-04

The SD-04 model has four SD bidirectional channels. Each bi-directional channel can be configured as either a record channel or a play channel depending upon your needs at the time. You can have four record channels, four play channels, or a combination of record and play channels.

The illustration below shows the SD-04 with internal storage.

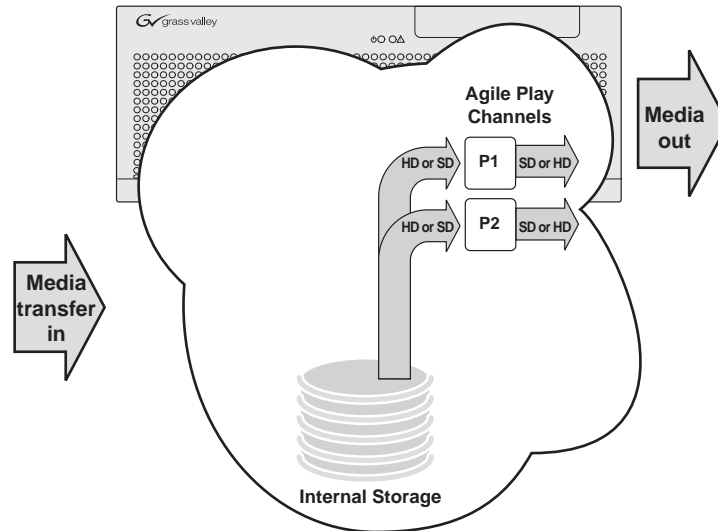


The illustration below shows the SD-04 with external storage. You can connect multiple SD-04 models or other external storage models to a K2 storage system to share a common pool of storage.

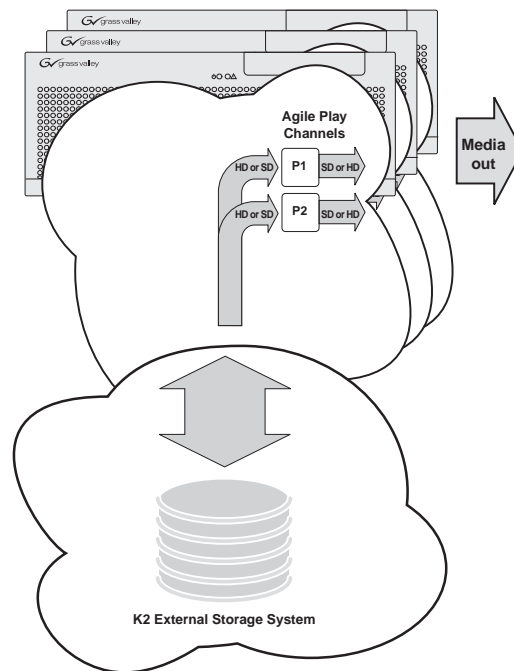


Introducing the HD-02

HD-02 model has two output channels and internal storage. Output channels are Agile, in that you can configure each channel to output either SD or HD; the clips (either SD or HD) are automatically up-converted or down-converted accordingly. The illustration below shows the HD-02 with internal storage.

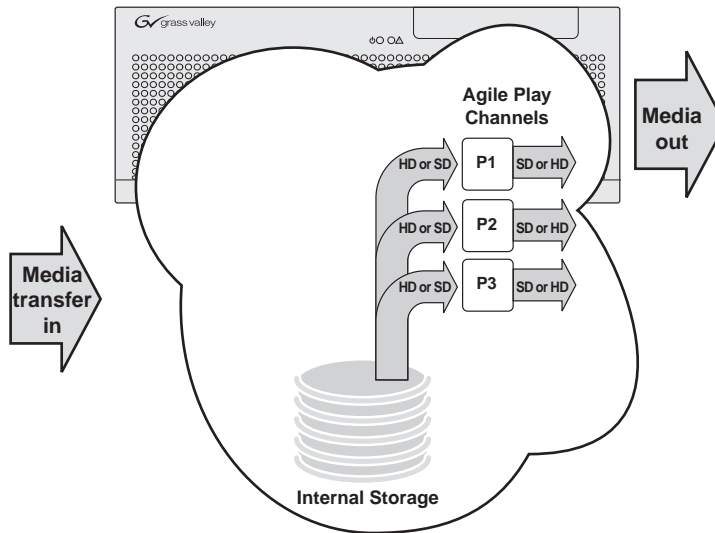


The illustration below shows the HD-02 with external storage. You can connect multiple HD-02 models or other external storage models to a K2 storage system to share a common pool of storage.

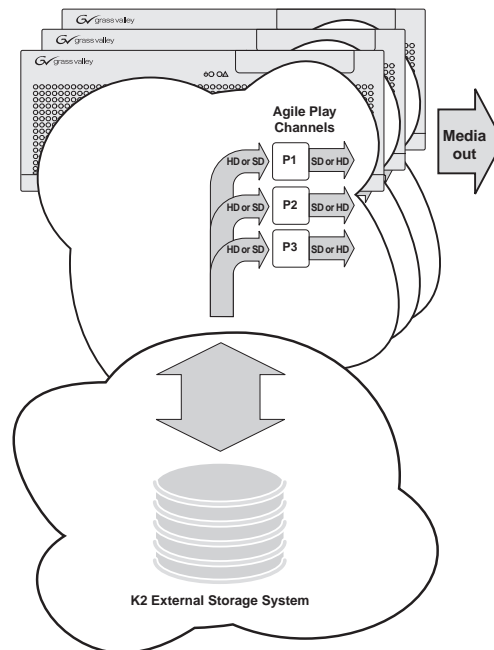


Introducing the HD-03

The HD-03 model has three output channels and internal storage. Output channels are Agile, in that you can configure each channel to output either SD or HD; the clips (either SD or HD) are automatically up-converted or down-converted accordingly. The illustration below shows the HD-03 with internal storage.

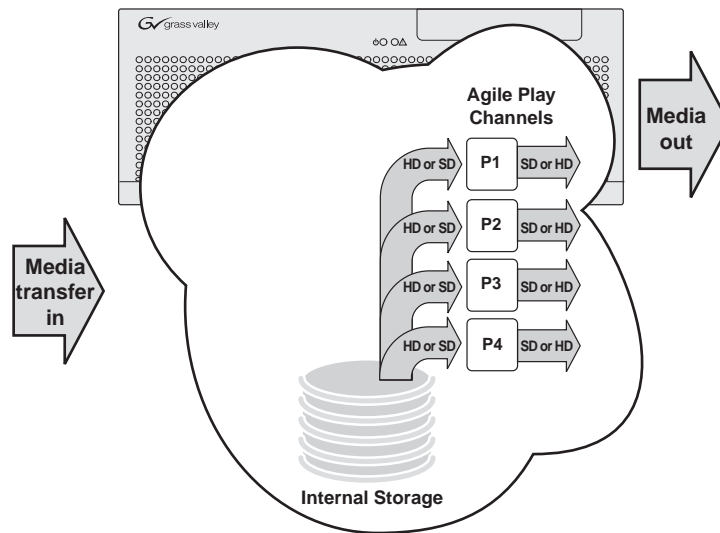


The illustration below shows the HD-03 with external storage. You can connect multiple HD-03 models or other external storage models to a K2 storage system to share a common pool of storage.

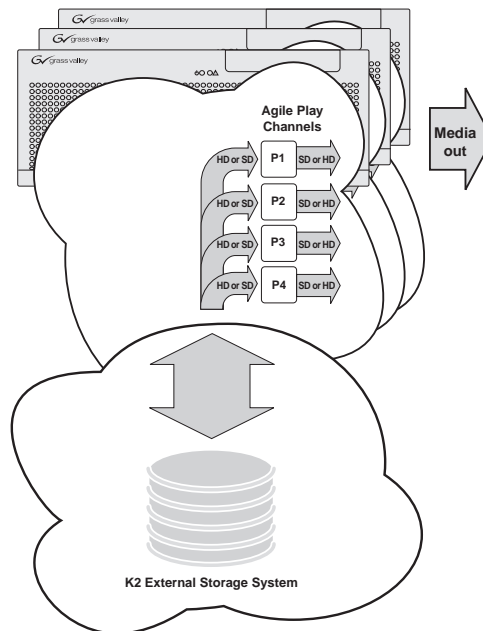


Introducing the HD-04

The HD-04 model has four output channels and internal storage. Output channels are Agile, in that you can configure each channel to output either SD or HD; the clips (either SD or HD) are automatically up-converted or down-converted accordingly. The illustration below shows the HD-04 with internal storage.

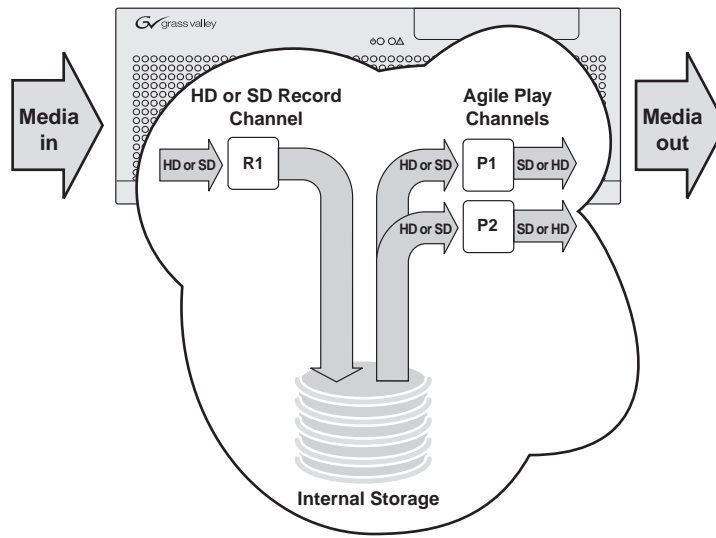


The illustration below shows the HD-04 with external storage. You can connect multiple HD-04 models or other external storage models to a K2 storage system to share a common pool of storage.

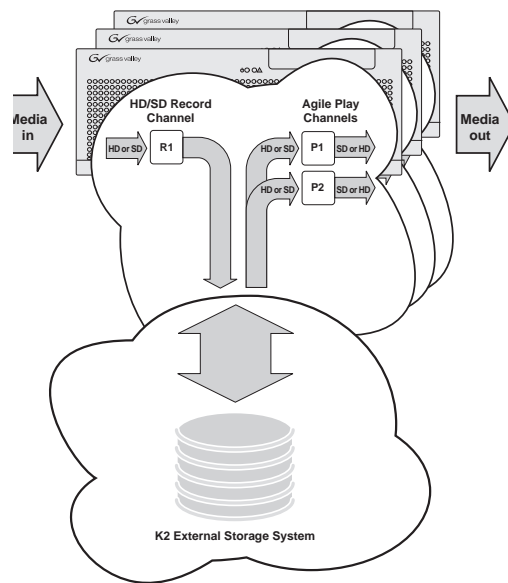


Introducing the HD-12

The HD-12 model has one input channel, two output channels, and internal storage. The input channel can be configured to record either SD or HD. Output channels are Agile, in that you can configure each channel to output either SD or HD; the clips (either SD or HD) are automatically up-converted or down-converted accordingly. The illustration below shows the HD-12 with internal storage.

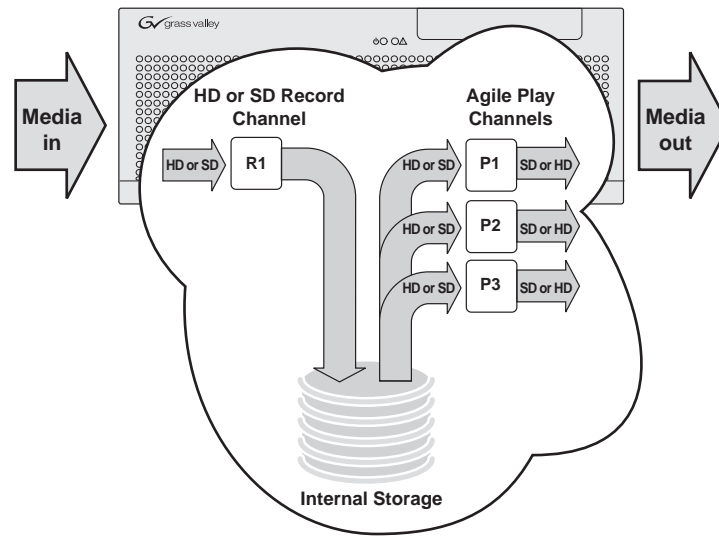


The illustration below shows the HD-12 with external storage. You can connect multiple HD-12 models or other external storage models to a K2 storage system to share a common pool of storage.

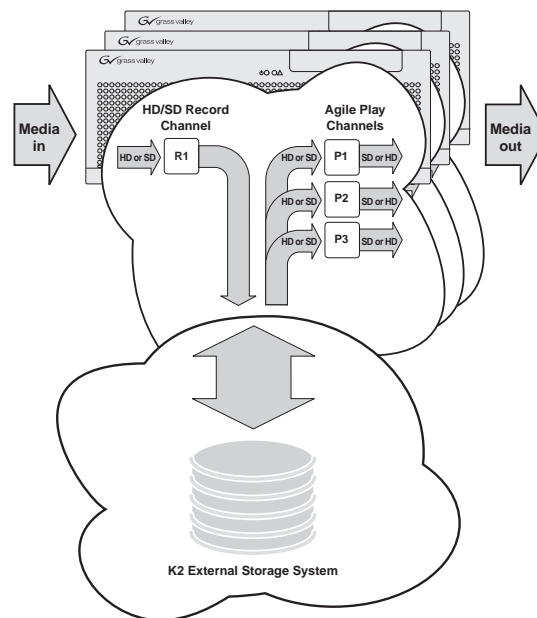


Introducing the HD-13

The HD-13 model has one input channel, three output channels, and internal storage. The input channel can be configured to record either SD or HD. Output channels are Agile, in that you can configure each channel to output either SD or HD; the clips (either SD or HD) are automatically up-converted or down-converted accordingly. The illustration below shows the HD-13 with internal storage.

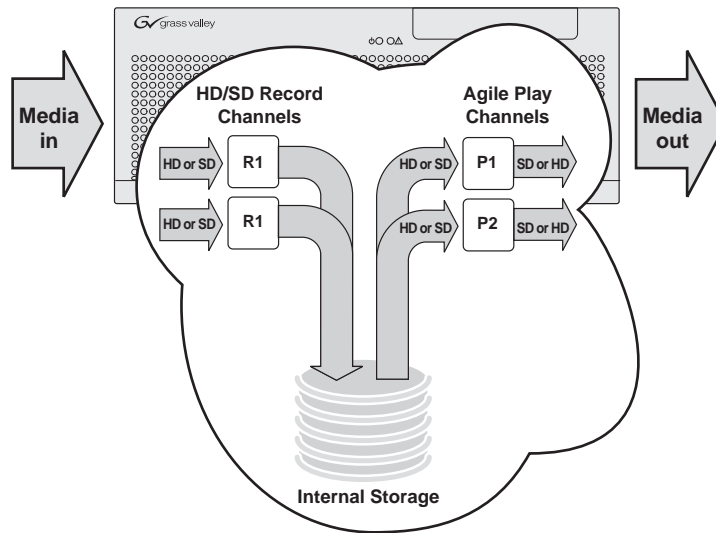


The illustration below shows the HD-13 with external storage. You can connect multiple HD-13 models or other external storage models to a K2 storage system to share a common pool of storage.

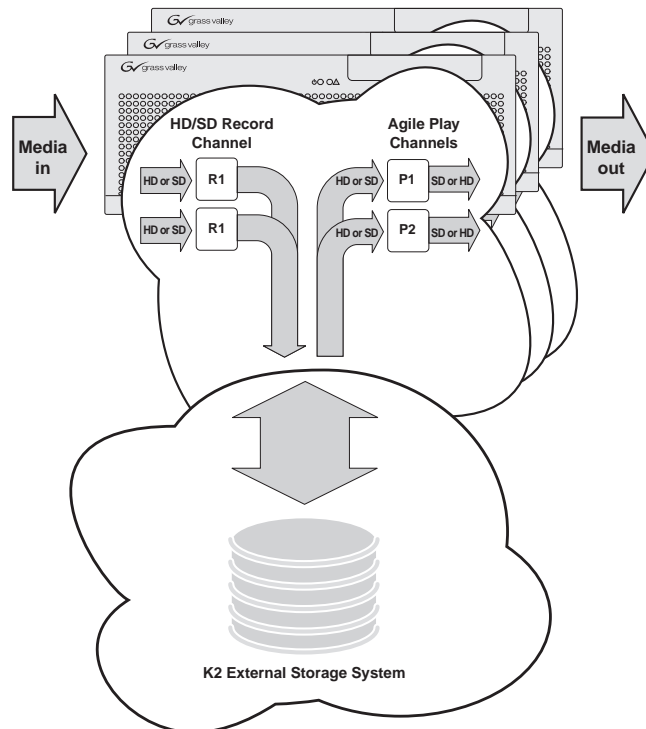


Introducing the HD-22

The HD-22 model has two input channels, two output channels, and internal storage. The input channels can be configured to record either SD or HD. Output channels are Agile, in that you can configure each channel to output either SD or HD; the clips (either SD or HD) are automatically up-converted or down-converted accordingly. The illustration below shows the HD-22 with internal storage.

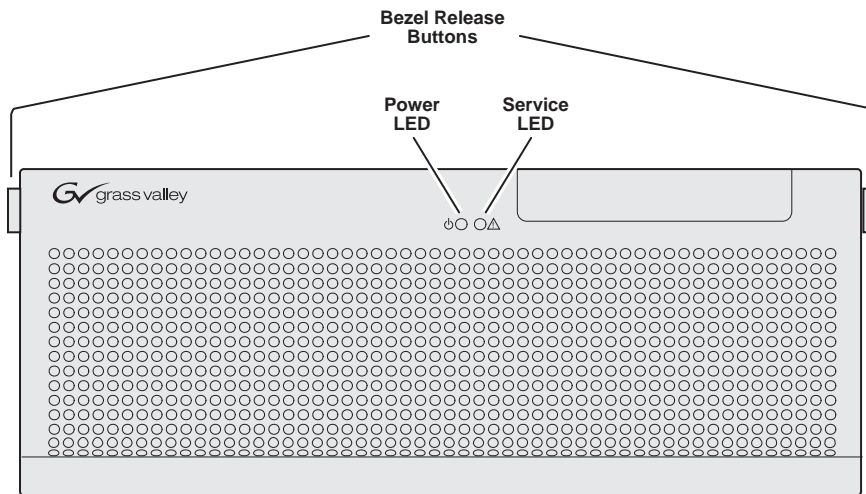


The illustration below shows the HD-22 with external storage. You can connect multiple HD-22 models or other external storage models to a K2 storage system to share a common pool of storage.

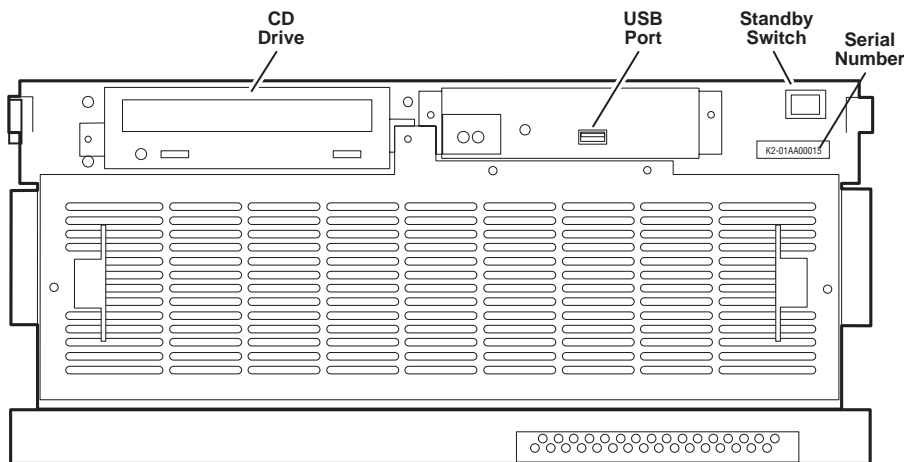


Front panel indicators

With the front bezel in place, the indicator LEDs are visible. The LEDs indicate the status of the machine. For example, when the Service LED is a steady yellow light, this could signify that one of the power cables is unplugged. For more information on indicator LEDs, see the *K2 Media Client Service Manual*.



With the front bezel flipped down, you have access to the standby switch, USB port, and the removable media drive.

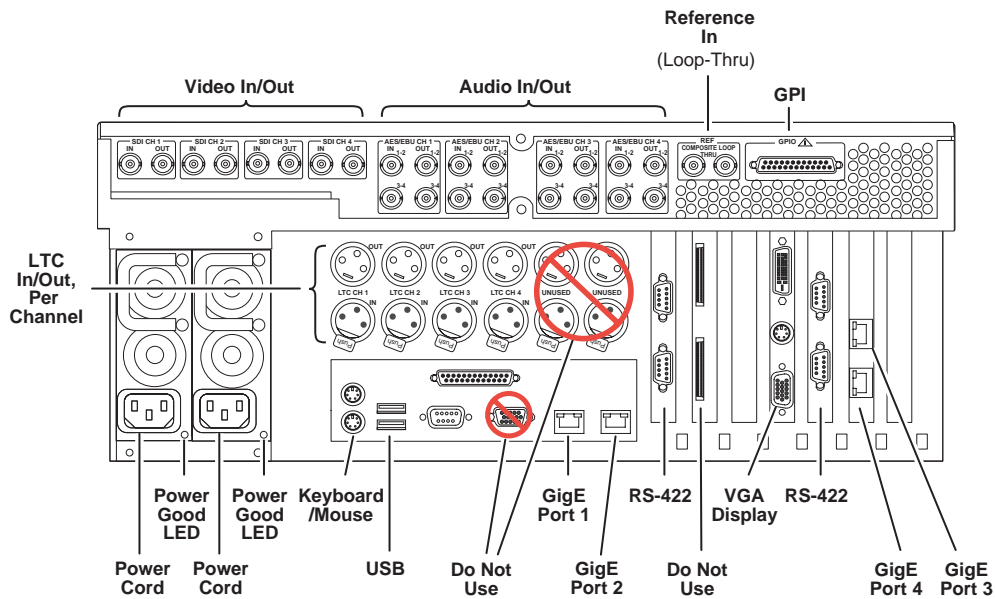


Rear panel view

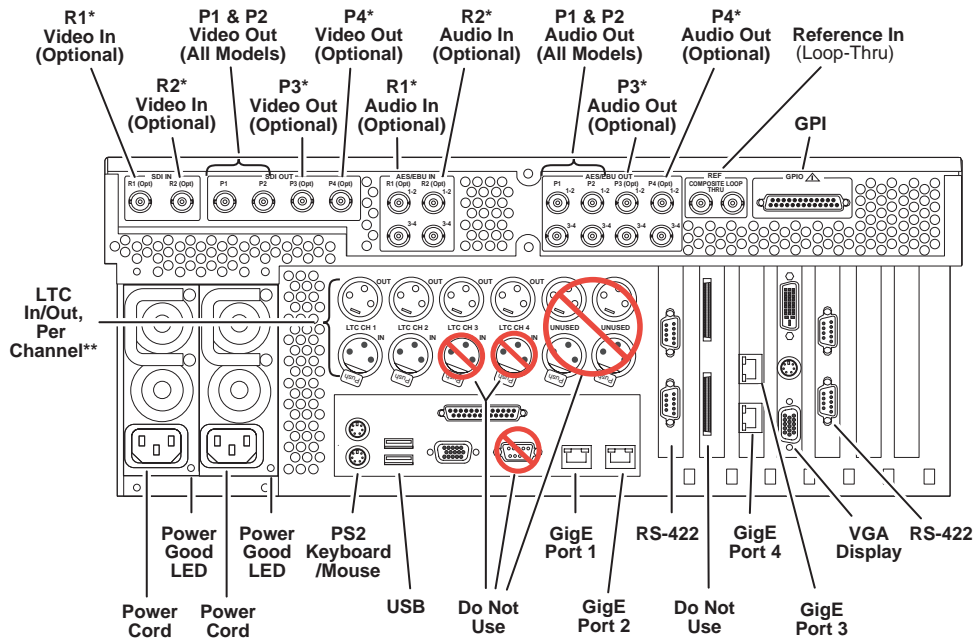
The following drawings identify the rear panel connectors and components. The cards are in different locations for the SD and HD/SD rear panels.

NOTE: In both the SD and HD/SD models, the GigE port 3/port 4 board can be replaced by an FC board (optional).

SD rear panel view



HD rear panel view



***Key to Optional Channels**

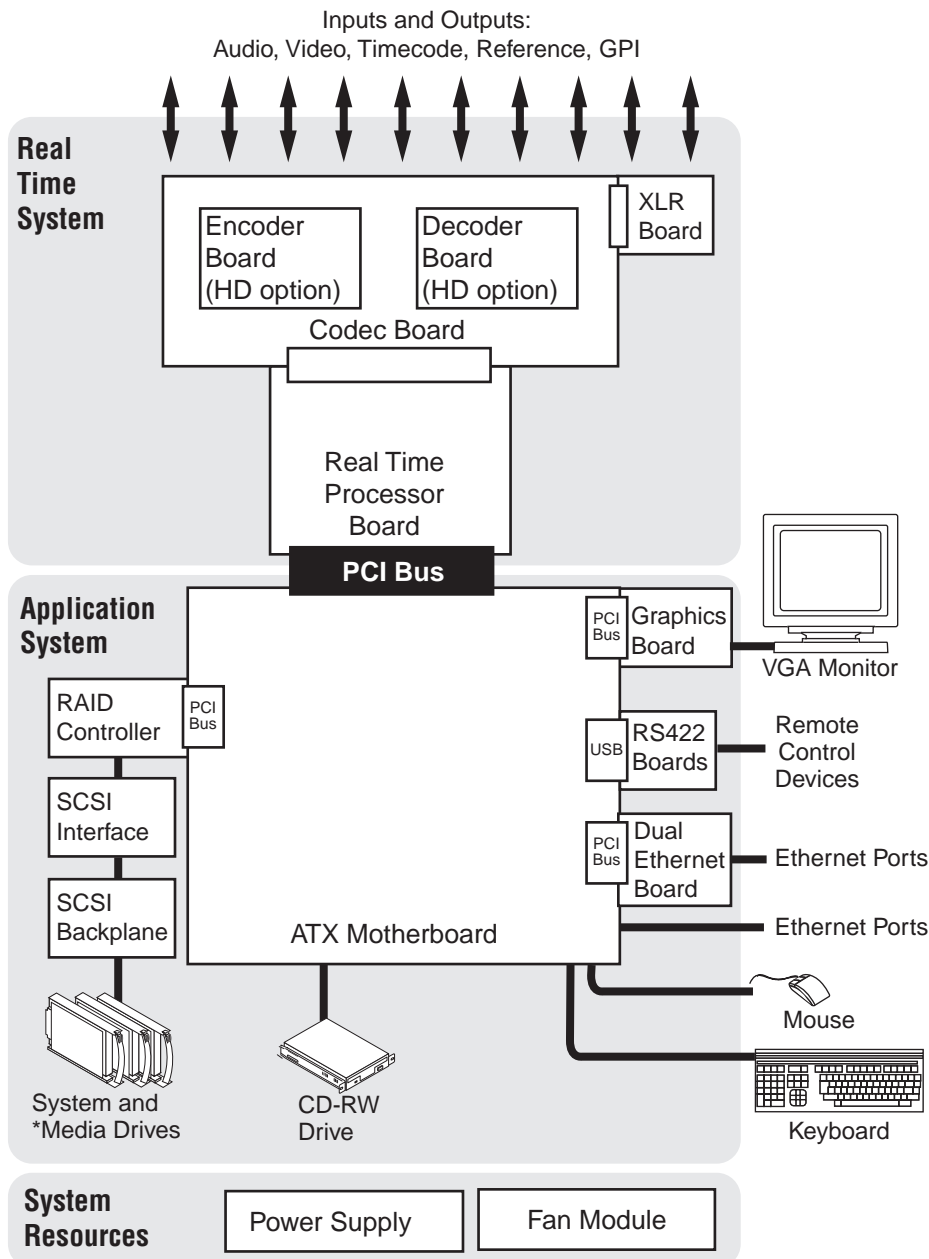
Channel	Models
R1	HD-12, HD-13
R2	HD-22
P1	All
P2	All
P3	HD-03, HD-04, HD-13
P4	HD-04

****Key to LTC Channels and Play/Record Channels**

LTC	Play/Record
CH 1 OUT =	P1
CH 1 IN =	R1
CH 2 OUT =	P2
CH 2 IN =	R2
CH 3 OUT =	P3
CH 3 IN =	Not used
CH 4 OUT =	P4
CH 4 IN =	Not used

K2 Media Client system overview

The K2 Media Client is a standard PCI bus-based Windows computer with extensive enhancements to provide the video disk recorder functionality. This section explains the major architectural blocks.



*Media Drives not in external storage models

Application System

The Application system architecture is similar to that of standard PC-type computers. It uses an ATX form factor motherboard that provides PCI board slots for expansion, built in Ethernet, and USB ports.

Standard boards are as follows:

- **Graphics Board** — This board provides enhanced performance for screen graphics and a connection for a VGA monitor.
- **RS422 Boards** — The K2 Media Client has two RS422 boards. These standard boards provide four RS-422 ports for connecting remote control devices.
- **Dual Ethernet Board** — This board provides additional Gigabit Ethernet ports, which are used for redundant connections.
- **RAID Controller** — This board provides the RAID functionality and SCSI connection for the internal disk drives. This includes both media and system drives for internal storage models, but just the RAID 1 pair of system drives for external storage models. The external ports on this board are not used.

The Application system uses a Windows operating system upon which all K2 Media Client applications run for configuration and control of the unit.

Real Time System

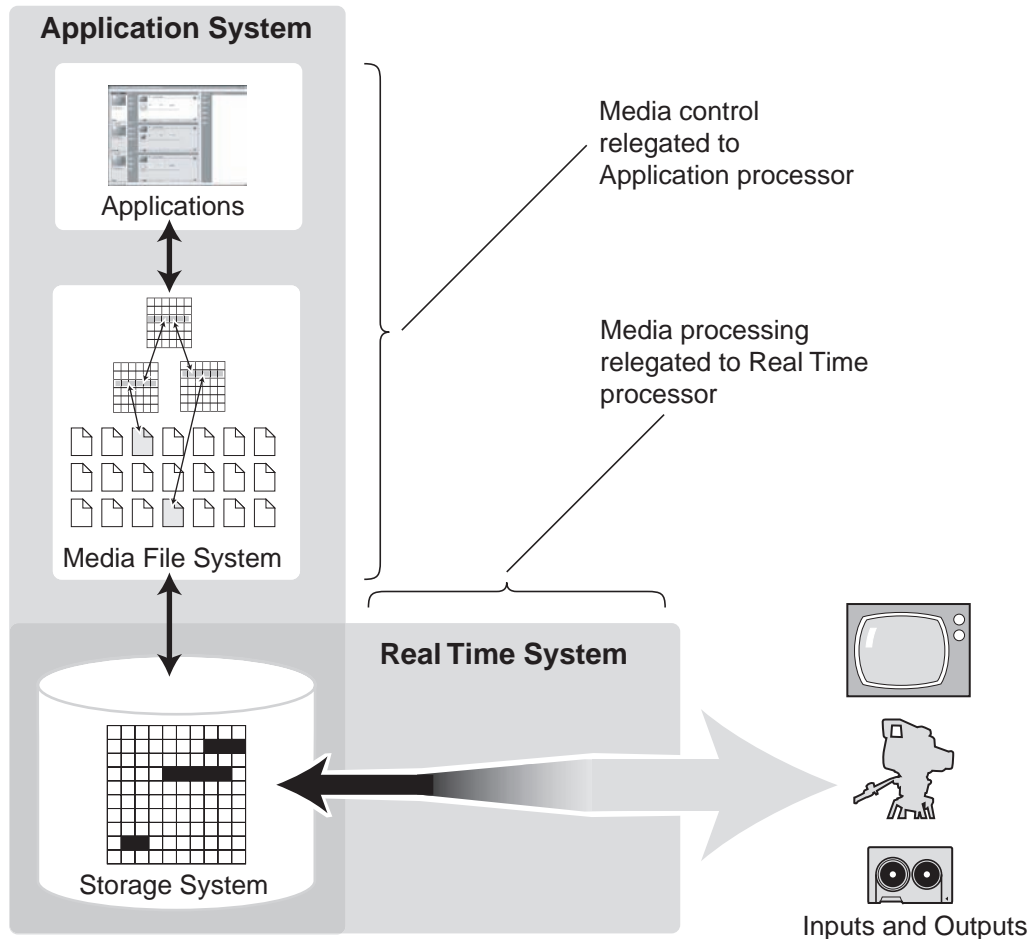
The Real Time system uses Grass Valley boards to provide the core video disk recorder functionality. Primary components are as follows:

- **Real Time Processor (RTP) Board** — This board provides a dedicated processor and connections for media access and processing. It functions as a riser board, connecting to the PCI slot below and the Codec board above.
- **Codec Board** — This board hosts the circuits responsible for encoding/decoding video and processing audio and timecode. It also provides the majority of the media-related input and output connectors.
- **XLR Board** — This board provides XLR connectors, which are used for LTC inputs and outputs. It is primarily an extension of the codec board to allow the space and orientation required for XLR connections.

The Real Time system uses a dedicated operating system. This operating system runs on the RTP board and manages all the hardware involved in controlling the flow of video, audio, timecode, genlock, and GPI in and out of the K2 Media Client.

Media control and processing

The following section explains how the Application system and the Real Time system work together to provide K2 Media Client functionality.



The high processing requirements of digital video can overwhelm the processor on a standard desktop PC, resulting in wait-times that destroy the video's essential real-time aspect. The K2 Media Client avoids this problem by providing dedicated systems that isolate processing needs. The components that work together to provide this functionality are as follows:

The **Application system** is, at its core, a conventional desktop PC-type system. In the K2 Media Client it is dedicated to control, configuration, and networking functions that do not require real-time accuracy. The Application system has the following components:

- Application software provides the user interface for operating the K2 Media Client. The software runs as Windows programs.
- The Media File system manages clips. It includes a database that associates the clip with its video, audio, and timecode files and a dedicated file system (separate from

the Windows file system) that controls access to the raw data that makes up each file. Any reading and writing of clips, be it through play and record operations or through file transfers and media streaming, is managed by the database. The database and file system run as Windows programs.

The **Storage system** includes the media disk drives, controllers, drivers, and adapters necessary for access and movement of the data. While the primary data flow is within the overall control of the Real Time system, some components and their communication pathways cross over into the Application system. For example, the RAID controller board plugs into the motherboard and accesses media drives in internal storage models, yet it is controlled by Windows. The media drives appear as the V: drive to the Windows operating system.

The **Real Time system** manages the media flow between the Storage system and the inputs and outputs. The Real Time system has a dedicated processor and time-sensitive mechanisms to serve media processing needs while maintaining real-time accuracy.

When you control play and record operations from within the Application system you trigger a chain of events that eventually crosses over into the Real Time system and results in media access. The following sequence is an example of this type of chain of events:

1. A user operates the Player application to play a particular clip. The Player application asks the Media File system for permission to access the clip. The Media File system grants access. In external storage models, the Media File system enforces shared storage policies in order to grant the access. When access is granted, the Player application initiates play access to the clip.
2. The database identifies the files that make up the clip and the file system instructs the Storage system to open access to the files.
3. The Storage system finds the raw data and opens the appropriate read access. At this point both the Application system and the Real Time system are involved. Windows controls the media drives and controllers, so the Real Time system makes file requests to Windows and it causes the data to be transferred to buffers on the Real Time processor. The data is then available to the Real Time system so that it can be processed at exactly the right time.
4. The Real Time system processes the media, decompresses it, adjusts its timing, and moves it as required to play the clip as specified by the user.

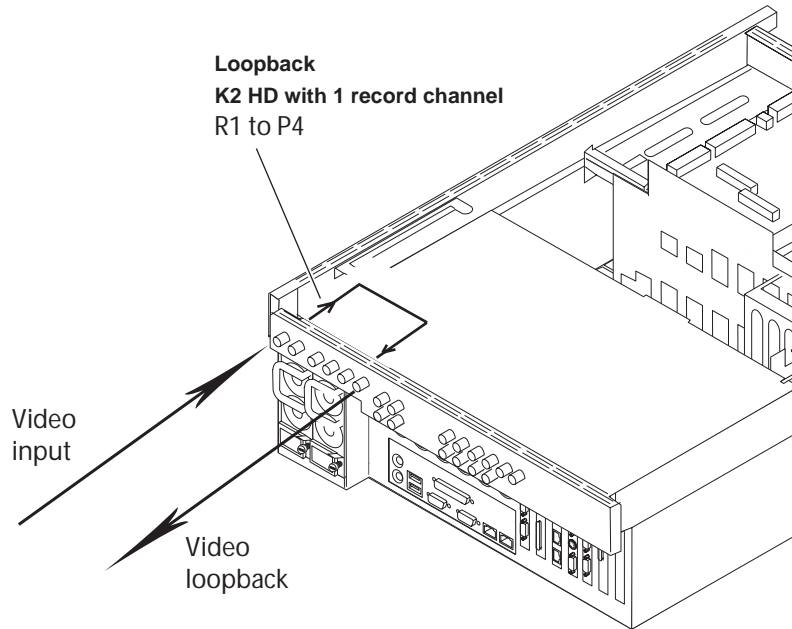
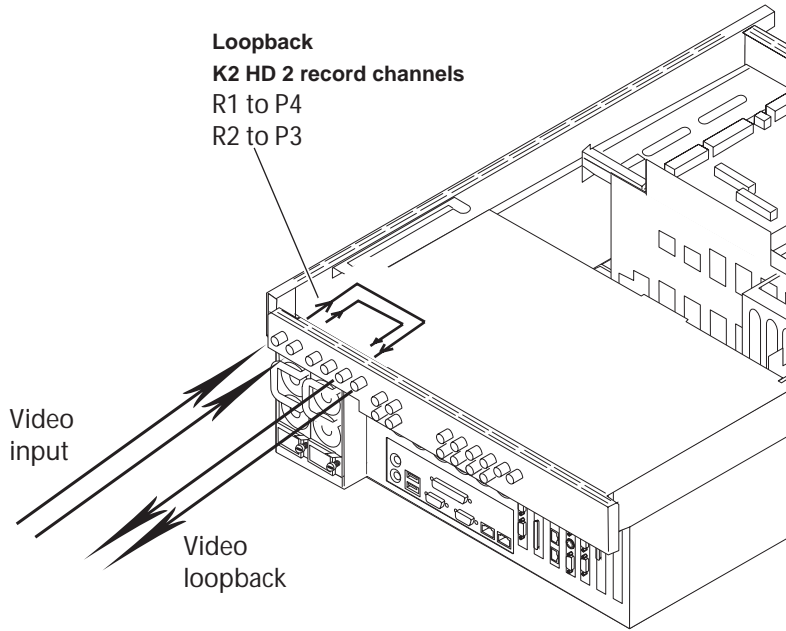
Video loopback

On SD-only models, the video, AES, and LTC inputs pass to their output connectors as loop through. This is on record channels only.

On HD/SD models, you can monitor the video that is being recorded. The video is routed back essentially untouched. Any ancillary data or embedded audio that is on the input video is still there on the loopback. The K2 system and the loop-back videos must be locked to a video reference for the loop-back feature to work properly.

NOTE: *The loopback path is for monitoring purposes only.*

The loopback mapping for HD/SD models is illustrated in the following diagrams.



Locations of rear panel boards

Boards are mapped to rear panel slots as follows:

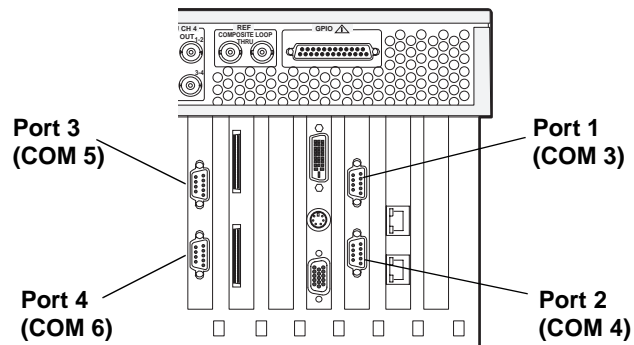
Board	Slot in SD-only models	Slot in HD/SD models	Comments
ATX Motherboard	—	—	—
Dual Ethernet ^a	2	5	Plugs into PCI bus
RS422	3	3	Occupies a rear panel slot but does not plug into a PCI bus.
Graphics	4	4	Plugs into PCI bus
RTP	5	2	Plugs into PCI bus
RAID controller	6	6	Plugs into PCI bus
RS422	7	7	Occupies a rear panel slot but does not plug into a PCI bus.

^aCan be replaced by an FC board (optional)

RS-422 ports

The Windows COM port assignments to the physical RS-422 port connectors on a K2 Media Client are described in the following illustration. For information on the relationship between RS-422 ports and K2 Media Client channels, see [“AMP TCP Interface” on page 76](#). For information about RS-422 connectors, see [“Connecting RS-422” on page 73](#). The RS-422 ports correspond to internal USB hubs. For more information on USB see [“Enabling and disabling the USB ports” on page 103](#).

NOTE: The designations *Port 1, Port 2, Port 3, Port 4* in this illustration refer to the enumeration of RS-422 connectors on the rear panel. Do not confuse this with other types of ports.



Ports used by K2 services

The following ports are used by the applications and system tools of the K2 family of products:

Port #	Type of connection	Service name	Description
49168	HTTP	Grass Valley	K2 System Configuration application connection between a control point PC and the K2 Storage System device configured. Both HTTP and TCP connections are required. Most functions use the HTTP connection, but a few functions that require longer time periods use TCP.
49169	TCP	K2 Config	
49170	HTTP	Grass Valley Transfer Queue Service	Transfer Manager connection between source system and destination system.
49171	TCP	Grass Valley AppService	AppCenter connection for connection between control point PC and K2 Media Client.
49172	HTTP	Grass Valley Storage Utility Host	Connection for Storage Utility between control point PC and K2 Media Client or K2 Media Server.

RAID drive numbering

RAID drives are numbered as follows. This numbering is displayed in Storage Utility and on the K2 Media Client chassis RAID drive labeling. You can see the labeling when you remove the fan module.

Drive numbering	Explanation
System Disk0_0	These two RAID drives make up LUN 0, which holds K2 Media Client system data and functions as the system drive. The system drive has three partitions. The partitions appear to the Windows operating system as C:, D:, and E: drives. Both internal storage models and external storage models have these two drives.
System Disk1_0	
Media Disk0_1	These two RAID drives make up LUN 1, which holds media data. The media file system lays down media data in a continuous stripe across this LUN and the other media LUNs. Internal storage models have these drives and the other media drives. External storage models do not have any media drives.
Media Disk1_1	
Media Disk0_2	These two RAID drives make up LUN 2, which holds media data.
Media Disk1_2	
Media Disk0_3	These two RAID drives make up LUN 3, which holds media data.
Media Disk1_3	
Media Disk0_4	These two RAID drives make up LUN 4, which holds media data.
Media Disk1_4	
Media Disk0_5	These two RAID drives make up LUN 5, which holds media data.
Media Disk1_5	

QuickTime support

Whenever a new, simple, DV-format clip is created on a K2 system, K2 software creates a corresponding QuickTime reference file. With the QuickTime reference file you can open the K2 clip with QuickTime tools for playback and editing.

The QuickTime reference file is created when the K2 clip's record or import operation is complete. Subsequent modifications to the K2 clip do not affect the QuickTime reference file.

All QuickTime related files are in the V:\assets directory. Mount this directory as read only. To open a QuickTime reference file, browse to V:\assets\<<bin name>\<clip name>\<clip name>.mov.

Finished material from QuickTime tools should be exported to the K2 system via FTP.

Using K2 Media Client system tools

Topics in the chapter include the following:

- “Configuration Manager” on page 41
- “K2 System Configuration” on page 42
- “Storage Utility” on page 44
- “NetCentral” on page 45
- “Windows Remote Desktop Connection” on page 45

Configuration Manager

The Configuration Manager is the primary configuration tool for a K2 Media Client. It makes settings that apply to the overall K2 Media Client system as well as settings that apply to individual channels.

Configuration Manager settings are stored in a database. When the K2 Media Client starts up it reads the current settings from the database and configures itself accordingly. When you modify a setting in Configuration Manager you must save the setting in order to update the database and reconfigure the K2 Media Client.

You can also save settings out of Configuration Manager into a configuration file, which is a stand-alone XML file. Likewise, you can load settings into Configuration Manager from a configuration file. However, you must use Configuration Manager as the means to save the settings to the database before the settings actually take effect. Configuration files are not linked directly to the database.

You can use configuration files as a means to back up your settings. You can also use configuration files to save several different groups of customized settings, each with a unique name, so that you can quickly load settings for specialized applications.

For Configuration Manager procedures, refer to the *K2 Media Client User Guide*.

Accessing Configuration Manager

You access Configuration Manager through AppCenter Workstation from either the local K2 Media Client or the control point PC. To access the configuration settings, open AppCenter and select **System | Configuration**.

Saving and restoring Configuration Manager settings

Settings can be saved as a configuration file. You can save any number of uniquely named custom configuration files. You can load a configuration file to restore system settings.

To save custom settings:

1. In the Configuration Manager, click the **Save** button.

The Save As dialog opens.

2. Use the up arrow or select folders to navigate to the folder in which you want to save the configuration file.

3. Enter a name for the configuration file.

Do not name the file *DefaultConfig.xml*, as this name is reserved for the factory default configuration file. Otherwise, standard Windows 2000 and up file naming restrictions apply.

4. Click **Save** and **Close**.

To restore custom settings:

1. If you want to save current settings, you should save them as a configuration file before continuing.

2. In the Configuration Manager, click the **Load** button.

The Open dialog opens.

3. Use the up arrow or select folders to navigate to the custom configuration file.

4. Select the custom configuration file.

5. Click **Open**.

The custom settings are loaded into Configuration Manager, but they have not been saved and put into effect.

6. Click **OK** to save and apply settings, and to close the Configuration Manager.

Restoring default Configuration Manager settings

You can restore factory default settings as follows:

- You can restore some individual settings or groups of settings by selecting the **Default** button which appears below the settings in the configuration screen.
- You can restore all the settings in Configuration Manager at once to their default values as explained in the following procedure.

To restore all settings at once to their default values:

1. If you want to save current settings you should work through the previous procedure [“Saving and restoring Configuration Manager settings”](#) before proceeding.

2. In the Configuration Manager dialog, click **Restore**.

The default settings are loaded into Configuration Manager, but they have not yet been saved and put into effect.

3. Click **OK** to save settings and close Configuration Manager.

K2 System Configuration

The K2 System Configuration application (K2 Config) is the primary tool for configuring the K2 Storage System. Once the devices of the storage system are cabled and are communicating on the control network, you can do all the configuration required to create a working K2 Storage System using the K2 System Configuration application.

After your K2 Storage System is initially installed and configured, as instructed in the installation chapters in the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual*, if you need to reconfigure the system you should do so using the K2 System Configuration Application. This enforces consistent policy and sequencing for reconfiguration tasks, which makes the system easier to maintain and aids in troubleshooting should a problem arise.

The K2 System Configuration application runs on a control point PC and accesses the devices of the K2 Storage System via the control network. You can configure the devices of the K2 Storage System as follows:

- K2 Media Client and K2 Media Server — These devices are configured directly by the K2 System Configuration application.
- K2 Level 2 RAID and Level 3 RAID storage devices — The K2 System Configuration application launches a remote instance of Storage Utility, which configures RAID storage devices. Storage Utility components run on the K2 Media Server and the configuration actually takes place via the Fibre Channel connection between the K2 Media Server and the RAID storage device.
- K2 Level 1 device — The media server parameters are configured by the K2 System Configuration application while the RAID storage parameters are configured by Storage Utility.
- Ethernet switches — The K2 System Configuration application can launch a switch's web-based configuration application.

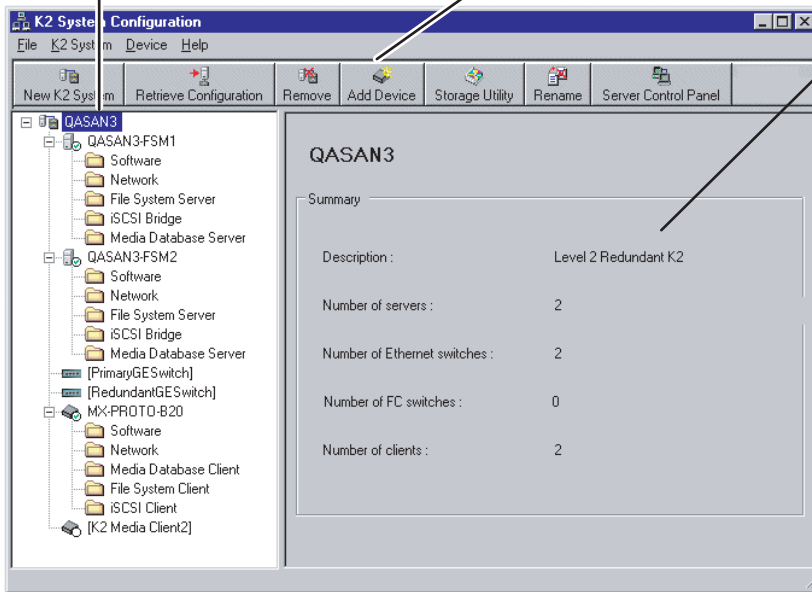
To open the K2 System Configuration application do the following:

1. On the control point PC open the K2 System Configuration application shortcut on the desktop. The K2 System Configuration application log in dialog box opens.
2. Log in using the designated administrator account for configuring K2 Storage System devices. By default this account is as follows:
Username: administrator
Password: adminK2
3. The K2 System Configuration application opens.

When you select a K2 storage system, device, or subsystem in the tree view...

Toolbar buttons are displayed according to operations available...

And related information and configuration controls appear.



If you have one or more K2 Storage Systems currently configured, the K2 System Configuration application displays the systems in the tree view.

If you have not yet configured a K2 Storage System, the K2 System Configuration application opens with the tree view blank. Refer to the installation chapters in the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* to add and configure a new K2 Storage System.

You can expand and select nodes in the tree view to view K2 Storage Systems, individual devices, and configuration settings. When you do so, the K2 System Configuration application displays information as found in a configuration file, rather than continuously polling devices to get their latest information. The configuration file is saved on the V: drive, along with the media files in the shared storage system. The configuration file is updated and saved whenever you change a configuration using the K2 System Configuration application. That is why you must always use the K2 System Configuration application to change settings on the storage system, so the most recently changed configurations will always be stored in the configuration file and displayed.

Storage Utility

You should be aware that there are two versions of Storage Utility:

- Storage Utility for the K2 Storage System.
- Storage Utility for internal storage K2 Media Client models

This manual explains Storage Utility for internal storage K2 Media Client models. Refer to the *K2 External Storage Instruction Manual* to learn about Storage Utility for the K2 Storage System.

NOTE: *Do not run Storage Utility on an external storage K2 Media Client. For external storage, run Storage Utility only via the K2 System Configuration application.*

The Storage Utility is your primary access to the media file system, the media database, and the media disks of the K2 Media Client for configuration, maintenance, and repair. It is launched from AppCenter workstation.



CAUTION: *Use the Storage Utility only as directed by a documented procedure or by Grass Valley Support. If used improperly, the Storage Utility can render your K2 Media Client inoperable or result in the loss of all your media.*

Refer to [Chapter 4, Managing Internal Storage](#) for Storage Utility procedures.

NOTE: *Do not use the “Power Console Plus” (PCP) utility on a K2 Media Client. This utility is for use by qualified Grass Valley Service personnel only. When this utility is opened it scans the SCSI bus and interferes with record and play operations.*

NetCentral

NetCentral is Grass Valley’s monitoring application. The NetCentral server component runs on a NetCentral server PC, which could also be a K2 system control point PC. The K2 Media Client report status, primarily via Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), to NetCentral on the NetCentral server PC.

Refer to the *NetCentral User Guide* to get the NetCentral system installed and operating. You must install a NetCentral device provider on the NetCentral server PC for each type of device you are monitoring. For detailed information about setting up and monitoring each type of device, go to the NetCentral **Help** menu and read the online help for the device-type.

NOTE: *NetCentral is optional if you are using a K2 Media Client with internal storage only. NetCentral is required if you are using a K2 Media Client with a shared storage system.*

Windows Remote Desktop Connection

You can connect to a K2 Media Client, a K2 Media Server, or a K2 Level 1 device remotely using the Microsoft Windows Remote Desktop Connection application. Do not use the Remote Desktop Connection to access the PC running the Control Point software or to access the AppCenter application; results may be unreliable. Also, take care when accessing an online K2 system on which media access is underway. The additional load on network and system resources could cause unpredictable results.

You can use either the name or the IP address to access the K2 system.

NOTE: Before you can use the *Remote Desktop Connection*, you need network access and permissions to connect to the K2 system.

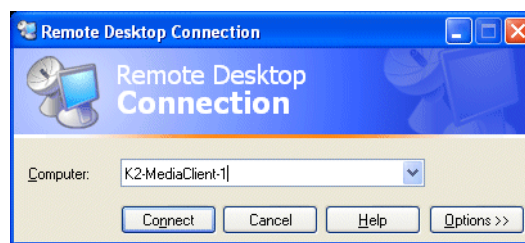
To access the Remote Desktop Connection, follow these steps:

1. Click the **Start** button on the Windows task bar

—or—

Press the Windows key  on the keyboard.

2. Select **Programs | Accessories | Communications | Remote Desktop Connection**. The Remote Desktop dialog box displays.



3. Enter the name or IP address of the K2 system and click the **Connect** button. Alternately, you can click the down arrow of the text box and browse for the K2 system or select a previously entered computer.

System connections and configuration

This chapter applies to “online” K2 systems, which includes internal storage K2 Media Clients and K2 Storage Systems (with connected external storage K2 Media Clients) Levels 1, 2, 3, and 4.

This chapter contains the following topics:

- [“Network connections and configuration”](#)
- [“Modifying network settings”](#)
- [“Using FTP for file transfer”](#)
- [“Connecting RS-422”](#)
- [“AMP TCP Interface”](#)
- [“Connecting GPI”](#)

Refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* for information about the Nearline K2 Storage System, which is considered an “offline” K2 system.

Network connections and configuration

Refer to the following list of procedures, then perform the ones required to set up the Gigabit (1GBaseT) Ethernet network for your application:

- [“Cable requirements”](#)
Lists the requirements for Ethernet cables.
- [“About Ethernet ports and teaming”](#)
Explains the default configuration of the Ethernet ports.
- [“Connecting the Ethernet network cabling”](#)
Shows how to connect the K2 Media Client to an Ethernet network using the standard 1GBaseT ports.
- [“Data and streaming for K2 systems”](#) Contains instructions for configuring the network connection to support the following:
 - Remote control of the K2 Media Client with AppCenter or with remote protocol applications over Ethernet.
 - Streaming media transfers between K2 systems.
 - Standard data network capability

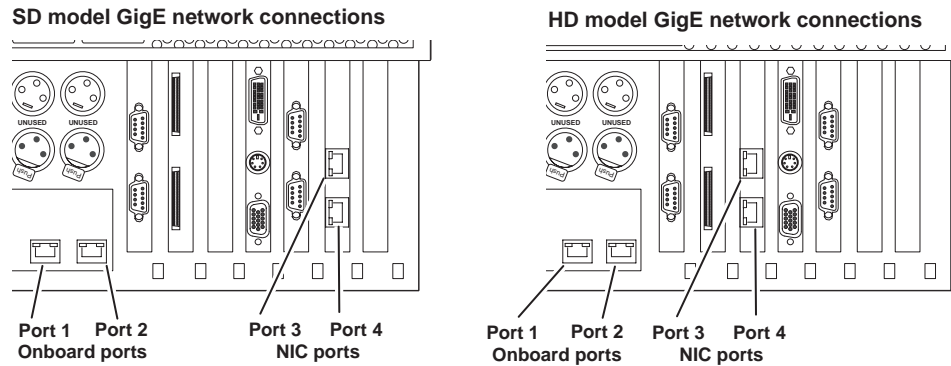
Cable requirements

For making Ethernet connections, cabling must meet the following requirements:

- CAT5 or higher
- Maximum cable length is 50 meters

About Ethernet ports and teaming

The K2 Media Client has four Gigabit Ethernet ports: two on the motherboard and two on the Network Interface Card. The location of the ports is different for the SD and the HD/SD K2 Media Clients.



On internal storage models, the four ports are independent ports, each with the same configuration. Ports are not teamed at the factory. However, if you chose to team ports to provide redundancy, do so only as instructed in [“Teaming Ethernet ports on internal storage models” on page 58](#).

On external storage models, the first port on the motherboard (Port 1) and the first port on the Gigabit Ethernet card (Port 3) are configured at the factory as a teamed pair. This is the Control Team. The teamed pair appears to the network as a single adapter with one IP address. Do not modify this teaming configuration. If you need to reset teaming to factory specifications, refer to the *K2 Media Client Service Manual*.

On external storage models, the second port on the motherboard (port 2) and the second port on the Gigabit Ethernet card (port 4) are left as independent ports (unteamed). These are the media ports, used for iSCSI traffic only. Refer to [Chapter 7, External Storage](#) and to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* for more information about the media ports.

Connecting the Ethernet network cabling

This section is divided into two parts:

[“Connecting the network cabling for K2 Media Clients with internal storage” on page 48](#)

[“Connecting the network cabling for K2 Media Clients with external \(shared\) storage” on page 49](#)

Connecting the network cabling for K2 Media Clients with internal storage

On a K2 Media Client with internal storage, port 1 is the control port, used to transmit command information, AMP protocols, etc. Connect the control network to port 1.

Port 2 is used for FTP/streaming transfers. Connect the FTP/streaming network to port 2. Refer to [“Using FTP for file transfer” on page 68](#) for more information about the FTP/streaming network.

Do not use ports 3 and 4 on a K2 Media Client with internal storage, except if you have teamed your ports. Refer to [“Teaming Ethernet ports on internal storage models” on page 58](#).

Connecting the network cabling for K2 Media Clients with external (shared) storage

In the K2 Media Client with shared storage, ports 1 and 3 are the control team, used to transmit control information, while port 2 and port 4 (not teamed) are used for iSCSI traffic, which is the recording or playing of media.

Control Network

For a non-redundant K2 Storage System, make a control connection from the GigE switch to port 1.

For a redundant K2 Storage System, make a control connection from the “A” GigE switch to port 1 and a control connection from the “B” GigE switch to port 3.

Media/iSCSI network

For a non-redundant K2 Storage System, connect the media/iSCSI network to port 2.

For a redundant K2 Storage System, connect the “A” media/iSCSI network to port 2 and the “B” media/iSCSI network to port 4.

Refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* for more information.

Data and streaming for K2 systems

After making 1GBaseT network connections as described in [“Connecting the Ethernet network cabling” on page 48](#), use the following procedure to configure the network settings. Once configured, you can perform the following tasks:

- General networking tasks such as file sharing and mapping network drives.
- Remote control and configuration of the K2 Media Client using AppCenter workstation from a control point PC.
- Remote control of the K2 Media Client using devices and applications software developed for the K2 Media Client that use industry standard remote control protocols over Ethernet.
- Stream media transfers between K2 systems and other supported Grass Valley systems. Streaming transfers allow loading and playing a clip before the transfer is complete.

Setting up the K2 system for FTP/streaming transfer has the following network requirements:

- For internal storage K2 Media Clients, the K2 Media Client itself is the source/destination for FTP/streaming transfers. FTP/streaming traffic uses the FTP GigE port on the K2 Media Client.
- For K2 Media Clients with external (shared) storage on a K2 Storage System, a K2 Media Server is the source/destination for FTP/streaming transfers. FTP/streaming traffic uses the FTP GigE port on the K2 Media Server. No transfers go to/from the external storage K2 Media Client directly.
- Some kind of name resolution process must be followed. You must either reference

host names through hosts files located on each networked device or edit the DNS entries. To edit the DNS entries, see your network administrator. To set up host files, see [“Connecting the Ethernet network cabling” on page 48](#).

- The host name of all peer K2 systems, M-Series, and Profile XP systems must be added to a Remote host registry using the K2 Media Client Configuration Manager.
- To import to or export from a K2 system, both the source and destination need to be in the same domain.

This procedure guides you to relevant settings, but does not instruct you on the specific settings required for your network. It is assumed that you understand Ethernet networks in general and your particular network needs and that you can apply that understanding to make the required settings using standard Windows procedures. If you need help with these procedures, contact your network administrator.

Configure Windows network settings

Topics in this section include the following:

- [“Configure Windows network settings for K2 Media Client with internal storage” on page 50](#)
- [“Configure Windows network settings for K2 Media Clients with shared storage” on page 52](#)
- [“Set up hosts files” on page 53](#)
- [“Add network hosts names for streaming” on page 56](#)



CAUTION: *The K2 Media Client is not a general purpose Windows workstation. The Windows configuration on the K2 system has been specifically set for use as a real time device. To avoid partial or total system failure, do not modify any operating system settings unless approved by Grass Valley, including but not limited to the following:*

- *Do not use the User Manager*
- *Do not use the Disk Administrator*
- *Do not load any third party software*
- *Do not install any Windows updates other than “Critical Updates and Service Packs” without contacting Grass Valley Product Support. (See [“Security considerations” on page 99](#).)*

Configure Windows network settings for K2 Media Client with internal storage

The internal storage K2 Media Client ships from the factory DHCP configured. If your control network has DHCP/DNS and you are satisfied to use the factory default K2 Media Client host name (which is the serial number), then no local configuration of the control connection is required.

There are special name resolution requirements for the FTP/streaming network. If you require FTP/streaming transfers for the internal storage K2 Media Client, refer to [“Streaming video between K2 systems” on page 53](#) to determine your method of providing this name resolution and the configuration required.

If the Windows network settings for the internal storage K2 Media Client need to be configured, you must have Windows administrator security privileges on the K2 Media Client.

To configure network settings on an internal storage K2 Media Client, do the following:

1. Access the Windows desktop on the K2 system. You can do this locally with a connected keyboard, mouse, and monitor or remotely via the Windows Remote Desktop Connection.
2. Open the Network Connections dialog box:
 - In the Windows Classic view, select **Start | Settings | Network Connections**
 - In the Windows XP view, select **Start | Control Panel | Network Connections**
3. Continue with standard Windows procedures to configure the TCP/IP protocol properties. You can set up the network using DHCP, DNS, WINS, or other standard networking mechanisms.

NOTE: On small networks or networks with certain security policies a DHCP server or domain name server (DNS) might not be available. In this case you can set up a static IP address and create a Host file on each K2 system. The Host file specifies a device name for each IP address used on the network. Refer to the Windows documentation or your network administrator for more information.

4. Configure the control connection on the internal storage K2 Media Client as follows:
 - On a system with the factory default network configurations, configure the network connection with the following name:
Control Connection #1
This is GigE port 1 on the rear panel.
 - If you have teamed your ports, configure the network connection with the following name:
Control Team
This is GigE ports 1 and 3 on the rear panel. Refer to [“Teaming Ethernet ports on internal storage models” on page 58](#) for more information about teaming.

CAUTION: Under no circumstances should you modify the loopback adapter. The loopback IP address is 192.168.200.200. Keep that IP address reserved on your network. Don't assign it to any other device. (If this causes conflicts with your existing network, consult your Grass Valley representative.)

5. Configure the FTP/streaming connection (if needed) on the internal storage K2 Media Client. This connection must have an IP address that is on a different subnet from the control connection. Configure as follows:
 - On a system with the factory default network configurations, configure the network connection with the following name:
Media Connection #1
This is GigE port 2 on the rear panel.
 - If you have teamed your ports, configure the network connection with the

following name:

FTP Team

This is GigE ports 2 and 4 on the rear panel. Refer to [“Teaming Ethernet ports on internal storage models” on page 58](#) for more information about teaming.

6. If prompted, shutdown and restart Windows.
7. If you are going to FTP/stream video between K2 systems, proceed to [“Streaming video between K2 systems”](#); otherwise, the K2 system is ready for standard data networking tasks.

Configure Windows network settings for K2 Media Clients with shared storage

The only network configuration that you must do on an external (shared) storage K2 Media Client is for the control connection. Once the control connection is configured, you use it to connect to the K2 Media Client from the control point PC and then use the K2 System Configuration application to do the remainder of the network configuration.

The K2 Media Client ships from the factory DHCP configured. If the control network you are using with your K2 Storage System has DHCP/DNS and you are satisfied to use the factory default K2 Media Client host name (which is the serial number), then no local configuration of the control connection is required.

If the control connection needs to be configured, you must have Windows administrator security privileges on the K2 Media Client.

To configure the control connection on the external storage K2 Media Client, do the following:

1. Access the Windows desktop on the K2 system. You can do this locally with a connected keyboard, mouse, and monitor or remotely via the Windows Remote Desktop Connection.
2. Open the Network Connections dialog box:
 - In the Windows Classic view, select **Start | Settings | Network Connections**
 - In the Windows XP view, select **Start | Control Panel | Network Connections**
3. Continue with standard Windows procedures to configure the TCP/IP protocol properties. You have the following options to set up the control network:
 - You can set up the network using DHCP, DNS, WINS, or other standard networking mechanisms.
 - You can use host tables for name resolution. There are special name resolution requirements for the FTP/streaming network, so if you decide to use host tables for the control network, you should be aware of these requirements. Refer to the [“Streaming video between K2 systems” on page 53](#) and the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* for a complete discussion of host tables.
4. Configure the control connection on the external storage K2 Media Client. In the Network Connections window, it is the connection with the following name:

Control Team

This is GigE ports 1 and 3 on the rear panel.

Do not attempt to configure connections named *Control Connection #1* or *Control Connection #2*, as these have been combined in the Control Team.

CAUTION: Be sure to configure only the connection that is labelled “Control Team” in the Name column. Under no circumstances should you modify the loopback adapter. The loopback IP address is 192.168.200.200. Keep that IP address reserved on your network. Don’t assign it to any other device. (If this causes conflicts with your existing network, consult your Grass Valley representative.)

5. Do not configure connections named *Media Connection #1* or *Media Connection #2*, as these are reserved for the external storage media (iSCSI) network and should only be configured using the K2 System Configuration application. Refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual*.
6. If prompted, shutdown and restart Windows.
7. You must add the external storage K2 Media Client to the K2 Storage System. Refer to [Chapter 7, External Storage](#).
8. If you are going to stream video between K2 systems, proceed to [“Streaming video between K2 systems”](#).

Streaming video between K2 systems

It is required that FTP/streaming traffic be on a separate subnet from control traffic and, in the case of a K2 Storage System with external storage K2 Media Clients, separate from media (iSCSI) traffic. IP addresses for FTP/streaming ports must have double name resolution such that hostnames are appended with the “_he0” suffix. You can use host tables or another mechanism, such as DNS, to provide the name resolution. This directs the streaming traffic to the correct port.

In most K2 systems, network name resolution is provided by host tables. The following procedure describes how to set up hosts tables to provide name resolution for both the control network and the FTP/streaming network. If you are using other mechanisms for name resolution, use the host table examples here to guide you. For external storage K2 Media Clients, also refer to the *K2 Storage Instruction Manual* for a discussion of host tables.

Set up hosts files

Set up a hosts file located in `c:\WINDOWS\system32\drivers\etc\hosts` on each K2 system. If you include the names and addresses of all the systems on all the network, then you can copy this information to all the machines instead of entering it in the hosts file on each machine.

To provide the required name resolution for the FTP/streaming network, in the host file each system that is a transfer source/destination has its host name listed twice: once for the control network and once for the FTP/streaming network. The host name for the streaming network has the extension “_he0” after the name. The K2 systems use this information to keep the FTP/streaming traffic separate from the control traffic.

For FTP transfers to/from a K2 Storage System (SAN), transfers go to/from K2 Media Servers that have the role of FTP server. No transfers go directly to/from the external storage K2 Media Clients that are on the K2 Storage System. So in the hosts file, you must add the “_he0” extension to a K2 Media Server hostname and associate that hostname with the K2 Media Server’s FTP/streaming network IP address.

One optional step is to provide “error correction” aliasing for external storage (SAN) K2 Media Clients as well. For each external storage K2 Media Client, add the “_he0” extension to the hostname but then associate that hostname with the K2 Media **Server’s** FTP/streaming network IP address, **not** the K2 Media **Client’s** IP address. Aliasing K2 Media Client hostnames in this way would not be required if the transfer source/destination was always correctly specified as the K2 Media Server. However, a common mistake is to attempt a transfer in which the source/destination is incorrectly specified as the K2 Media Client. This “error correction” host file aliasing redirects to the K2 Media Server, which is the correct transfer source/destination. Use this technique with caution, as it can mask transfer problems and hamper your ability to troubleshoot and find the root cause.

To see an example of a K2 Media Client configuration setup and hosts file, refer to the [“Sample K2 Media Client configuration and hosts file” on page 55](#). Otherwise, proceed with the following steps to set up your hosts file.

On each K2 system, set up the hosts file as follows:

1. Open the following file using Notepad or some other text editor.

```
c:\WINDOWS\system32\drivers\etc\hosts
```

2. Enter text in two lines for each K2 system that is a transfer source/destination.
 - a. Type the IP address for the control network, then use the TAB key or Space bar to insert a few spaces.
 - b. Type the machine name, such as **K2-MediaClient**. This sets up the host file for resolving the machine name on the control network. The machine name cannot have any spaces in it.
 - c. On the next line, type the IP address for the FTP/streaming network, then use the TAB key or Space bar to insert a few spaces.
 - d. Type the machine name followed by the characters “_he0”. Be sure to use the zero character, not the letter ‘o’. Refer to the following example:

```
10.16.42.10 K2-MediaClient
10.0.0.10 K2-MediaClient_he0
```

3. If you choose to add the “error correction” aliasing to the FTP/streaming network line for a K2 Media Server, do so as in the following example:

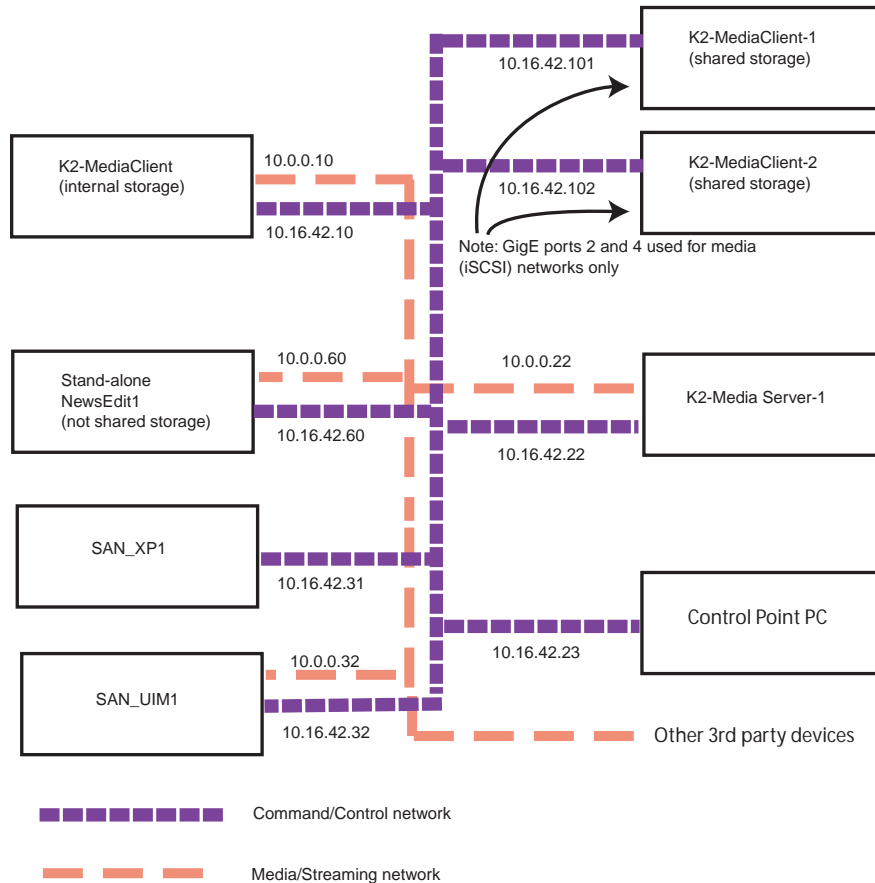
```
10.0.0.22 K2-MediaServer-1_he0 K2-MediaClient-1_he0 K2-MediaClient-2_he0
```

4. For systems that are not a transfer source/destination, the second line (for the FTP/streaming network) is not required.
5. If there are UIM systems on the FTP/streaming network, make sure you follow the UIM naming conventions. Refer to the *UIM Instruction Manual*.
6. Once you have added the host names for all the systems on the networks for which the host file provides name resolution, save the file and exit the text editor.

7. Copy the new hosts file onto all the other machine to save you editing it again.
8. Proceed to “Add network hosts names for streaming”.

Sample K2 Media Client configuration and hosts file

The following diagram illustrates one possible configuration setup, with both a K2 Media Client with internal storage and a K2 Media Client with shared storage, as well as other Grass Valley systems.



The following example shows the contents of a default Windows hosts file with new lines added that match the IP addresses and host names in the previous sample diagram.

All lines beginning with a # are comments and can be ignored or deleted.

```
# Copyright (c) 1993-1995 Microsoft Corp.
# This is a sample HOSTS file used by Microsoft TCP/IP for Windows.
# This file contains the mappings of IP addresses to host names. Each
# entry should be kept on an individual line. The IP address should
# be placed in the first column followed by the corresponding host name.
# The IP address and the host name should be separated by at least one
# space.
```

```
# Additionally, comments (such as these) may be inserted on individual
# lines or following the machine name denoted by a '#' symbol.
#
# For example:
# 102.54.94.97 rhino.acme.com # source server
# 38.25.63.10 x.acme.com # x client host

127.0.0.1 localhost

10.16.42.10 K2-MediaClient
10.0.0.10 K2-MediaClient_he0

10.16.42.101 K2-MediaClient-1
10.16.42.102 K2-MediaClient-2

10.16.42.22 K2-MediaServer-1
10.0.0.22 K2-MediaServer-1_he0 K2-MediaClient-1_he0 K2-MediaClient-2_he0

10.16.42.23 ControlPointPC

10.16.42.60 NewsEdit1
10.0.0.60 NewsEdit1_he0

10.16.42.31 SAN_XP1
10.0.0.32 SAN_XP1_he0 SAN_UIM1_he0
10.16.42.32 SAN_UIM1
```

Add network hosts names for streaming

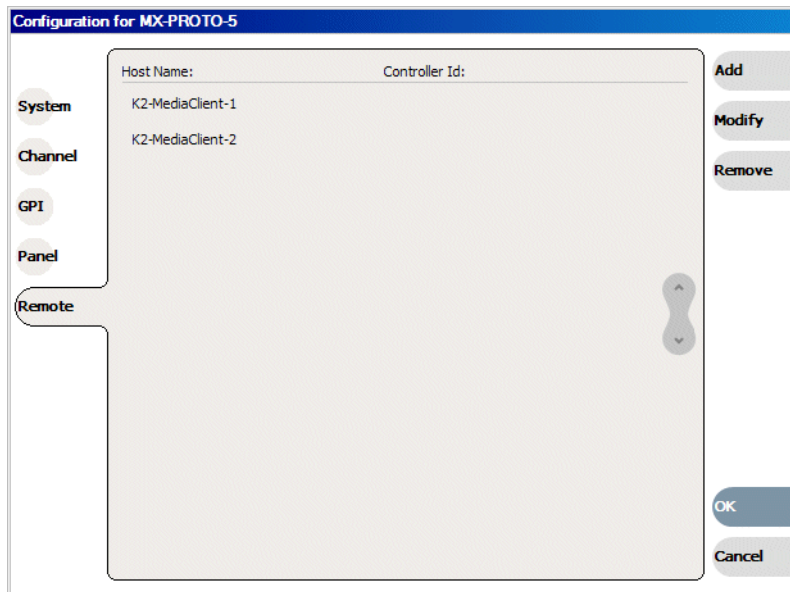
You must add the host names of all peer K2 systems on the network that support streaming transfers. Adding host names is required to allow selection of networked K2 systems in the AppCenter user interface and to provide a successful network connection for streaming. The host names added will appear in the “Import” and “Send to” dialog boxes.

NOTE: By default, the K2 system host name is the same as the Windows computer name. To determine the K2 system computer name, right-click K2 Media Client or K2 Media Server (My Computer) on the Windows desktop, then properties. Select the Network Identification tab and look for the “Full computer name”.

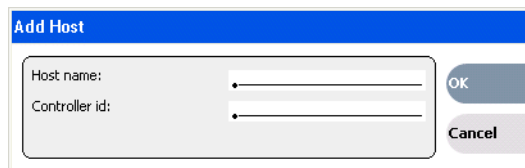
To add network host names:

1. Open AppCenter for the K2 Media Client.
2. In AppCenter toolbar, select **System**, then choose **Configuration**.
3. Select the **Remote** tab.

The Remote Settings dialog box displays, showing any network host names that have been added.



4. Select **Add**, to open the Add Host dialog box, then do the following:
 - a. Select the Host name field, then enter the computer name of a peer K2 system. Make sure to enter the exact computer name. Any differences will result in being unable to connect to the K2 system.



- b. If you are using remote protocols to perform video network transfers, use the following steps to add a unique Controller ID for each host. Otherwise, you can ignore this step and proceed to the next step.
 - Select controller id field.
 - Enter the controller ID of the K2 system, then select **OK**. Use a number between 1 and 255 that is not assigned to any other K2 system.
 - c. Select **OK** in the Add Host dialog box.
5. Repeat the previous step for the remaining K2 systems.
6. In the Configuration dialog box, select **OK** to save settings.

Once the host names are added, the K2 system is ready for streaming operation. For information on transfer compatibility and supported formats, refer to [Appendix A, Specifications](#). For procedures on transferring media, refer to the *K2 Media Client User Guide*.

NOTE: If you have trouble, try using the ping utility in the Windows command prompt using either the IP address or host name. Troubleshoot as needed. Also, refer to the K2 Media Client Service Manual for troubleshooting procedures.

Teaming Ethernet ports on internal storage models

When you receive an internal storage K2 Media Client from the factory, the four Ethernet ports are independent ports, each with the same configuration. Ports are not teamed at the factory. However, you have the option of teaming the Ethernet ports to provide redundancy. Consult your system design or your network administrator to determine the level of redundancy applicable to the internal storage K2 Media Client.

NOTE: Do not use these procedures on an external storage K2 Media Client. There is a required teaming configuration on external storage K2 Media Clients, which is not optional. If you must restore the required teaming on an external storage K2 Media Client, refer to the K2 Media Client Service Manual.

If you choose to team the Ethernet ports on an internal storage K2 Media Client, do so only as instructed in the following procedures.

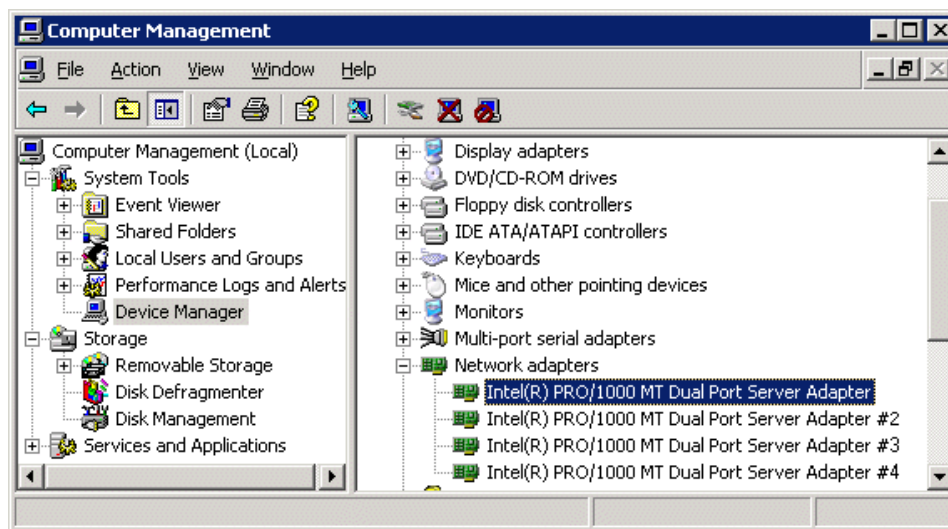
- “Identify adapters”
- “Create the Control Team”
- “Create the FTP Team”
- “Name teams”
- “Reorder adapters”

Identify adapters

NOTE: The K2 Media Client is configured at the factory with a loopback adapter. Do not modify this adapter. Refer to “[Modifying network settings](#)” on page 67.

Before attempting to team Ethernet ports, it is critical that you correctly associate the software names of the adapters with the physical ports. In some cases previous configuration changes can cause the software names to change from their factory default names, which can make this association confusing. Use the following procedure to verify software names and ports:

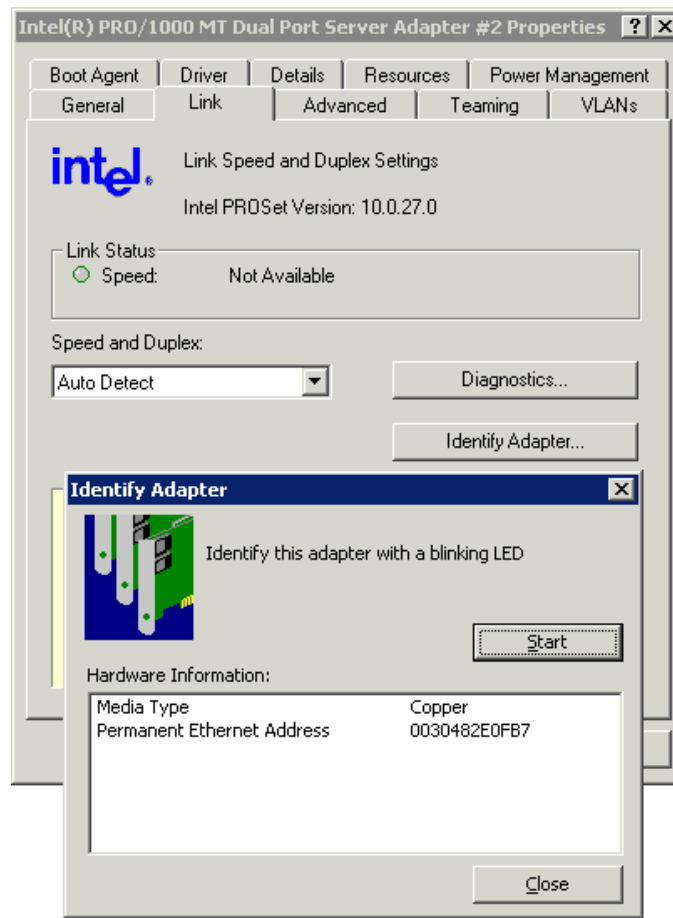
1. Access the Windows desktop on the K2 system. You can do this locally with a connected keyboard, mouse, and monitor or remotely via the Windows Remote Desktop Connection.
2. Open Device Manager as follows:
 - a. On the Windows desktop, right-click **K2 Media Client** (My Computer) and select **Manage**. The Computer Management window opens.



- b. In the left pane select **Device Manager**. Device Manager opens in the right pane.
3. In Device Manager, verify that adapter names are the correct default names as follows:
 - a. Expand **Network Adapters**.
 - b. Verify that there are four adapters listed, named as follows:
 - Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter
 - Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter #2
 - Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter #3
 - Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter #4

Sometimes adapter names change due to PNP device removal and recreation. If you are having this problem, remove all network devices, then reboot and let Windows PNP enumerate network adapters. The default network names should reappear numbered correctly. If the numbering is still incorrect, shut down the K2 Media Client, remove the dual Ethernet card, then start up the K2 Media Client. This forces the system to scan the motherboard ports first and enumerate properly. Then shutdown the K2 Media Client, replace the dual Ethernet card, and start up the K2 Media Client. This time the dual Ethernet card is scanned and enumerated after the motherboard ports.

4. For each adapter name shown, verify that the adapter name is mapped correctly to a physical port, as follows:
 - a. Under Network adapters, right-click an adapter and select **Properties**. The Properties dialog box opens.



5. Select the **Link** tab and then click **Identify Adapter**. The Identify Adapter dialog box opens.
6. Click **Start**.
7. Verify that the LED is blinking next to the physical network port corresponding to that adapter software name, as follows:

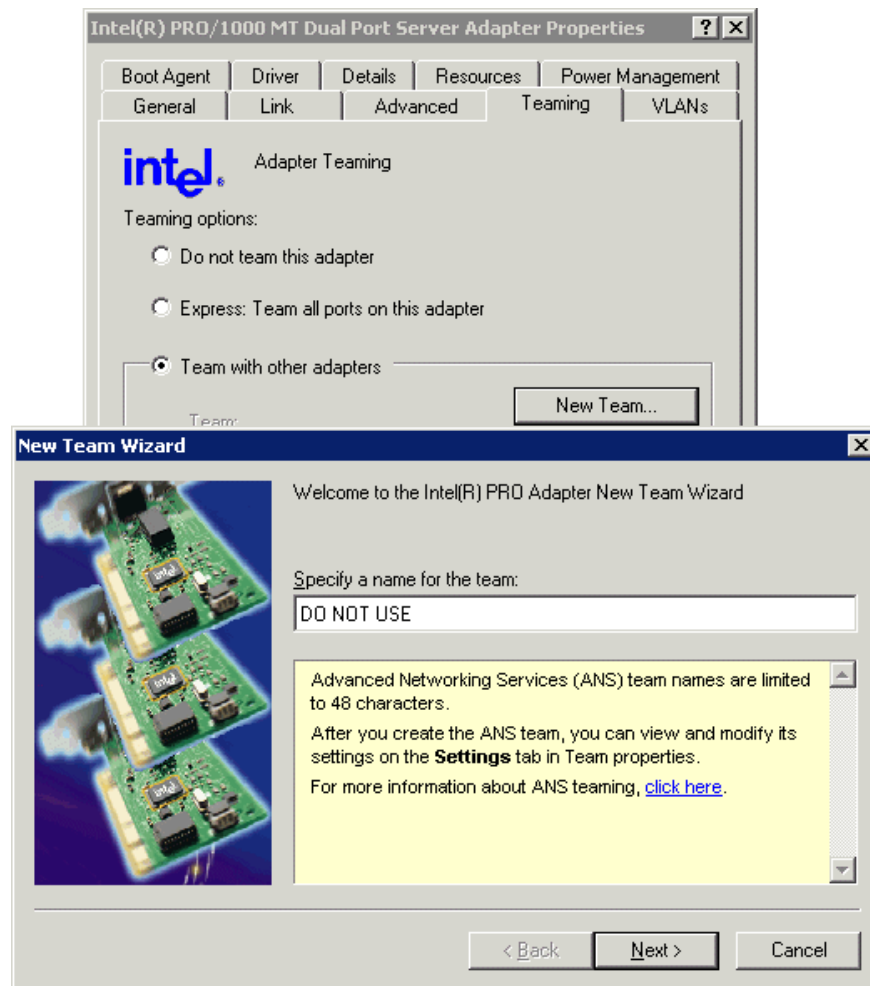
Software adapter name	Physical port
...MT Dual Port Server Adapter	1st (left) port on the motherboard
...MT Dual Port Server Adapter #2	2nd (right) port on the mother board
...MT Dual Port Server Adapter #3	1st (upper) port on the dual Ethernet adapter
...MT Dual Port Server Adapter #4	2nd (lower) port on the dual Ethernet adapter

8. Continue with the next procedure [“Create the Control Team”](#).

Create the Control Team

The goal of teaming is to create two teams, one for the control network and one for the FTP/streaming network. The teaming should be set up such that the first physical port on the motherboard and the first physical port on the dual Ethernet adapter are teamed for control. The second physical port on the motherboard and the second physical port on the dual Ethernet adapter are teamed for FTP.

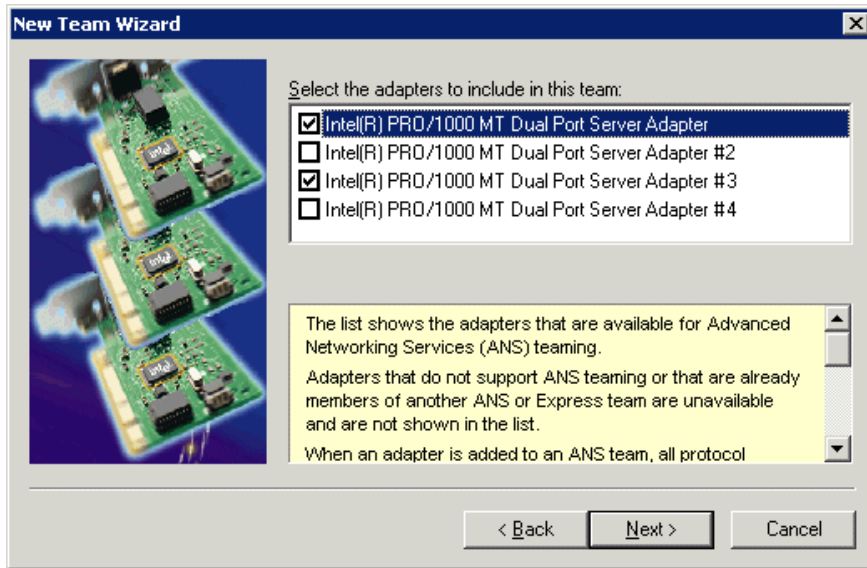
1. In Device Manager, right-click ...**MT Dual Port Server Adapter** and select **Properties**. The Properties dialog box opens.
2. Select the **Teaming** tab.



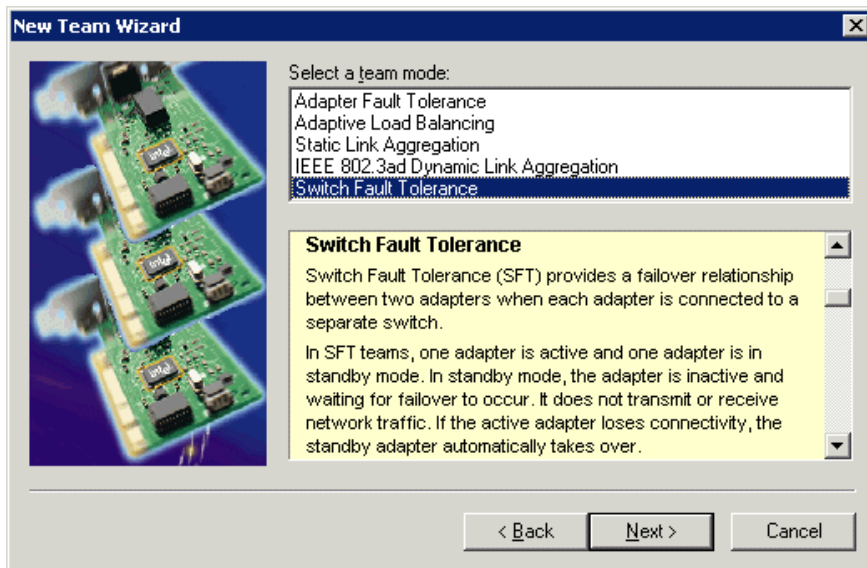
3. Select **Team with other adapters**, then click **New Team**. The New Team Wizard opens.
4. Enter **DO NOT USE**.

You enter this name because there is a bug in the teaming software that creates a “phantom” entry with this name, however that entry is not usable. Continue with this procedure to work around the bug.

Click **Next**.



5. Select the check box for **...Adapter** and **...Adapter #3**. Click **Next**.



6. Select **Switch Fault Tolerance**. Click **Next**.

7. Click **Finish** and wait a few seconds for the adapters to be teamed.

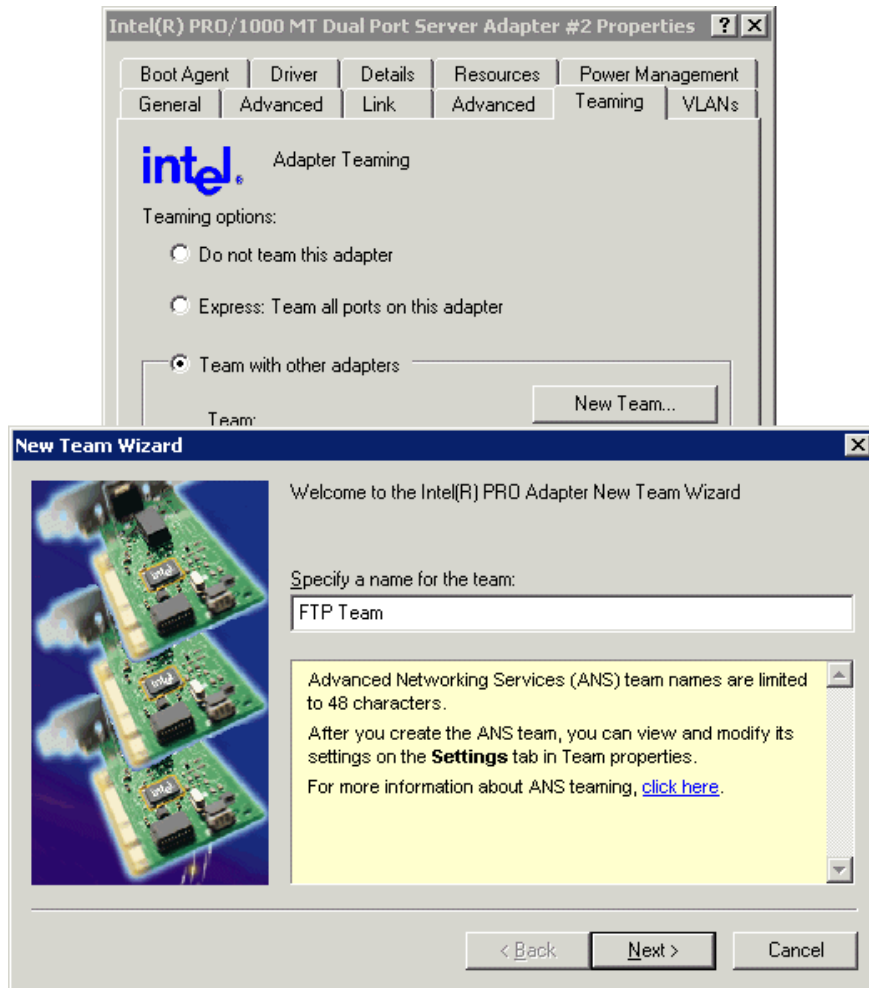
8. Open the Modify Team dialog box as follows:

- a. In Device Manager | Network Adapters, right-click **Intel® Advanced Network Services Virtual Adapters #2** (make sure it is the adapter identified as a **Virtual** adapter) and select **Properties**. The Properties dialog box opens.

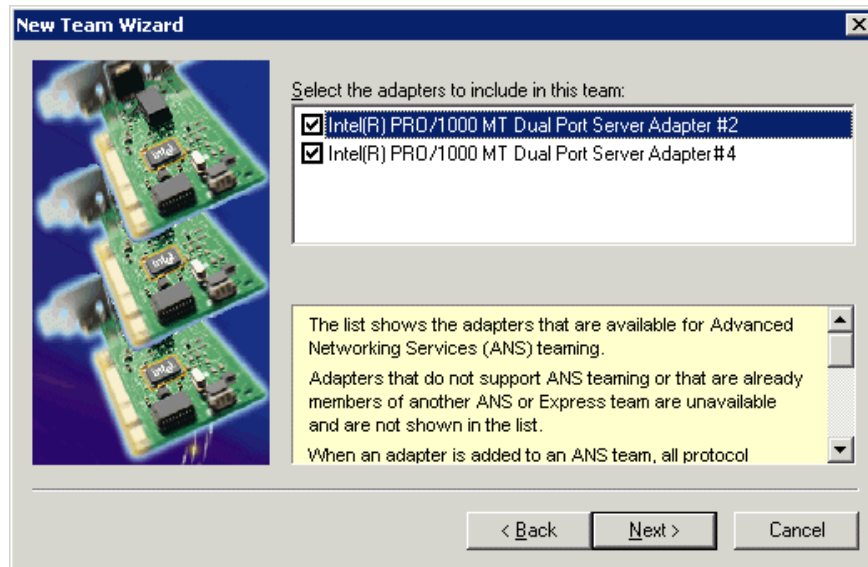
- b. Select the **Settings** tab.
 - c. Click **Modify Team**. A dialog box opens.
 9. On the **Adapters** tab, do the following:
 - a. Select **Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter** (the top entry) and click **Set Primary**.
 - b. Select **Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter #3** and click **Set Secondary**.
 10. Click **Name** tab and rename to *Control Team*.
 11. Click **OK** and **OK** and to close dialog boxes.
- Continue with the next procedure "[Create the FTP Team](#)".

Create the FTP Team

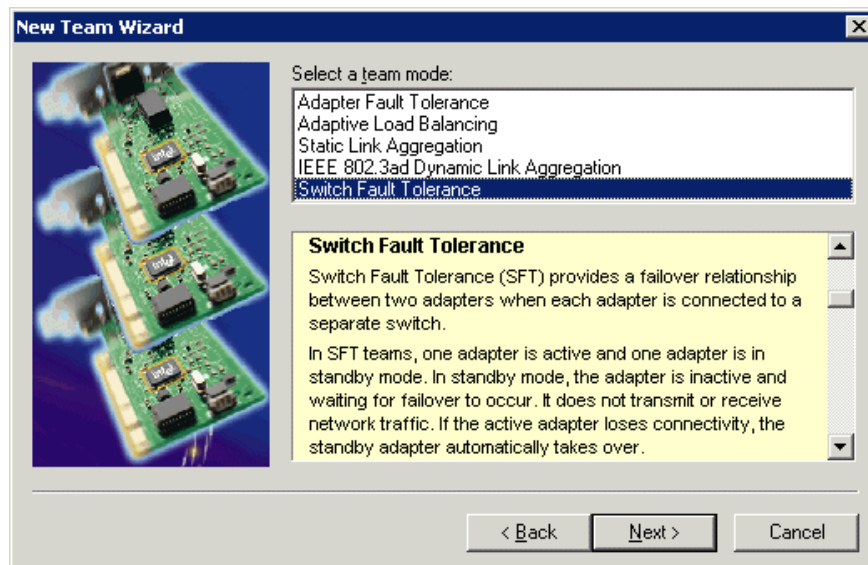
1. In Device Manager, right-click **...MT Dual Port Server Adapter #2** and select **Properties**. The Properties dialog box opens.
2. Select the **Teaming** tab.



3. Select **Team with other adapters**, then click **New Team**. The New Team Wizard opens.
4. Enter **FTP Team**. (Some earlier systems used the name “Media Team”.) Click **Next**.



5. Select the check box for **...Adapter #2** and **...Adapter #4**. Click **Next**.



6. Select **Switch Fault Tolerance**. Click **Next**.

7. Click **Finish** and wait a few seconds for the adapters to be teamed.

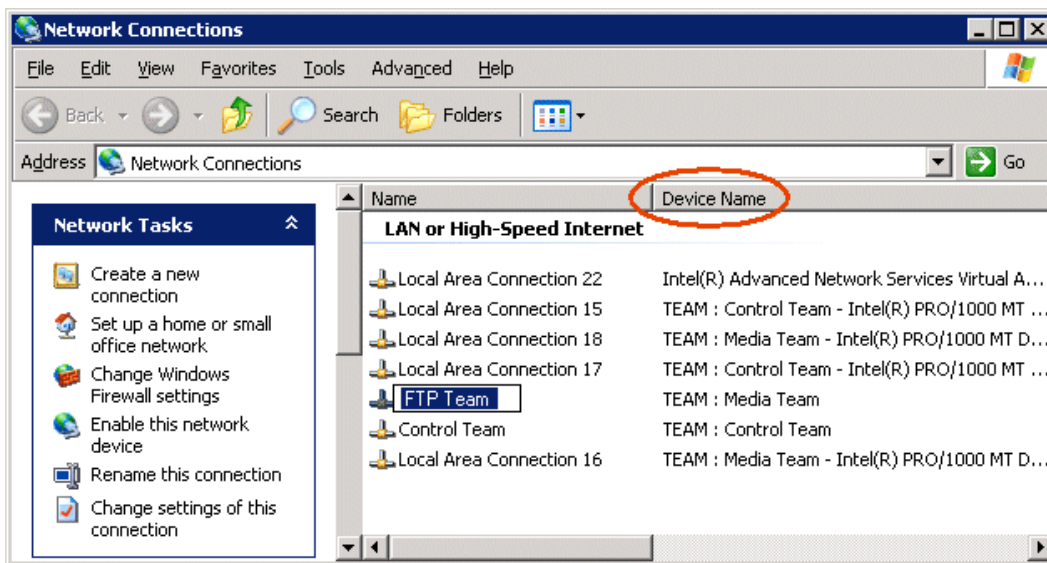
8. Open the Modify Team dialog box as follows:

- a. In Device Manager | Network Adapters, right-click **TEAM: FTP TEAM** and select **Properties**. The Properties dialog box opens.
- b. Select the **Settings** tab.
- c. Click **Modify Team**. A dialog box opens.

9. On the **Adapters** tab, do the following:
 - a. Select **Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter #2** (the top entry) and click **Set Primary**.
 - b. Select **Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter #4** (the bottom entry) and click **Set Secondary**.
 10. Click **Name** tab and rename to *FTP Team*, if not already named.
 11. Click **OK** and **OK** and to close dialog boxes.
 12. Restart the K2 Media Client.
- Continue with the next procedure “[Name teams](#)”.

Name teams

1. On the Windows desktop right-click **My Network Places** and select **Properties**. The Network Connections window opens.



2. Identify the adapter that in the “Device Name” column is labeled “TEAM : Control Team”. Rename the adapter follows:
 - a. Click the Adapter Name.
 - b. Select **File | Rename** to enter rename mode.
 - c. Type Control Team.
3. Identify the adapter that in the “Device Name” column is labeled “TEAM : FTP Team”. Rename the adapter follows:
 - a. Click the Adapter Name.
 - b. Select **File | Rename** to enter rename mode.
 - c. Type FTP Team.

4. Ensure that eight entries are named as follows in Network Properties:

Name	Device Name
...Connection #1	TEAM : Control Team - Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter
...Connection #2	TEAM : Control Team - Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter #3
Control Team	TEAM : Control Team
Loopback	Microsoft Loopback Adapter
Media Connection #1	TEAM : FTP Team - Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter #2
Media Connection #2	TEAM : FTP Team - Intel® PRO/1000 MT Dual Port Server Adapter #4
FTP Team	TEAM : FTP Team
...Connection #3	Team : DO NOT USE

Continue with the next procedure “[Reorder adapters](#)”.

Reorder adapters

1. On the Windows desktop right-click **My Network Places** and select **Properties**. The Network Connections window opens.
4. On the menu bar at the top of the window, select **Advanced**, then **Advanced Settings...**
5. On the **Adapters and Bindings** tab, scroll down and select **Control Team** in Connections field.
6. Use the up arrow button, move the Control Team to TOP priority (1st).
7. Select **FTP Team**, and then use up arrow to move just below Control Team.
8. Select **Loopback** adapter, and then move it to the bottom of the list (leaving it above Remote Access).
9. Click **OK** to close Advanced settings and accept the changes.
10. Close the Network Properties window.

The network configuration procedure is complete.

Modifying network settings

When you receive a K2 Media Client from the factory, it has a loopback adapter installed. The loopback adapter allows the media file system to continue operating if an Ethernet cable is disconnected. Do not modify the loopback adapter. If you need to restore the loopback adapter, refer to the *K2 Media Client Service Manual*.

The loopback IP address is 192.168.200.200. Keep that IP address reserved on your network. Don't assign it to any other device. (If this causes conflicts with your existing network, consult your Grass Valley representative.)

If you change the host name when using a shared storage system, AppCenter could have difficulty connecting. Grass Valley strongly recommends that you do not change the host name IP address unless following the documented K2 System Configuration procedure. For more information, refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual*.

Using FTP for file transfer

An application writer may choose to initiate media file transfers via FTP. The K2 FTP interface has a GXF folder and an MXF folder. Use the appropriate folder, depending on if you are transferring GXF or MXF. Refer to [“FTP access by Internet Explorer” on page 70](#) for examples.

If connecting to the FTP server on a K2 system from a third-party Windows PC, make sure that the PC has TCP Window scaling enabled. (For more information on TCP Window scaling, see the Microsoft Support Knowledge Base web site.)

The K2 FTP server runs on K2 Media Servers that have the role of FTP server. While it also runs on internal storage K2 Media Clients (stand-alone), it is important to understand that it does *not* run on external storage K2 Media Clients. When you FTP files to/from a K2 Storage System, you use the FTP server on the K2 Media Server, not on the K2 Media Client that accesses the shared storage on the K2 Storage System. For information on streaming/transfer procedures in general, see the *K2 Media Client User Guide*.

K2 FTP protocol supports clip and bin names in non-English locales (international languages) using UTF-8 character encoding. Refer to [“Internationalization” on page 136](#).

If clips are created by record or streaming on a K2 file system such that media files have holes/gaps, i.e. unallocated disk blocks, in them, then that clip represents a corrupt movie that needs to be re-acquired. Streaming in/out such a movie on a K2 system will be handled on a best-effort basis. There is no guarantee that all available media, especially those around the edges of the holes/gaps, will be made use of for streaming.

NOTE: *When using FTP in a shared storage environment, ensure that all FTP communication takes place on the FTP/Streaming network, and not on the Command/Control network.*

Limitations with complex media types

- Depending on the system software versions of source and destination devices, it is possible that lists or programs made from lists that contain movies with mixed video compression types or mixed audio types cannot stream to other devices, nor can they be exported to a file. Refer to release notes for the specific software versions for details.
- MXF OP1A supports transfer of simple media types only, which are a subset of K2’s encode/decode/metadata capabilities. For example, MXF OP1A does not support the transfer of complex clips, such as a subclip that spans two media files. Do not attempt MXF OP1A transfers of complex clips.

Transferring between different types of systems

While GXF transfer of media with mixed format (such as an agile playlist) is supported between K2 systems, it might not be supported between a K2 system and a non-K2 system, depending on system software versions. Refer to the release notes for the software version.

If using VDCP to initiate transfers between K2 systems and Profile XP systems, you must send the VDCP command to the K2 system, not the Profile XP system. Transfers (both push and pull) are successful if the K2 system hosts the command. Transfers fail if the Profile XP system hosts the command.

Also refer to [“Transfer compatibility considerations” on page 139](#).

Transfer mechanisms

You can move material between the systems using the following mechanisms, each of which offers a different set of features:

- Manual mechanisms — These are the AppCenter transfer features. Refer to the *K2 Media Client User Manual* for AppCenter instructions. When transferring between K2 systems you can browse and select files for transfer. When transferring between K2 systems and other types of systems, one or more of the following might be required, depending on software versions. Refer to release notes for the version information:
 - Specify the IP address, path, and file name to initiate a transfer.
 - Add the remote host in Configuration Manager before the transfer.
 - Enter machine names in compliance with UIM naming conventions.
- Automatic mechanisms, including the following:
 - K2 FTP interface — This interface supports transfers via third party FTP applications. For example, you can use Internet Explorer to transfer files between a PC and the FTP interface on a K2 Media Client (with internal storage only) or a K2 Media Server on the same network. For more information, refer to [“FTP access by Internet Explorer” on page 70](#).
 - Remote control protocols — Industry standard remote control automation applications can initiate transfers. The protocol command must be sent to the K2 Media Client. This applies to both internal storage and external storage K2 Media Clients. For more information, refer to [“Protocols supported” on page 138](#).

FTP access and configuration

For basic LAN access, the following Grass Valley products can connect as an FTP client to the K2 FTP server with no special configuration required:

- K2 Media Clients
- M-Series iVDR
- UIM-connected Profile XP Media Platform

For WAN access, contact your Grass Valley representative for assistance.

If the FTP client is not one of these Grass Valley products, contact the product’s supplier or your network system administrator for assistance with configuring TCP window scaling. Any computer that connects as an FTP client to the K2 FTP server must have TCP window scaling enabled. Refer to <http://support.microsoft.com/kb/>

q224829/ for more information on this feature. Never set Tcp1323Opts without setting TcpWindowSize. Also, Windows NT 4.0 does not support TCP window scaling, but will still communicate with Grass Valley products in a LAN environment.

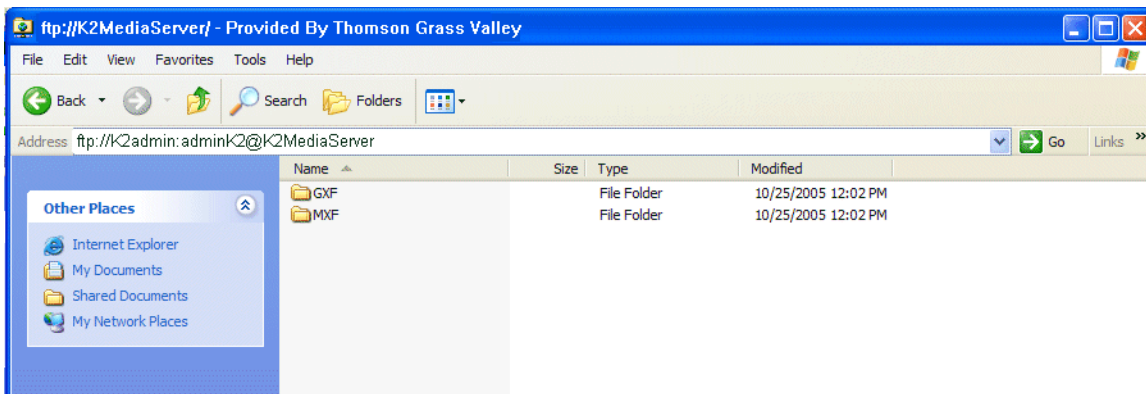
FTP access by Internet Explorer

You can use Internet Explorer to transfer files via FTP between a PC and the FTP interface on a K2 Media Client (internal storage) or a K2 Media Server, so long as both source and destination machines are on the same network.

While the K2 FTP interface supports local languages (see “[Internationalization](#)” on [page 136](#)) some international characters are not displayed correctly in Internet Explorer. Use only English language characters with Internet Explorer.

To access FTP using Internet Explorer, use the following syntax in the Address field: `ftp://<username:password@hostname>`. The username/password can be any account set up on the machine hosting the FTP interface. The hostname can be the name of a K2 Media Client with internal storage or it can be the name of a K2 Media Server. (You cannot make a FTP connection to a K2 Media Client with external storage or to a K2 Control Point PC.)

Once you have logged in, the two virtual directories are displayed.



GXF — General Exchange Format (SMPTE 360M). This is the standard Grass Valley file interchange format, which supports:

- SD
- HD
- Simple clips
- Playlists

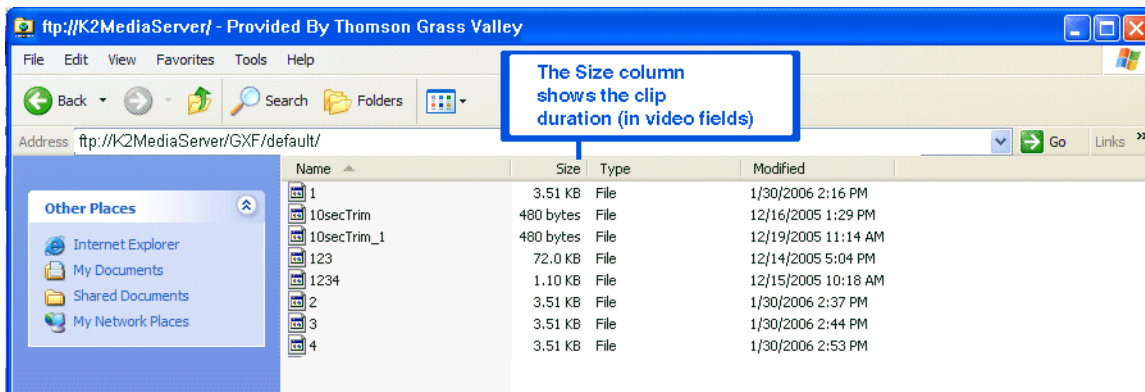
MXF — Media Exchange Format (SMPTE 377M). K2 implementation of MXF transfers supports:

- SD
- Simple clips

Inside the GXF and MXF folders you can see contents of the system.



The subfolders are organized in typical Windows fashion, with columns denoting the file's name, size, etc. The Size column refers to the clip duration (in video fields).



You can use Internet Explorer to drag a file from your K2 Media Client or K2 Media Server and drop it in a folder on your PC. You can also drag a file from your PC and drop it in the appropriate folder on your K2 Media Client or K2 Media Server.

Be careful not to mix files from the two types of file interchange formats. GXF files can only be transferred to the GXF folder, and MXF files can only be transferred to the MXF folder. If you try to drop a clip into the incorrect folder, the transfer fails. For example, clip1.gxf can be dropped into the K2-MediaSVR/GXF/default/ folder, but not into the K2-MediaSVR/MXF/default/ folder.

The following section describes the supported FTP commands.

FTP commands supported

The following table lists the FTP commands that the K2 FTP server supports.

FTP command name	FTP command description	K2 FTP support
USER	User Name	Supported

PASS	Password	Supported
ACCT	Account	Not supported
CWD	Change working directory	Supported
CDUP	Change to parent directory	Supported
SMNT	Structure mount	Not supported
REIN	Reinitialize	Not supported
QUIT	Logout	Supported
PORT	Data port	Supported
PASV	Passive	Supported
TYPE	Representation type	Supported
STRU	File structure	Not supported
MODE	Transfer mode	Not supported
RETR	Retrieve	Supported
STOR	Store	Supported
STOU	Store unique	Not supported
APPE	Append (with create)	Not supported
ALLO	Allocate	Not supported
REST	Restart	Not supported
RNFR	Rename From	Supported
RNTO	Rename To	Supported
ABOR	Abort	Supported
DELE	Delete	Supported
RMD	Remove directory	Supported
MKD	Make directory	Supported
PWD	Print working directory	Supported
LIST	List	Supported. Reports size in number of video fields.
NLST	Name List	Supported
SITE	Site Parameters	Supported
SYST	System	Supported
SIZE	Size of file (clip)	Supported. Reports size in Bytes.
STAT	Status	Supported

HELP	Help	Supported
NOOP	No Operation	Supported

Connecting RS-422

You can control the K2 system with remote control devices and software developed for the K2 system that use industry-standard serial protocols: AMP, BVW, and VDCP. (AMP protocols can also use Ethernet connections.) You can connect up to four RS-422 cables to control K2 system channels depending on your remote control needs. Connect the RS-422 cabling as required, then refer to the *K2 Media Client User Guide* to configure the K2 system for remote control.

When using automation software to control the K2 Media Client via the RS-422 ports, take care as you make your connections and configure your automation software. Some remote control protocols, such as VDCP, have a “Select Channel” command that is designed to control any channel via any RS-422 connector. The K2 Media Client does not support this type of protocol command, as each RS-422 connector is hard-coded to a single specific channel. Therefore, to control a given K2 Media Client channel, use only that channel’s specific RS-422 rear panel connector.

To verify correct connection and configuration of automation software, do the following:

1. Connect to only one RS-422 rear panel connector on the K2 Media Client.
2. Test the automation software and verify that it is correctly controlling the one channel associated with that RS-422 rear panel connector.
3. Connect to each RS-422 rear panel connector in turn, and test the automation software similarly for each connection. Verify correct operation of each connection and its associated one channel before making multiple connections.

The following sections provide the information you need to identify and verify the K2 Media Client channel associated with each RS-422 rear panel connector.

RS-422 ports and channels on K2 Media Client models

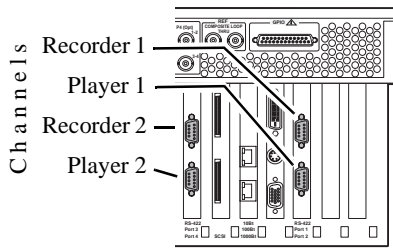
The table below and the following diagrams describe how the RS-422 rear panel connectors map to the channels of the different K2 Media Client models.

Model	Description	RS-422 Rear Panel Ports			
		Port 1	Port 2	Port 3	Port 4
HD-22	HD/SD model with two recorder channels, two player channels	R1	P1	R2	P2
HD-13	HD/SD model with one recorder channel, three player channels	R1	P1	P2	P3
HD-12	HD/SD model with one recorder channel, two player channels	R1	P1	P2	--
HD-04	HD/SD model with no recorder channel, four player channels	P1	P2	P3	P4
HD-03	HD/SD model with no recorder channel, three player channels	P1	P2	P3	--
HD-02	HD/SD model with no recorder channel, two player channels	P1	P2	--	--
SD-04	SD K2 Media Client	C1	C2	C3	C4

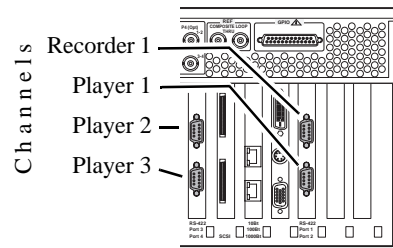
RS-422 connections

The following diagrams provide the information you need to identify and verify the K2 Media Client channel associated with each RS-422 rear panel connector.

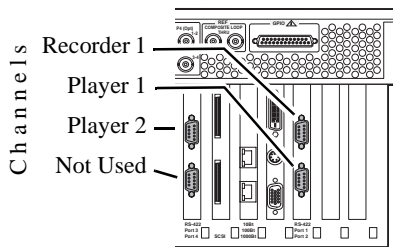
Model: HD-22 Description: HD/SD with two recorder channels, two player channels



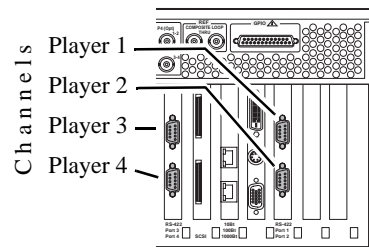
Model: HD-13 Description: HD/SD with one recorder channel, three player channels



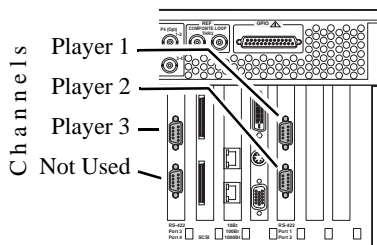
Model: HD-12 Description: HD/SD with one recorder channel, two player channels



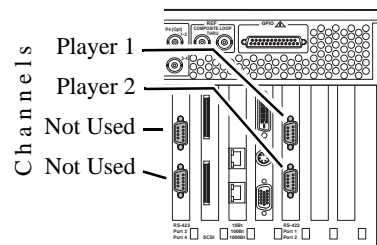
Model: HD-04 Description: HD/SD with no recorder channel, four player channels



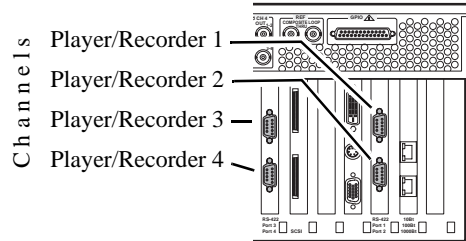
Model: HD-03 Description: HD/SD with no recorder channel, three player channels



Model: HD-02 Description: HD/SD with no recorder channel, two player channels

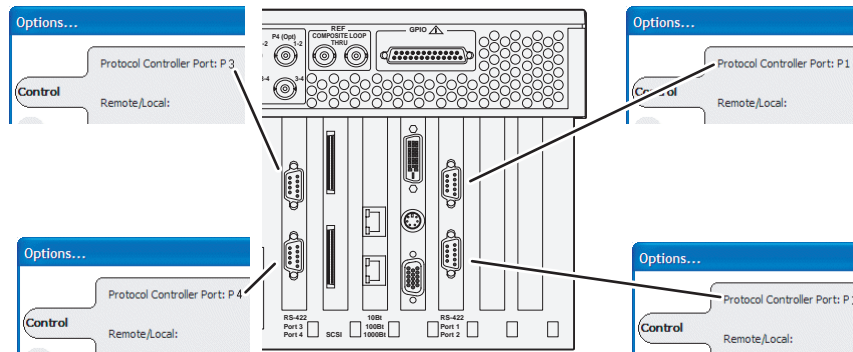


Model: SD-04 Description: SD-only with four bi-directional (player or recorder) channels



RS-422 and Protocol Controller Ports

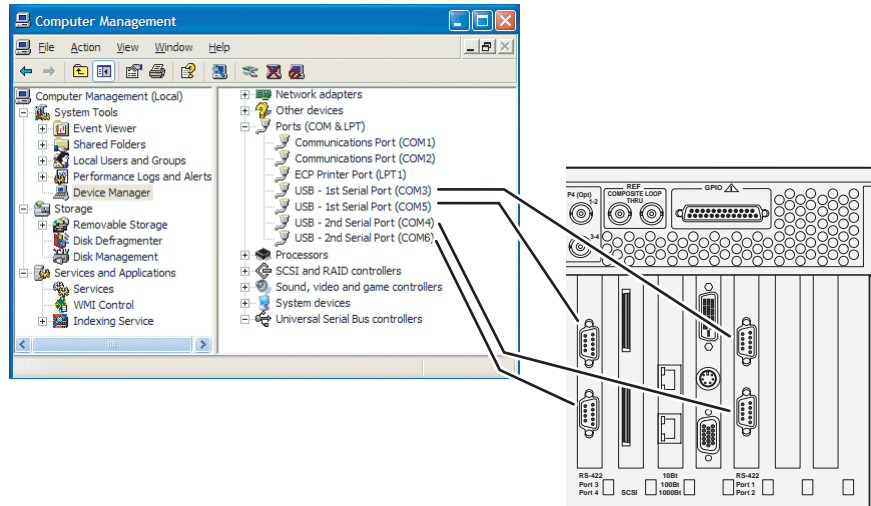
When you assign a channel to be a VDCP Player or VDCP Recorder and then view the VDCP Options dialog box, the Protocol Controller Ports are reported as P1, P2, P3, or P4. These Protocol Controller Ports map to the RS-422 rear panel connectors as in the following illustration:



Remember that in the context of the Protocol Controller Port reported in the Options dialog, the labels P1, P2, P3, and P4 refer to RS-422 rear panel connectors (ports) 1, 2, 3, and 4, *not* Player Channels 1, 2, 3, and 4

RS-422 and COM ports

When you view the Windows Device Manager, the COM ports map to the RS-422 rear panel connectors as in the following illustration:



If your automation software is not controlling channels as you expect, check the COM ports and verify that the configuration is correct.

AMP TCP Interface

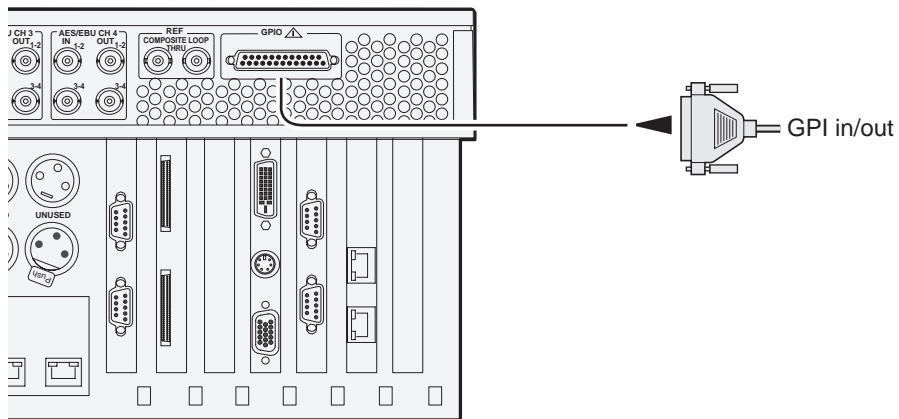
The following table lists the channel designations for the AMP protocol. When using AMP protocol with Ethernet, channels must always be identified as 'VTR1', 'VTR2', etc. When using AMP protocol with RS-422, the first channel maps to P1, the second channel maps to the P2, and so on. To configure AMP protocols, see the *K2 Media Client User Guide*.

NOTE: In reference to RS-422 connections, the terms *P1, P2, etc.*, refer to *Port 1, Port 2, and so on*. Do not confuse them with player channels *P1,P2, etc.*

AMP Protocol (Ethernet)	VTR1	VTR2	VTR3	VTR4
AMP Protocol (RS-422)	P1 (COM3)	P2 (COM4)	P3 (COM5)	P4 (COM6)

Connecting GPI

The K2 system provides 12 GPI inputs, and 12 GPI outputs on a single DB-25 rear panel connector.



Also see the following related sections of this manual:

- [“GPI I/O specifications” on page 125](#)
- [“GPI I/O connector pinouts” on page 143](#)

Refer to the *K2 Media Client User Guide* for GPI configuration procedures.

Managing Internal Storage

Topics in this chapter include the following:

- [“About the K2 Media Client internal storage system”](#)
- [“Using Storage Utility”](#)

About the K2 Media Client internal storage system

Both HD/SD and SD-only models are available with internal media storage. This makes the internal storage K2 Media Client a self-contained, stand-alone unit, with no external devices for storage, audio, or video connections required.

The storage system on an internal storage K2 Media Client includes the following:

RAID drives — There are twelve RAID drives, located behind the fan module in the front of the unit. They are configured as six RAID 1 pairs, or LUNs. One LUN is the system drive, while five LUNs are for media storage. Each LUN appears to the operating system as a single disk. Media data is written or “striped” across the five media disks in a continuous fashion, which makes the disks a “stripe group”. This media stripe group appears as the V: drive to the Windows operating system.

SCSI controller adapter — This is a PCI board installed in the rear of the chassis. It provides the SCSI controller functionality for the internal RAID disks. Both system and media data require this RAID controller functionality, as both are stored on the internal RAID disks.

SCSI interface board — This board provides the SCSI interface for the RAID drives. It monitors and reports the status of the RAID drives, the chassis fans, and the power supplies. It also controls the individual RAID status LEDs and the front panel Power and Service LEDs. It is mounted horizontally in the front of the unit, above the RAID drives.

RAID redundancy — The two disks in a RAID 1 LUN are redundant partners. Any single disk in a LUN can fail and disk access can continue. When a disk fails, error messages in the AppCenter StatusPane or in NetCentral inform you of the problem. You can then replace the failed disk. The data is rebuilt on the replacement disk and redundancy is restored.

Using Storage Utility

This section describes using Storage Utility for general maintenance tasks on a K2 Media Client with internal media storage. Refer to the *K2 Media Client Service Manual* for repair procedures, such as those required to replace a failed drive. Also refer to [“Storage Utility” on page 44](#) for a general description of Storage Utility.

NOTE: Do not run Storage Utility on an external storage K2 Media Client. For external storage, run Storage Utility only via the K2 System Configuration application, as explained in the K2 Storage System Instruction Manual.

The Storage Utility runs on either the local K2 Media Client or from a control point PC. In both cases the Storage Utility's primary functionality is hosted by the K2 Media Client. The Storage Utility uses the internal connection to the RAID disks for access and configuration.

The K2 Media Client runs in either an online mode or an offline mode. These modes are required for Storage Utility operations, as follows:

- Online mode — This is the K2 Media Client's normal operating mode. When the K2 Media Client is in the online mode and you open Storage Utility, you can stay in this mode while you view the devices, LUNs, and disks of the internal storage system, but you can not configure the storage system. However, some operations are available that do not configure the storage system, such as identify a drive (flash the drive LEDs), get controller logs, disable a drive, and force a drive to rebuild.
- Offline mode — In this mode the K2 Media Client channels are disconnected and all media access operations are disabled. You are prompted to put the K2 Media Client into offline mode when you select an operation that configures the storage system. When the K2 Media Client is in the offline mode you can configure the storage system and perform all Storage Utility operations. When you exit Storage Utility you can put the K2 Media Client back into online mode.



CAUTION: Use the Storage Utility only as directed by a documented procedure or by Grass Valley Support. If used improperly, the Storage Utility can render your K2 Media Client inoperable or result in the loss of all your media.

Opening Storage Utility

There are two ways to open Storage Utility for work on an internal storage K2 Media Client, as explained in the following sections.

Opening Storage Utility through AppCenter

Unless prevented by a system problem, you should always open Storage Utility through AppCenter. When you do this your AppCenter login permissions are passed to Storage Utility, so you do not have to log into Storage Utility separately.

If you are running AppCenter on the local K2 Media Client, as Storage Utility opens it connects to the storage system of that K2 Media Client. If you are running AppCenter on a control point PC, as Storage Utility opens it connects to the storage system of the K2 Media Client that hosts the channel currently selected in AppCenter.

To open Storage Utility through AppCenter, do the following:

1. Open AppCenter, either on the local K2 Media Client or on the control point PC and logon.

Make sure you logon to AppCenter with appropriate privileges, as this logon is passed to Storage Utility. Administrator-level permission is necessary for most Storage Utility operations. If you log in with user-level permissions, the Storage Utility menu item is disabled.

2. If you are running AppCenter from a control point PC and you have channels from multiple K2 Media Clients in your channel suite, select a channel from the K2 Media Client whose internal storage you intend to configure with Storage Utility.

This is important as Storage Utility automatically connects to the K2 Media Client that hosts the currently selected channel.

NOTE: Make sure you are connecting to a K2 Media Client with internal storage. You should never connect Storage Utility directly to a K2 Media Client that uses external storage.

3. From the AppCenter **System** menu, select **Storage Utility**.

Storage Utility opens.

4. If you are connecting from a control point PC, you should verify that you are connected to the correct K2 Media Client. To verify this, use the Identify feature to flash the disks on the K2 Media Client. Refer to [“Identifying disks” on page 83](#).

Opening Storage Utility independently

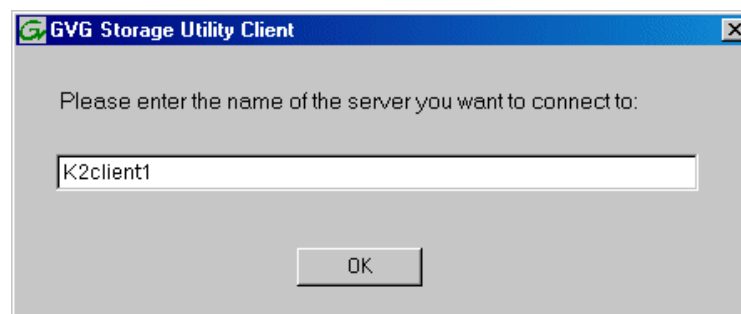
Do not open Storage Utility independently unless there is a problem that prevents you from opening it through AppCenter.

To open Storage Utility independently, do the following:

1. Open the Storage Utility shortcut on the Windows desktop or from the Windows Start Menu at **Programs | Grass Valley | Storage Utility**.

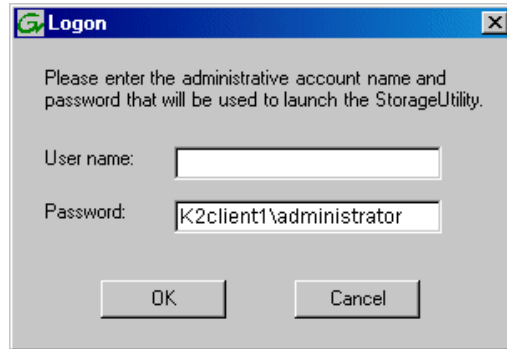
A dialog box opens in which you specify the machine to connect to with Storage Utility.

NOTE: Make sure you are connecting to a K2 Media Client with internal storage. You should never connect Storage Utility directly to a K2 Media Client that uses external storage.



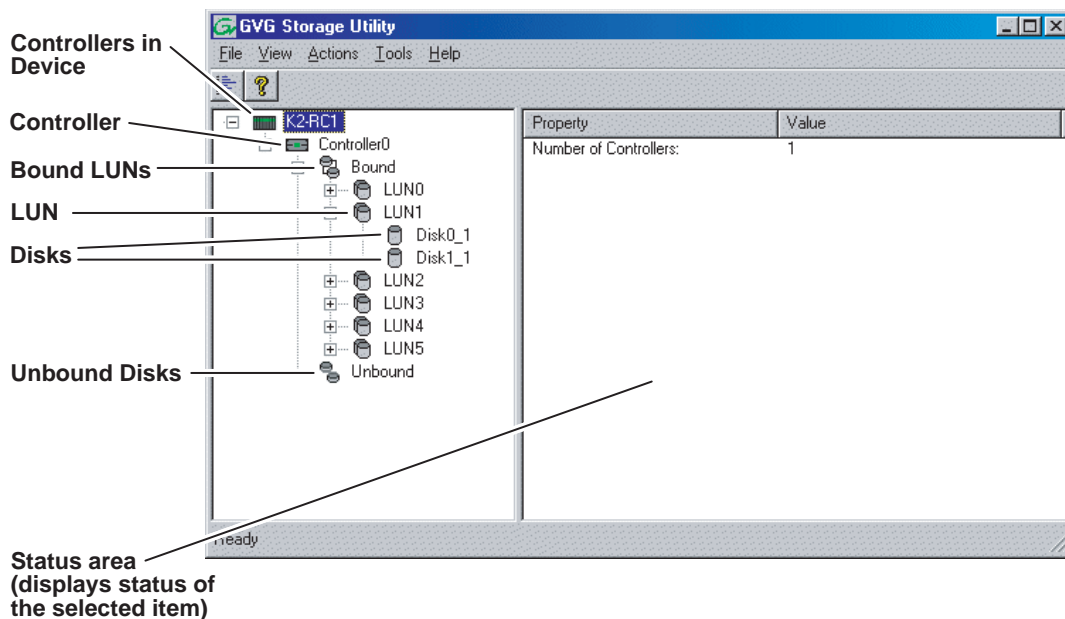
2. Enter the name or IP address of the K2 Media Client for which you intend to use Storage Utility. If you are opening Storage Utility on a local K2 Media Client, enter the name of that K2 Media Client. Click **OK**.

The Storage Utility logon dialog box opens.



3. Logon to Storage Utility. Make sure you logon with appropriate privileges. Administrator-level permission is necessary for most Storage Utility operations. For User name, you might need to enter the machine name as the domain to successfully log on.
Storage Utility opens.
4. If you are connecting from a control point PC, you should verify that you are connected to the correct K2 Media Client. To verify this, use the Identify feature to flash the disks on the K2 Media Client. Refer to [“Identifying disks” on page 83](#).

Overview of Storage Utility



The Storage Utility user interface includes a tree view in the left-hand pane, and a status information area displayed in the right-hand pane. The tree view displays the hardware that make up the storage system connected. The context menus in the tree view are used to configure storage. The right-hand status pane displays information about the item selected in the tree view. The tree view hierarchy is as follows:

Controllers in Device - Provides a logical grouping of RAID Controllers by device.

Controller - Represents the RAID Controllers found. These are numbered in the order discovered. The controller icon represents both RAID Controller A and, if installed, RAID Controller B. To determine if an optional RAID Controller B is installed, select the Controller icon in the tree view, then examine the status pane for peer status.

Bound LUNs - Expanding the Bound node displays all bound LUNs.

LUN - Represents a bound LUN. Expanding the LUN node displays the disk modules that make up the LUN.

UnBound disks - Expanding the UnBound node, displays all unbound disk modules.

Disks - Represents the disk modules.

The Storage Utility detects disks available and lists them on the opening screen. The Storage Utility names the disks by the number of the slot in which they are installed.

Refer to the following procedures to use Storage Utility for maintenance tasks

Checking storage subsystem status

Some limited status information for storage subsystems is displayed in the Storage Utility. This can be helpful when configuring storage. You can view status information by selecting items in the tree view.

Item in tree view	Status information displayed
Controllers in Device	Number of Controllers
Controller	Microcode Version
Bound	Number of LUNs
LUN	Binding Type, such as RAID 1 State (online or offline)
Disk	Firmware Vendor State Product ID Capacity
Unbound	Number of disks

Checking controller microcode

As explained in the previous section, to check controller microcode, select the controller in the tree view and the microcode version is displayed.

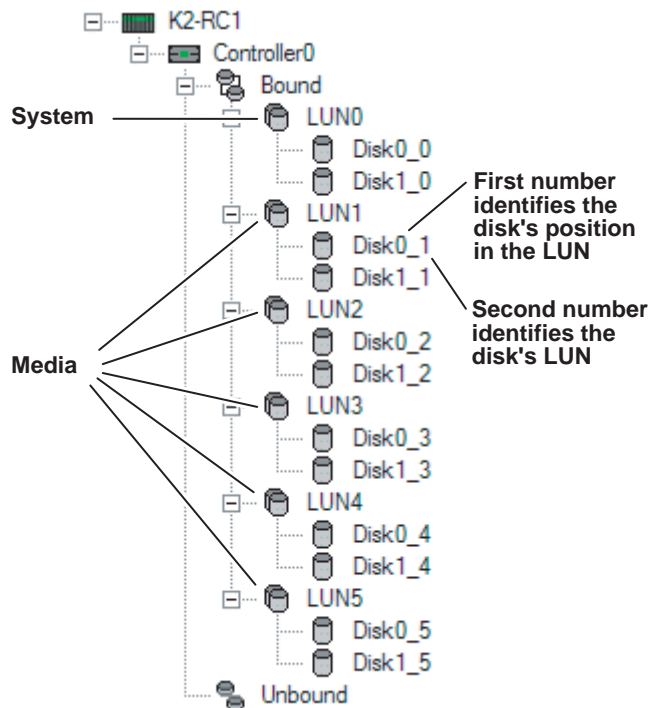
Identifying disks

The Identify feature allows you to flash the disk LEDs so that you can physically locate a specific disk module or group of disk modules that make up a LUN. Always use the disk identify feature before removing and replacing a failed disk module. Accidentally removing the wrong disk module can destroy all data on the disk drives.

You can also use this feature to verify the K2 Media Client to which you are currently connected.

To identify RAID disks do the following:

1. Open Storage Utility and in the tree view expand all nodes so that all disks are displayed.



2. Remove the fan module from the K2 Media Client chassis.

NOTE: Replace the fan module within one minute to maintain system cooling.

3. Compare the RAID drive labeling on the K2 Media Client chassis and the disk numbering displayed in Storage Utility to identify drive locations. To understand RAID drive numbering, refer to [“RAID drive numbering” on page 39](#). Then position yourself so you can see the RAID drive LEDs, which are in the rear of the drive bay.
4. Identify the disks in a LUN or identify a single disk, as follows:
 - a. In the Storage Utility tree view, right-click a LUN or right-click a single disk, then select **Identify LUN** or **Identify Disk** in the context menu. A message box opens with a message that informs you that a disk or disks are blinking.
 - b. The LEDs on the disk or disks display a flashing pattern alternating yellow/green once a second. Verify the location of the disk or disks.

Get controller logs

1. In the tree view, select the controller.

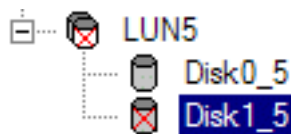
2. Click **Actions | Get Controller Logs**.
3. A message informs you of the location of the logs.
4. Find the following files on the local K2 Media Client at *C:\profile\logs*:
 - MegaRaidDriveFailureLog.txt
 - MegaRaidNVRAMLog.txt
 - tty.log

Check disk mode pages

1. In the tree view, right-click the controller and select **Check Disk Mode Pages**.
2. Messages report the results of the check. For each disk that has mode pages set incorrectly, click **Yes** when prompted "...restore the default mode page settings?".

Disabling a disk


1. In the tree view, right-click the disk and select **Advanced | Disable** and **OK** to confirm.
A message "The drive is spinning down...Please wait" appears.
The Service LED on the K2 Media Client displays a flashing yellow pattern three time a second.
2. When the message "Operation succeeded...now safe to remove disk" appears, click **OK**.
3. The Storage Utility displays red Xs on tree view icons to represent a disk fault and a degraded LUN.



NOTE: Remember that the LUN 0 (disks 0_0 and 0_1) is the system drive. Do not attempt disk operations on the system drive.

Forcing a disk to rebuild

If media access (record/play) is underway, when you insert a media disk it automatically begins to rebuild. If there is no media access underway, to start the rebuild process either begin a media operation or use the following procedure:

1. In the tree view, identify the faulty disk.  If the disk is not currently in the fault state, the Rebuild option is not available.
2. In the tree view, right-click the faulty disk and select **Rebuild**.
3. When the message "Succeeded to start rebuild..." appears, click **OK**.
The Service LED on the K2 Media Client displays a flashing pattern alternating

yellow/green once a second.

Unbind LUN

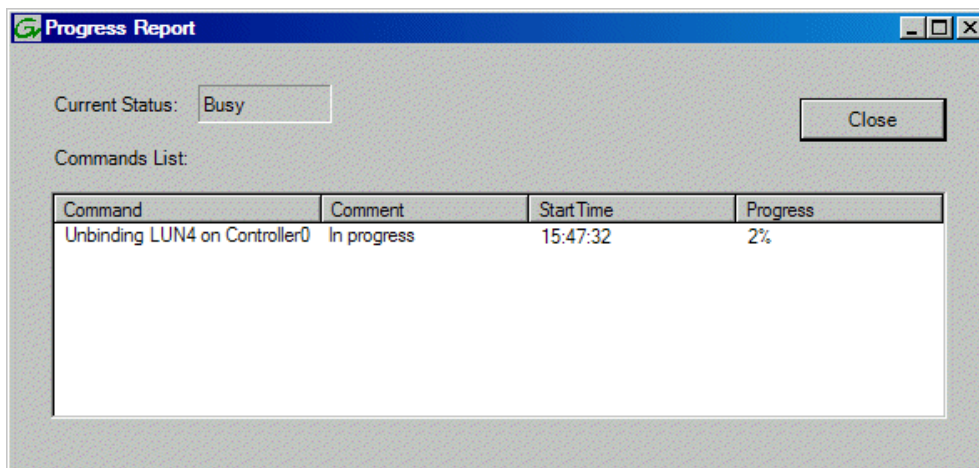
You can only unbind one LUN at a time. Also make sure the controller is not busy with other processes, such as rebuilding a disk. If the controller is busy, the unbind LUN operation fails.



CAUTION: *Unbinding destroys all data stored on disk modules.*

To unbind a LUN, do the following:

1. In the tree view, right-click the LUN and select **Unbind LUN**.
2. If the K2 Media Client is online, messages appear "...offline mode now?" and "...continue?". Click **Yes** to put the K2 Media Client in offline mode.
AppCenter channels go offline.
3. When warning messages appear "...destroy all existing media..." and "Are you sure?", click **OK** to continue.
4. The Progress Report opens and displays unbind progress.



5. When progress reports 100% complete, the LUN is unbound.
6. Restart the K2 Media Client.

NOTE: *Remember that the LUN 0 (disks 0_0 and 0_1) is the system drive. Do not attempt disk operations on the system drive.*

Bind Luns

When you bind a LUN, you select unbound disks and create a new LUN. The Storage Utility places this new LUN at the bottom of the list and numbers it accordingly. However, disk numbers are enforced by the chassis slot in which the disk resides.

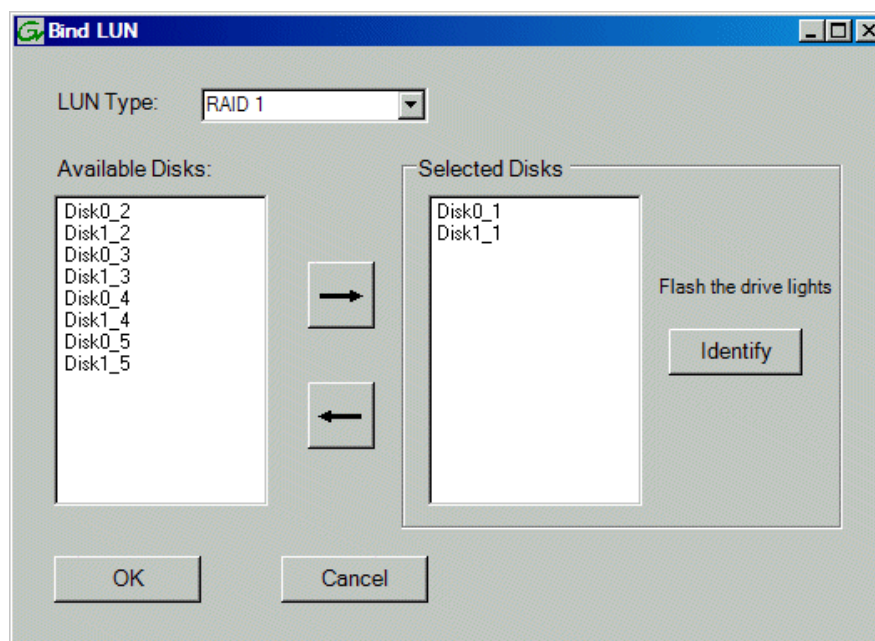
Therefore if some LUNs remain bound while you are creating a new LUN, it is possible that the new LUN number and the disk numbers will not match. When you create a new file system, this mismatched numbering does not hamper functionality. However, to make the K2 Media Client easy to service, you should retain the correct numbering sequence. To do this you must unbind all media LUNs (not the System LUN) and then bind disks in sequence.

To bind a LUN, do the following:

1. In the tree view, right-click the **Unbound** node and select **Bind LUN**.
2. If the K2 Media Client is online, messages appear "...offline mode now?" and "...continue?". Click **Yes** to put the K2 Media Client in offline mode.

AppCenter channels go offline.

The Bind LUN dialog box opens showing all unbound disks for the controller listed in the Available Disk list.



3. Select two contiguous disks, then click the arrow button to add them to the Selected Disks list. (TIP: Use 'shift-click' or 'control-click' to select disks.)

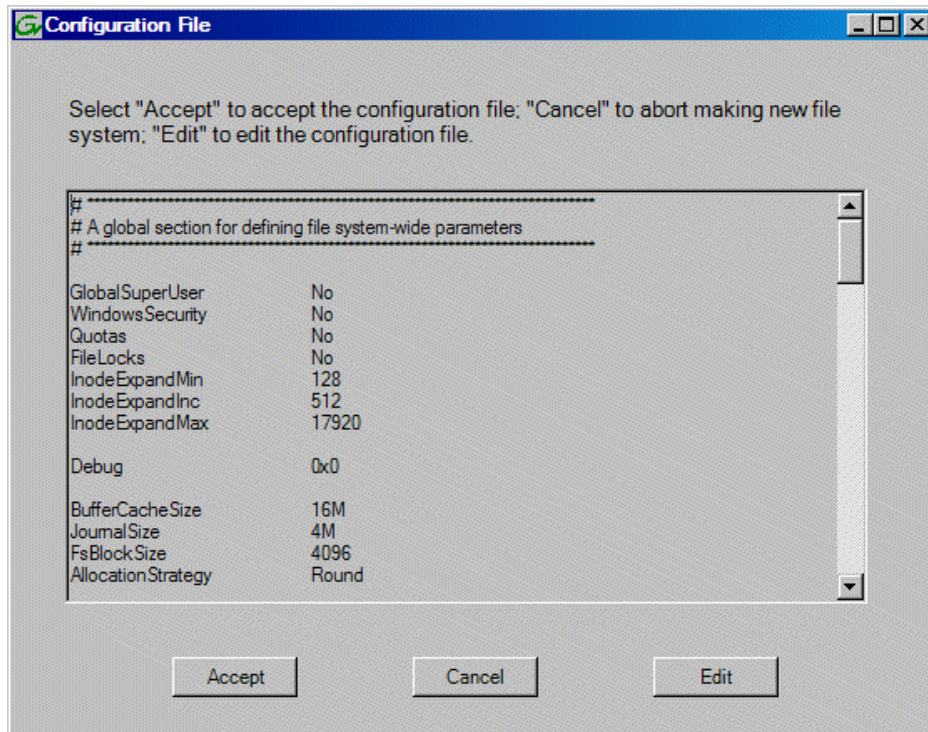
NOTE: As an aid in identifying a disk module's physical location, select it in the Selected Disks list, then click Identify Disks. This causes the disk drive LED to flash.

4. Click **OK** to close the Bind LUN dialog box and begin the binding process.
The Progress Report opens and displays unbind progress.
5. When progress reports 100% complete, the LUN is bound.
6. Repeat the previous steps for other unbound disks.
7. Restart the K2 Media Client.

8. After binding one or more new LUNs, you must make a new file system, as explained in the next procedure.

Make New File System

1. Click **Tools | Make New File System**.
2. If the K2 Media Client is online, messages appear "...offline mode now?" and "...continue?". Click **Yes** to put the K2 Media Client in offline mode.
AppCenter channels go offline. The Configuration File window opens.



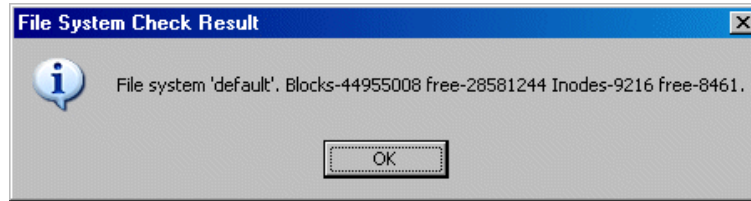
3. You can view media file system settings, but do not attempt to change them. Click **Accept**.
A "Making new file system. Please wait" message box displays progress.
4. When a message "Succeeded to make the new file system. The server will be restarted now" appears, click **OK** to restart the K2 Media Client.

Check File System

This procedure checks the media file system but retains current media files.

1. Click **Tools | Check File System**.
2. If the K2 Media Client is online, messages appear "...offline mode now?" and "...continue?". Click **Yes** to put the K2 Media Client in offline mode.
AppCenter channels go offline.
3. A message box appears "Checking media file system. Please wait". Observe progress.

If problems are discovered they are reported. If the check process passes, when the process is complete a message appears to confirm success.



4. Click **OK** to dismiss the results.

Your file system has been checked.

Cleaning unreferenced files and movies

These procedures allow you to keep the media database and the media files in sync. You can check the movies (clips) in the media database for the references to media files that should be currently stored on the media disks. Likewise, you can check for media files that are not referenced by a movie in the media database. If you find any unreferenced files or movies, you can delete them.

To clean unreferenced files, do the following:

1. Click **Tools | Clean Unreferenced Files**.
2. If the K2 Media Client is online, messages appear "...offline mode now?" and "...continue?". Click **Yes** to put the K2 Media Client in offline mode.
AppCenter channels go offline.
3. A message box appears "...searching...Please wait". Observe progress.
4. A message box reports results. Respond as follows:
 - If no unreferenced files are found, click **OK** to dismiss the results.
 - If unreferenced files are discovered, you are prompted to delete them. Click **Yes** to delete the files or **No** to leave the files intact.

To clean unreferenced movies, do the following:

1. Click **Tools | Clean Unreferenced Movies**.
2. If the K2 Media Client is online, messages appear "...offline mode now?" and "...continue?". Click **Yes** to put the K2 Media Client in offline mode.
AppCenter channels go offline.
3. A message box appears "...searching...Please wait". Observe progress.
4. A message box reports results. Respond as follows:
 - If no unreferenced movies are found, click **OK** to dismiss the results.
 - If unreferenced movies are discovered, you are prompted to delete them. Click **Yes** to delete the movies or **No** to leave the movies intact.

Downloading disk drive firmware

You might be instructed in K2 release notes to upgrade disk drive firmware. This allows you to take advantage of the disk drive enhancements and benefit from improved performance and reliability.

To determine your disk drive type and current firmware version, select a disk drive icon in the Storage Utility tree view, then note the drive properties reported in the right-hand pane. Use the following procedure if you need to download disk drive firmware.

NOTE: *The disk drives are upgraded one at a time which can take as long as 2 minutes per drive. Take this into consideration when scheduling the upgrade.*

To download disk drive firmware, do the following:

1. In the Storage Utility, right-click a disk in the tree view, then select **Advanced | Download Disk Firmware** in the context menu.
2. If the K2 Media Client is online, messages appear "...offline mode now?" and "...continue?". Click **Yes** to put the K2 Media Client in offline mode.
AppCenter channels go offline. The Open File dialog box opens.
3. In the Open File dialog box, browse to the latest firmware file for your disks, select the file, and click.
4. Click **OK**.

Watch the lights on the drive to which you are downloading firmware. The lights flash as firmware loads. Wait until the lights have completed their flashing pattern. This can take several minutes.

The Progress Report window appears showing the disk firmware download task and the percentage completion.

5. Repeat this procedure on each drive.
6. When finished, exit Storage Utility, put AppCenter channels back online, and restart the K2 Media Client.

Storage Utility operation not supported

The following option is displayed in the Storage Utility menu system, but the operation is not supported on the K2 Media Client:

- Expand File System by Capacity

Placing the K2 Media Client into online mode

If the K2 Media Client is in offline mode and you have completed your storage system configuration tasks, you have the following options to return the K2 Media Client to the online mode:

- **Exit Storage Utility and bring channels online** — If Storage Utility is closed, first open Storage Utility and then exit Storage Utility. When you exit Storage Utility you are prompted "...back to online mode?". Click **Yes**.

After exiting Storage Utility, if AppCenter is open the channels remain offline. To

bring channels online, if you are running AppCenter on a control point PC, select **System | Reconnect**. If you are running AppCenter on a local K2 Media Client, close and reopen AppCenter.

- **Restart the K2 Media Client** — Restarting automatically resets the K2 Media Client to online mode. When you log into AppCenter channels connect and come up online.

Managing K2 client system software

This chapter contains the following topics:

- “About K2 Media Client system software”
- “Installing Control Point software”
- “Installing K2 software”
- “Backup and recovery strategies”

About K2 Media Client system software

The primary software installations for the K2 Media Client and K2 products are as follows:

This software...	Is distributed on...	With the installation file located at...	Which is installed on...	And is described as follows:
K2 Client	The K2 System Software CD	..\K2Client\setup.exe	K2 Media Clients	Provides core functionality for all K2 Media Client models, including SD-only, SD/HD, internal storage, and external storage models.
K2 Server	The K2 System Software CD	..\K2Server\setup.exe	K2 Media Servers	Provides core functionality for all K2 Media Servers in all roles.
Control Point	The K2 System Software CD	..\ControlPoint\setup.exe	Control Point PCs	Provides remote control and configuration of K2 Media Clients (both internal and external storage) as well as the K2 Storage System.
Media File System (SNFS)	The K2 System Software CD	..\snfs\SNFSxxxSimple.exe	K2 Media Servers and internal storage K2 Media Clients	The version number is part of the file name. These “simple” install programs are for use on K2 systems only. Do not use standard SNFS install programs. Install only as instructed by release notes.
		..\snfs\SNFSxxxSimple_clientonly.exe	External storage K2 Media Clients	
NetCentral	The NetCentral Manager CD	..\ServerSetup.exe	The NetCentral server PC (this can be a Control Point PC)	Provides remote monitoring of all K2 products.

In addition, the following software is installed in special cases:

- Multi-Path I/O software — You must install this software on K2 Media Clients that are part of a Level 2R or 3R K2 Storage System. Refer to [“External Storage” on page 105](#) for more information.

Software components installed

Each of the K2 installation packages installs software components that provide the functionality for various applications and system tools. The components installed are as follows:

Software	Components installed	Comments
K2 Client	Core system software	Provides the primary media functionality.
	AppCenter user interface	Allows you to operate AppCenter on the local machine.
	AppServer	Provides AppCenter functionality. It is accessed by both the remote AppCenter (on a Control Point PC) and the local AppCenter user interface.
	Storage Utility	Configures the media storage on internal storage K2 Media Clients only. Do not run Storage Utility on external storage K2 Media Clients.
	K2 System Configuration	Installed only on external storage models. Provides to the remotely connected K2 System Configuration application the ability to configure the local machine. You cannot run the K2 System Configuration user interface on the local K2 Media Client.
	Multi-Path I/O	Installation files copied to K2 Media Client but software not installed.
K2 Server	Core system software	Provides the primary media functionality.
	Storage Utility	Provides functionality for the remotely connected Storage Utility that runs on the Control Point PC. You should not run Storage Utility locally on the K2 Media Server.
	K2 System Configuration	Provides to the remotely connected K2 System Configuration application the ability to configure the local machine. You cannot run the K2 System Configuration user interface on the local K2 Media Server.
Control Point	AppCenter user interface	Connects to K2 Media Clients for control and configuration of channels.
	K2 System Configuration user interface	Connects to K2 Media Clients, K2 Media Servers, RAID storage, and Gigabit switches for configuration of the K2 Storage System.
	Storage Utility	Connects to the K2 Media Server, and through the K2 Media Server to the RAID storage, for configuration of the media file system, media database, and RAID storage.

Installing Control Point software

If you are using the Grass Valley control point PC, it comes from the factory with software installed, so you should not need to install software.

If you intend to use a PC that you own as a control point PC, make sure that you choose a PC that meets system requirements for supporting Control Point software. Refer to “[Control point PC system requirements](#)” on page 139. Then install software and configure as follows:

1. Set up Windows user accounts according to your site’s security policies. The accounts and passwords that match the factory default accounts on K2 systems are as follows:
 - Administrator:adminK2
 - K2admin:K2admin
 - K2user:K2user
2. Install the following software, as it is required to support K2 Control Point software:
 - MSXML 4.0
 - .NET Framework 1.1

You can find this software on the K2 System Software CD.
3. Install K2 Control Point PC software, as referenced earlier in this chapter.
4. It is recommended that you install the following software, so that you can accomplish a broad range of operational and administrative tasks from the control point PC:
 - Java Real Time Environment Update 7 or higher. Required for the HP Ethernet Switch configuration interface, which is used for K2 Storage Systems (external storage).
 - QuickTime 7, for local viewing of exported media. You can find this on the K2 System Software CD.
 - Adobe Acrobat Reader, for reading documentation from the K2 Documentation CD.
5. Install NetCentral and its supporting software, such as the following:
 - NetCentral Manager
 - Basic IIS 6.0 package
 - SNMP (Windows Components)

Refer to the *NetCentral User Guide* for complete installation and configuration instructions.

NetCentral is required and included as part of the product for external storage K2 Media Clients and the K2 Storage System. NetCentral is optional but recommended for internal storage K2 Media Clients.

6. Create a backup image using the K2 Media Client Recovery CD. Refer to the *K2 Media Client Service Manual*.

Installing K2 software

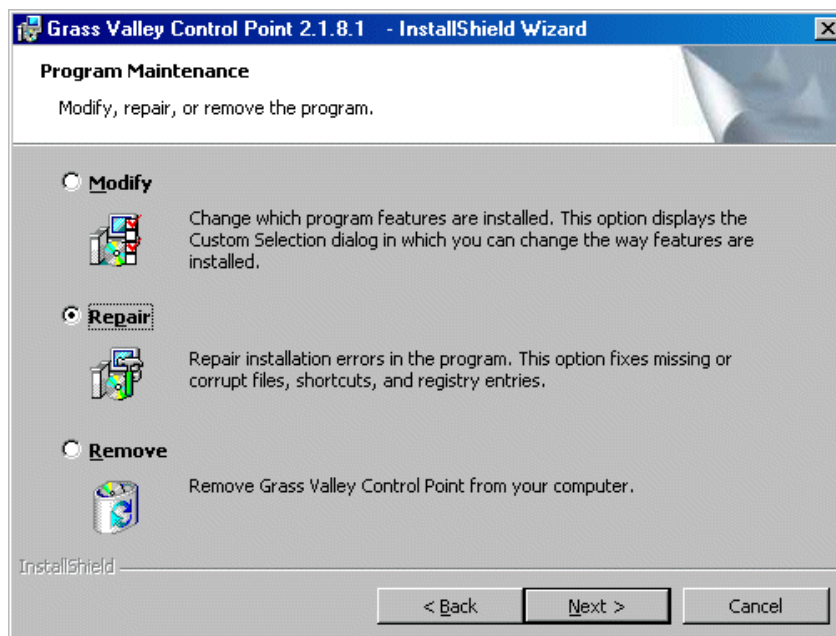
Except as noted in the preceding sections, when you receive your K2 Media Client, you do not need to install software. The system has the most recent software pre-installed at the factory.

If you are upgrading software on a K2 Media Client, refer to the *K2 Media Client Release Notes* for that version of software for specific software upgrade procedures. If you are upgrading external storage K2 Media Clients, you must use the proper sequence and upgrade all K2 Media Servers and K2 Media Clients to the same software version. Upgrade K2 Media Servers first, then K2 Media Clients. Refer to *K2 Storage System Release Notes* for the complete explanation of the rules that apply to upgrading software on the K2 Storage System.

Before upgrading K2 software, you should make a recovery disk image. Refer to the *K2 Media Client Service Manual* for disk image information.

Re-installing Grass Valley software

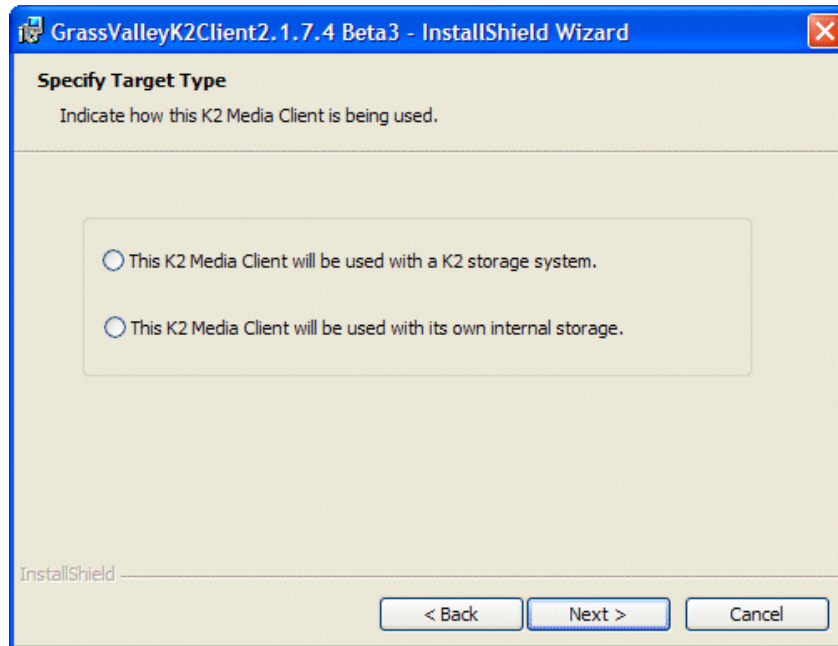
NOTE: Follow these instructions if you need to re-install software. If you are upgrading to a new release version, see the *Release Notes for the latest information on installation procedures*. For more information on recovery procedures, see [“Backup and recovery strategies” on page 98](#).



At the opening screen of the install wizard, select **Repair**, then use the following instructions for the type of software you are installing:

K2 Client software

1. Follow the onscreen instructions, clicking **Next** on each page.



2. When you arrive at the Specify Target Type page, select as follows:
 - **This K2 Media Client will be used with a K2 storage system** — Select this option if you are installing on an external storage K2 Media Client.
 - **This K2 Media Client will be used with its own internal storage** — Select this option if you are installing on an internal storage K2 Media Client.
3. Click **Next** and **Finish** to complete the installation.
4. When prompted, restart the machine.

NOTE: *You must restart after installing K2 software.*

5. When the K2 Media Client starts up, you can verify that the correct versions of software are installed as follows:
 - a. Log on to AppCenter.
 - b. In AppCenter click **Help | About**. The About dialog box opens.

c. Identify versions as follows:

System Version	These should both report the same version number. This is the K2 System
RTS Version	Software version number, such as 3.1.0.x
Media File System	This is the SNFS version, such as 2.6.4.b41

K2 Server software

Refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* for information about re-installing K2 Server software.

Control Point software

Follow the onscreen instructions. Click **Next** and **Finish** to complete the installation.

Pre-installed software

Software is pre-installed on K2 products when you receive them from the factory. This load of pre-installed software is referred to as the “golden drive”. Refer to the *K2 Media Client Service Manual* for a list of pre-installed software. Also refer to *K2 Media Client Release Notes* for version updates.

Refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* for a list of pre-installed software on the K2 Media Server.

Backup and recovery strategies

There are three partitions on the K2 Media Client system drive to support backup and recovery strategies as follows:

- The C: drive is for the Windows operating system and applications.
- The D: drive is for media file system (SNFS) metadata files and media database data files. This allows you to restore the Windows operating system yet keep your media metadata intact.
- The E: drive is for storing a system image of the other partitions. From the E: drive you can restore images to the C: and D: drives. When you receive your K2 Media Client from the factory, the default factory image is stored on the E: drive.

For more information on backup and recovery strategies, see the *K2 Media Client Service Manual*.

Administering and maintaining the K2 system

This chapter contains the following topics:

[“Synchronizing system clocks” on page 99](#)

[“Licensing” on page 99](#)

[“Security considerations” on page 99](#)

[“Enabling and disabling the USB ports” on page 103](#)

Synchronizing system clocks

If you are using a K2 Media Client with internal storage, then synchronizing system clocks is not required. However, if you are using a K2 Media Client with external storage or as part of a larger network, the system clocks on the devices of the K2 system must be kept synchronized. The main purpose for this time synchronization is so that entries in the various logs on the K2 system devices can be correlated. The following procedure describes a mechanism by which clocks are synchronized. If your facility has other mechanisms by which you synchronize system clocks, you can use your own methods, as long as it accomplishes the goal of keeping the system clocks synchronized.

To synchronize system clocks, do the following:

1. Designate a K2 Media Server as the time server.
2. On each K2 Media Client, iSCSI client, and any additional K2 Media Servers, in the Windows **Control Panel** open **Date and Time**.
3. On the **Internet Time** tab, enter the K2 Media Server that is the time server.

Licensing

For SD-only models, a codec upgrade license is available that adds D10 and DV50 compression and increases available MPEG-2 compression data rate up to 50Mbps, 4:2:2. Contact your Grass Valley representative to purchase the license. Instructions are provided when you receive the upgrade kit.

Some optional applications, such as TimeDelay, are also available for use with K2 systems. Contact your Grass Valley representative for licensing information.

Security considerations

To provide a basic level of security, the K2 Media Client ships from the factory with four different security levels. The following table shows the different types of K2 user and their privileges. The password is case sensitive.

	Windows administrator	K2 administrator	K2 user	Unknown user
Login	Administrator	K2admin	K2user	N/A ^a
Password	adminK2	K2admin	K2user	N/A
AppCenter Configuration Manager	Full access	Full access	Can view	Can't access
AppCenter	Full access	Full access	Full access; requires an account on the K2 Media Client(s)	Can view channel suites, channel status, on-line help and System Status pane. Can export logs.
Storage Utility	Full access ^b	Full access	Can't access	Can't access
K2 Config	Full access ^b	Full access	Can't access	Can't access
Windows Operating System	Full access	Limited access (based on Windows login privileges)	Limited access (based on Windows login privileges)	Limited access (based on Windows login privileges)

- ^a. The unknown user, like all others who access the K2 system, must have a valid Windows login for the K2 Media Client or the control point PC through which the K2 system is being accessed.
- ^b. For more information about Storage Utility or K2 Config security, see the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual*.

Microsoft Windows critical updates

Grass Valley recognizes that it is essential to be able to deploy Microsoft security patches to our Windows-based products as quickly as possible. As Grass Valley systems are used to meet the mission-critical requirements of your environment, we feel it is imperative that systems be kept up to date in order to maintain the highest level of security available. To that end, we encourage you to install all critical operating system updates provided by Microsoft. In the unlikely event that one of these updates causes ill effects to a Grass Valley system, you are urged to uninstall the update and contact Grass Valley customer service as soon as possible. Grass Valley will investigate the incompatibility and, if necessary, provide a software update or work-around to allow our products to properly function with the Microsoft update in question.

Please note that this policy applies to critical updates only. There are countless other noncritical updates which are made available by Microsoft. If you feel that one or more of these non-critical updates must be applied, we request that you contact Grass Valley prior to installation.

You should exercise common sense when applying these updates. Specifically, updates should not be downloaded or installed while a Grass Valley product is being used for mission critical purposes such as play to air.

K2 and NetCentral security considerations

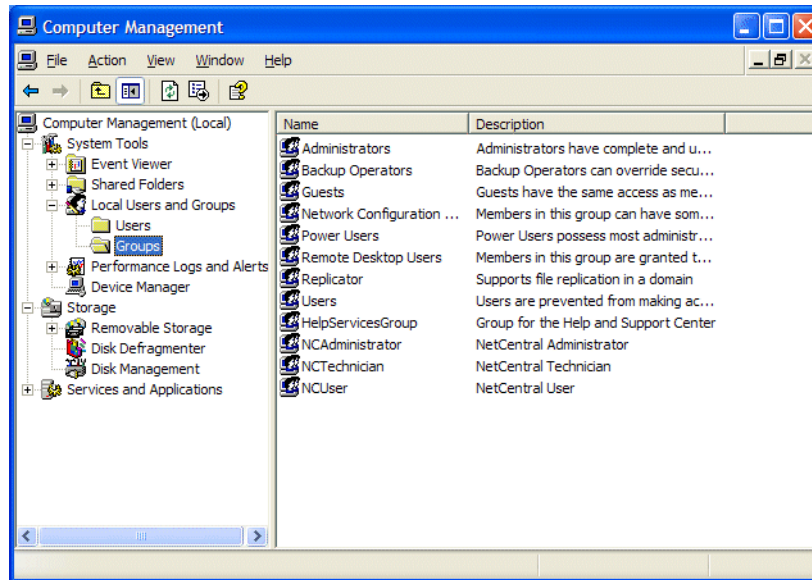
When using K2 with NetCentral, bear in mind that NetCentral has its own levels of security. Grass Valley recommends mapping the NetCentral administrator with the K2 administrator level. You need Windows administrator privileges to add or modify a user's privileges.

Mapping a NetCentral administrator to the K2 administrator level

The following procedure uses K2admin as an example of a user name. You may want to modify the administrator accounts to bring them in line with your site's security policies.

A user who belongs to a group has all the rights and permissions granted to that group. To be able to use NetCentral and K2, you need to create a local K2admin user account and add it to the NCAdministrator group on the NetCentral Server PC. (This could also be the control point PC.)

1. Create the user named K2admin:
 - a. Open Computer Management.
 - b. In the console tree, right-click on the Users folder.
 - c. Select New User.
 - d. In the New User dialog box, enter the user name **K2admin** and the password **K2admin**.
 - e. Select or clear the check boxes, as desired, for:
 - User must change password at next logon
 - User cannot change password
 - Password never expires
 - Account is disabled
 - f. Click Create, and then click Close.
2. Add the NCAdministrator group to the K2admin user:
 - a. Open Computer Management.
 - b. In the console tree, click Users.
 - c. Right-click the K2admin user and select Properties.
 - d. Select the Member Of tab and click Add.
 - e. Enter the group name **NCAdministrator** and click OK.



For more information on NetCentral security, see the NetCentral on-line Help.

Virus scanning and protection policies

The K2 system is based on a standard Windows PC platform. It is important to defend this system against virus or SpyWare attacks. Grass Valley supports the scanning of the K2 system drives (the disk drives or drive partition used to house the operating system and installed application software) from a PC that is running the scanning program while the K2 is being used to record or play video to air. The anti-virus package executing on the PC can be scheduled to scan the system drives of multiple K2 Systems.

The following strategies are recommended for virus scanning:

- Run the scanning software on a dedicated PC that connects to the K2 system via a network mount. Do not run scanning software locally on the K2 Media Client.
- Connect to the K2 Media Client via 100BaseT network. This constrains the bandwidth and system resources consumed, so as to not interfere with media operations. Do not connect and scan via Gigabit Ethernet.
- Grass Valley does not support the running of anti-virus programs on a K2 System itself at the same time the system is being used to record or play video to air.

With these recommended strategies, you should be able to scan the K2 Media Client without interrupting media access.

In addition, the following protection policies are recommended:

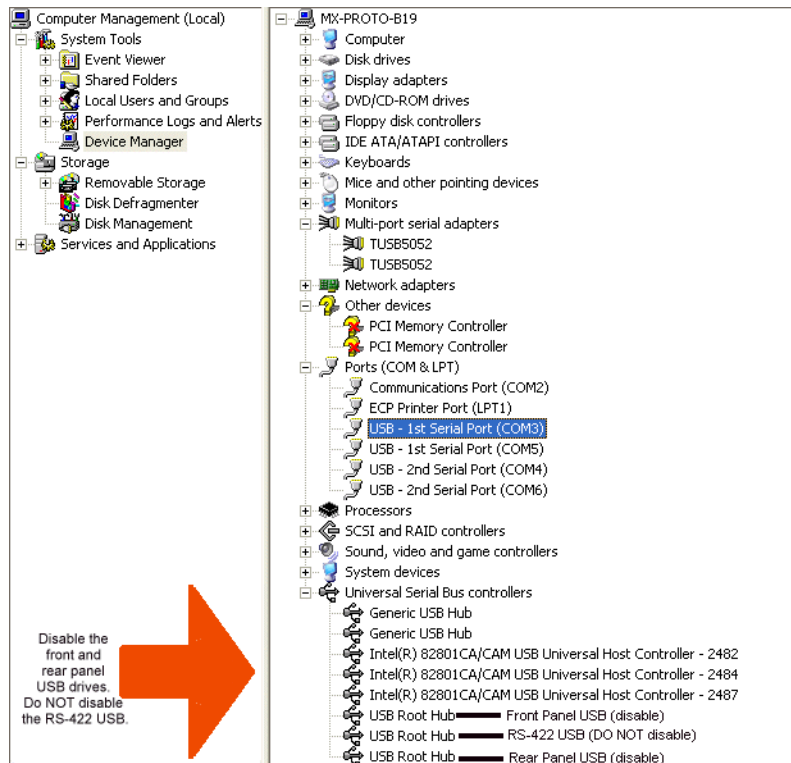
- Where possible, the K2 system should be run in a closed and protected environment without network access to the corporate IS environment or the outside world.
- If the K2 system must operate in a larger network, Grass Valley recommends that access be through a gateway or firewall to provide anti-virus protection. The

firewall should allow incoming HTTP (TCP ports 80 and 280) connections for client and configuration connections to the K2 system inside the private network. Additionally, ports should allow incoming packets so requests to the Proxy NAS can be properly processed. The port that needs to be open is port 445 for TCP and UDP for Windows and SAMBA shares. If your site's policies require that these port numbers change, contact Grass Valley support for assistance.

- Access to the K2 system should be controlled in order to limit the likelihood of malicious or unintended introduction of viruses.
- The front and rear USB ports of the K2 system should normally be disabled; they should only be used by Windows administrators. (Be careful not to disable the RS-422 USB.) For more information, see [“Enabling and disabling the USB ports” on page 103](#).

Enabling and disabling the USB ports

Grass Valley recommends that the front and rear USB ports be disabled. This protects the K2 Media Client from exposure to unauthorized files. Do not disable the RS-422 USB. The following illustration shows which USB ports should be disabled in Windows Device Manager.



Only the Windows administrator, working locally, can enable or disable USB ports. To enable a USB port, right-click on the USB device in Windows Device Manager and select **Enable**. You cannot enable the K2 Media Client USB port via a control point PC.

To transfer to or from a USB drive on an internal storage K2 Media Client, the Windows administrator should first enable the USB port. When the transfer is complete, the Windows administrator should then disable the USB port to prevent unauthorized use. Transferring to and from a USB drive is supported on a local internal storage K2 Media Client only. USB drive transfers on external storage K2 Media Clients, K2 Media Servers, or control point PCs are not supported. Assets must be exported to a USB drive one at a time. Attempts to export more than one asset at the same time will result in the transfer aborting.

External Storage

Work through the following topics to connect K2 Media Client models with external storage to the K2 Storage System:

- [“About load balancing” on page 106](#)
- [“Determining K2 Media Client bandwidth requirements” on page 107](#)
- [“Preparing the K2 Storage System” on page 107](#)
- [“Preparing K2 Media Clients” on page 108](#)
- [“Adding K2 Media Clients to the K2 Storage System” on page 110](#)
- [“Basic operations for external storage K2 Media Clients” on page 117](#)

About load balancing

When you purchase a K2 Storage System to provide the shared storage for your K2 Media Clients, your Grass Valley representative sizes the storage system based on your bandwidth requirements. These bandwidth requirements are based on how you intend to use the channels of your K2 Media Clients. The bit rates, media formats, and ratio of record channels to play channels all effect your bandwidth requirements.

As you add your K2 Media Clients to the K2 Storage System, you must assign a bandwidth value to each K2 Media Client. This value is based on your intended use of the channels of that K2 Media Client. There is a page in the K2 System Configuration application on which you enter parameters such as channel count, bit rate, and track count per channel to calculate the bandwidth value for a K2 Media Client. The K2 System Configuration application takes that bandwidth value and load balances it across the K2 Storage System, so that the K2 Media Client has adequate bandwidth for its intended media access operations. When the bandwidth values you enter in the K2 System Configuration application match the overall bandwidth requirements upon which your K2 external storage is sized, you have sufficient bandwidth for all your K2 Media Clients.

Load balancing is important for the K2 Storage System because of the relative bandwidth constraints inherent in Gigabit Ethernet and the iSCSI protocol. The K2 Storage System uses a mechanism called a TCP/IP Offload Engine (TOE) as a bridge across which all media must travel between the iSCSI/Gigabit world and the SCSI/Fibre Channel world. Each TOE has a limit as to how much bandwidth it can handle.

Depending on the level of your K2 Storage System you have one or more TOEs available for load balancing. A TOE is hosted by the iSCSI interface board, which also provides the Gigabit Ethernet connection.

As you configure your K2 Storage System, the K2 System Configuration application assigns a K2 Media Client to a specific TOE and keeps track of the bandwidth so subscribed to each TOE. A single K2 Media Client can only subscribe to a single TOE. However, a single TOE can have multiple K2 Media Clients subscribed to it. The K2 System Configuration application assigns K2 Media Clients to each TOE, filling them until their subscription is full.

You should add your highest bandwidth K2 Media Clients first to the K2 Storage System, so that the K2 System Configuration application can distribute them equally across the available TOEs. Then when you add the lower bandwidth K2 Media Clients, the K2 System Configuration application can add them to the TOEs with bandwidth remaining.

It is important to realize that this load balancing does not adjust itself dynamically. If you change your intended use of a K2 Media Client and increase its bandwidth requirements, you risk oversubscribing the TOE to which that K2 Media Client is assigned. If this happens, media access fails on all the clients assigned to the TOE.

To prevent oversubscription problems you should load balance your K2 Storage System again if you must increase the bandwidth requirements of a K2 Media Client. Contact your Grass Valley representative for help with load balancing. To stay under the total bandwidth limit of the K2 Storage System, you might have to decrease the bandwidth requirements of another K2 Media Client. In any case you must again load balance.

Determining K2 Media Client bandwidth requirements

The K2 System Configuration application provides a page in the Configure K2 Client wizard that calculates the bandwidth requirement for a K2 Media Client. On this page you enter information regarding the channel count, bit rate, and tracks per channel for your intended use of the K2 Media Client. The page then calculates the bandwidth requirement and make it available for load balancing. Refer to [“Adding K2 Media Clients to the K2 Storage System”](#) on page 110 for procedures.

Preparing the K2 Storage System

Refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* to install and configure the K2 Storage System so that it is prepared for the addition of your external storage K2 Media Clients.

The following K2 Storage System preparations are required to support K2 Media Clients:

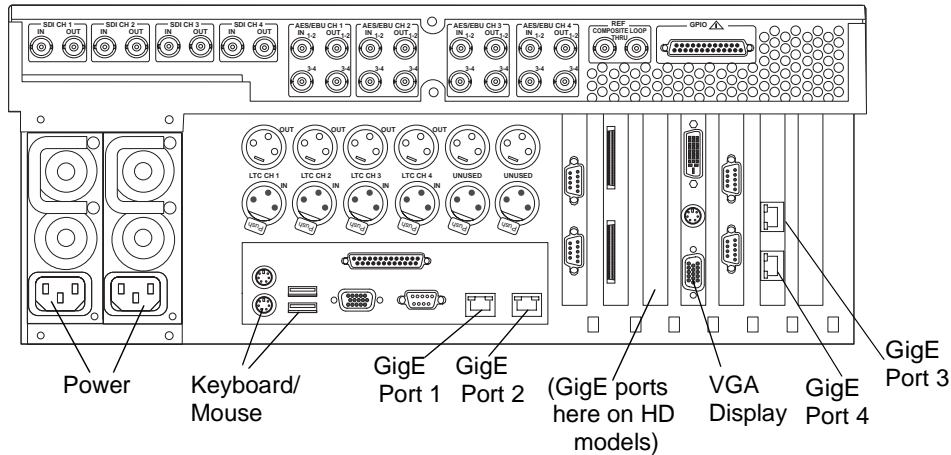
- All K2 media servers and/or K2 RAID storage devices must be installed and cabled.
- The control network must be operational with K2 devices communicating. At the command prompt, use the *ping* command to verify.
- For non-redundant (Levels 1, 2, and 3) K2 Storage Systems, the media network must be operational. You can check this with the K2 System Configuration application.
- For redundant (Levels 2R and 3R) K2 Storage Systems, media network A and media network B must be operational. You can check this with the K2 System Configuration application.
- K2 RAID devices must have LUNs bound and be configured as required for operation on the K2 Storage System.
- K2 media servers (or the K2 Level 1 device) must be configured such that an operational media file system is present.
- K2 Ethernet switches must be configured and have V-LANs set up.
- The storage system to which you are adding your K2 Media Clients must be defined with the appropriate number and type of clients. In other words, in the K2 System Configuration application tree view you should see the K2 Media Clients you are about to add represented as unconfigured devices.

NOTE: Do not run Storage Utility on an external storage K2 Media Client. For external storage, run Storage Utility only via the K2 System Configuration application.

Preparing K2 Media Clients

Do the following to each K2 Media Client in preparation for its addition to the K2 Storage System:

1. Install the K2 Media Client in its permanent location.
2. Provide power to the K2 Media Client.
3. Connect cables as follows:



Connect GigE port 1 to a control port on the K2 Ethernet switch. For a redundant connection connect GigE port 1 to a control port on the A Ethernet switch and GigE port 3 to a control port on the B Ethernet switch.

Connect GigE port 2 to a media (iSCSI) port on the K2 Ethernet switch. For a redundant connection connect GigE port 2 to a media port on the A Ethernet switch and GigE port 4 to a media port on the B Ethernet switch.

NOTE: *The connections to GigE ports 2 and 4 documented here are only valid for external storage K2 Media Clients that access shared storage on a K2 Storage System. To connect GigE ports 2 and 4 on internal storage K2 Media Clients, refer to the Internal Storage chapter earlier in this manual*

Connect keyboard, mouse, and VGA monitor, if configuring locally. You can also access the Windows desktop remotely with Windows Remote Desktop Connection.

Connect other cabling as required.

4. Power on the K2 Media Client and log on to Windows as Windows administrator, which is username *administrator* and password *adminK2* by default. Ignore startup messages referring to a missing media storage system.
5. Assign a control network IP address and configure other network settings for the K2 Media Client. Refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* for networking information. Ports 1 and 3 are teamed, so even if are making a connection to port 1 only, you must configure network settings for the Control Team, as follows:

- a. On the Windows desktop, right-click **My Network Places** and select **Properties**. The Network Connections window opens.
 - b. Look in the **Device Name** column and identify the entry named **TEAM : Control Team**.
 - c. Right-click the icon for this entry and select **Properties**. The Properties dialog box opens.
 - d. On the **General** tab select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click the **Properties** button. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box opens.
 - e. Configure network settings as appropriate for the control network as implemented in your facility.
6. Configure SNMP properties so the trap destination points to the NetCentral server PC. Use standard Windows procedures.
 7. If the K2 Media Client connects to the K2 Storage System with a redundant Ethernet fabric, such as in Levels 2R and 3R, install Multi-Path I/O software. Refer to the next procedure "[Installing Multi-Path I/O Software](#)".
 8. Copy the K2 Storage System *hosts* file onto the K2 Media Client. Refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* for information about the *hosts* file and networking.

Installing Multi-Path I/O Software

The following procedure is required for external storage K2 Media Clients that have their Gigabit Media ports (ports 2 and 4) connected to the two iSCSI Media networks. This configuration is used for redundant K2 Storage Systems, such as Level 2R and Level 3R.

The installation files for the Multi-Path I/O software are copied on to the K2 Media Client when the K2 Client software is installed.

To install Multi-Path I/O software, do the following:

1. Access the Windows desktop on the K2 system. You can do this locally with a connected keyboard, mouse, and monitor or remotely via the Windows Remote Desktop Connection.
2. Stop all media access. If AppCenter is open, close it.
3. Click **Start | Run**, type `cmd` and press **Enter**. The MS-DOS command prompt window opens.
4. From the command prompt, navigate to the `C:\profile\mpio` directory.
5. Type the following at the command prompt:
`C:\profile\mpio>gdsminstall.exe -i c:\profile\mpio gdsm.inf Root\GDSM`
6. Press **Enter**. The software is installed. The command prompt window reports the following:

```
Pre-Installing the Multi-Path Adapter Filter...
Success
```

Installing the Multi-Path Bus Driver...

Success

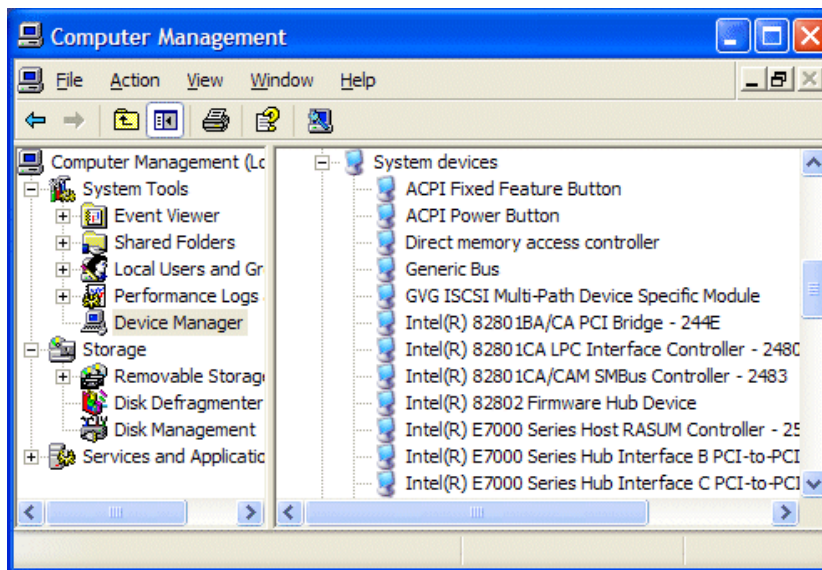
Installing the Device Specific Module...

Success

Installing the Multi-Path Device Driver...

Success (but need a reboot)

7. Restart the K2 Media Client.
8. After restart, to verify that the software is installed, on the Windows desktop right-click **My Computer** and select **Manage**. The Computer Management window opens.



9. In the left pane select **Device Manager**.
10. In the right pane open the **System devices** node and verify that **GVG ISCSI Multi-Path Device Specific Module** is listed.

Adding K2 Media Clients to the K2 Storage System

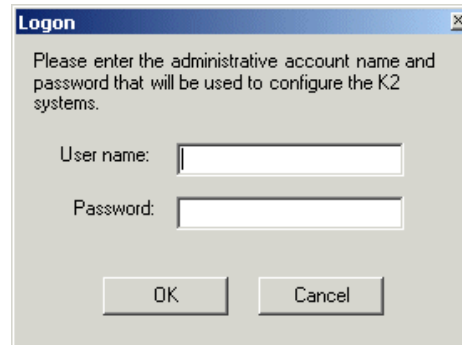
For each of your K2 Media Clients, use the procedures in this section to configure for operation using the K2 Storage System as the shared media storage.

Before beginning with these procedures, make sure the K2 Storage System and the K2 Media Clients are prepared as specified in the sections earlier in this chapter. Cabling must be complete, K2 Media Clients must be communicating on the control network, and the K2 Storage System must have a viable media file system.

Configuring a K2 Media Client for the K2 Storage System

Configure a K2 Media Client as follows:

1. On the K2 configuration control point PC, open the K2 System Configuration application. A login dialog box opens.



2. Log in to the K2 System Configuration application with the correct administrator account. By default this as follows:

- Username: administrator
- Password: adminK2

Refer to the security topic elsewhere in this manual for more information about administrator accounts and logging in to applications.

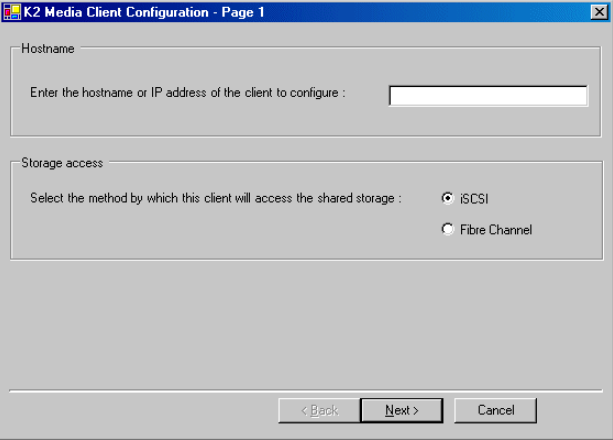
3. In the K2 System Configuration application tree view, verify that the K2 Storage System is correctly defined. You should see the correct number of K2 Media Clients. If the correct number of K2 Media Clients is not currently added to the K2 Storage System, you can add or remove clients now (before clients are configured), as follows:

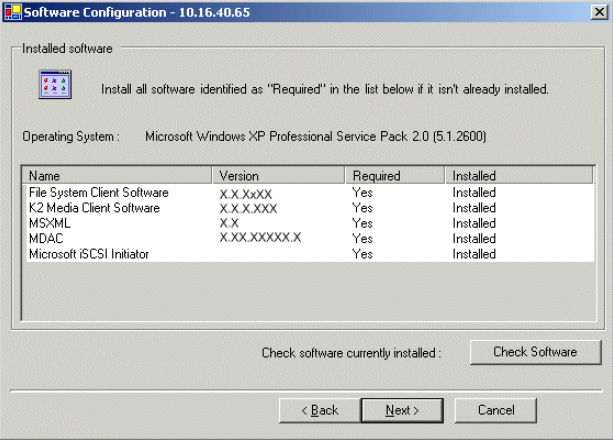
- Select the top node of the storage system and click the **Add Device** button
- Select a unconfigured K2 Media Client and click the **Remove** button.

4. Select the top K2 Media Client. 

5. Click the **Configure** button.  The K2 Media Client Configuration wizard

opens. Follow the on-screen text as described in the following table.:

On this page...	Do this...
Page 1	
	<p>Enter the IP address or network name for a K2 Media Client, as currently configured on the K2 Media Client. You should configure your highest bandwidth K2 Media Clients first, as this ensures load balancing is correct. Refer to the load balancing topic earlier in this chapter for information on load balancing.</p> <p>For the Storage Access settings, leave iSCSI selected. Click Next</p>

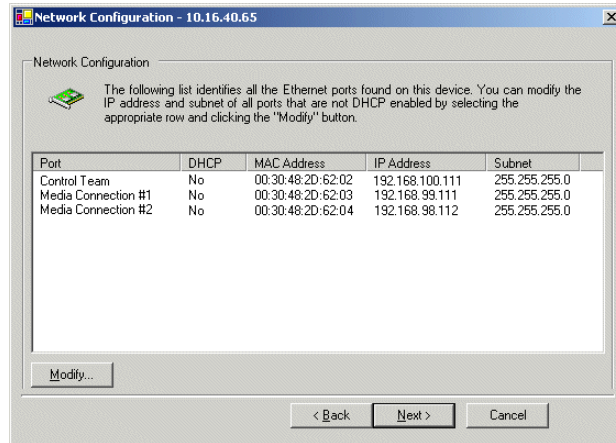
Software Configuration	
<p>This page checks the K2 Media Client for required software.</p>	<p>If software with <i>Yes</i> in the Required column reports as <i>Not Installed</i>, you must first install it on the K2 Media Client before continuing. Refer to Chapter 5, “Managing K2 client system software”. After installing the software, click Check Software. When all required software reports as <i>Installed</i>, click Next.</p>

On this page...

Do this...

Network Configuration

This page configures both control and media (iSCSI) network connections. The K2 Media Client actually has four Gigabit Ethernet ports, but ports 1 and 3 are configured as a teamed pair (the control team), while ports 2 and 4 (the media connections) are individual. The teamed pair shares an IP address and appears on this page as a single port.



The top port is the port (teamed) over which the K2 System Configuration application is communicating with the K2 Media Client. If correctly configured, it is already assigned the control network IP address, which is displayed in the window.

Select **Media Connection #1** and click **Modify**. A network configuration dialog box opens. Configure as follows:

- If a non-redundant K2 Storage System, enter the media network IP address. Also enter the subnet mask.
- If a redundant K2 Storage System, enter an IP address for the "A" media (iSCSI) network. Also enter the subnet mask.

If a non-redundant K2 Storage System, do not configure Media Connection #2.

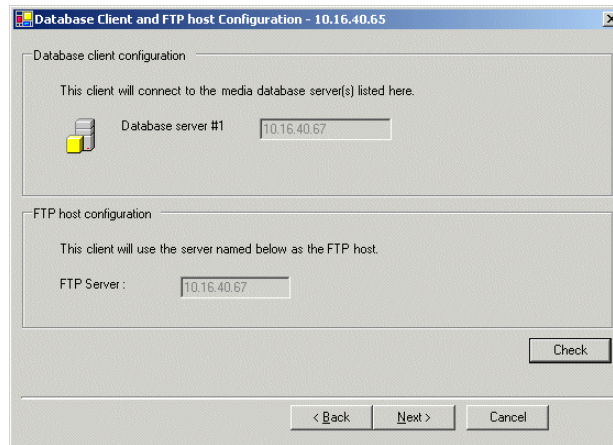
If a redundant K2 Storage System, select **Media Connection #2** and click **Modify**. A network configuration dialog box opens. Enter an IP address for the "B" media (iSCSI) network. Also enter the subnet mask. Click **Next**.

On this page...

Database Client Configuration

This page connects the K2 Media Client as a media database client to the K2 Media Server taking the role of media database server. If there are redundant K2 Media Servers, both are listed on this page as database servers.

Do this...



Verify that the K2 Media Client is connecting to the correct K2 Media Server or Servers, as follows:

- For Level 1, the client connects to the L1 device.
- For Level 2, the client connects to the only server.
- For Level 2R, the client connects to server A as database server 1 and sever B as database server 2.
- For Level 3, the client connects to server 1.
- For Level 3R, the client connects to server 1A as database server 1 and sever 1B as database server 2.

Refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* to identify servers. If there are multiple FTP servers, the K2 System Configuration application automatically assigns the K2 Media Client to a FTP server to provide optimum FTP bandwidth across the system.

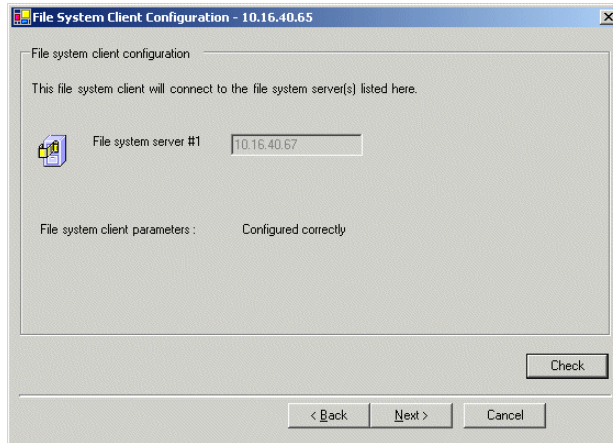
Click **Check**. When the wizard reports that the configuration check is successful, click **Next**.

On this page...

File System Client Configuration

This page connects the K2 Media Client as a media file system client to the K2 Media Server taking the role of media file system server. If there are redundant K2 Media Servers, both are listed on this page as file system servers.

Do this...



Verify that the K2 Media Client is connecting to the correct K2 Media Server or Servers, as follows:

- For Level 1, the client connects to the L1 device.
- For Level 2, the client connects to the only server.
- For Level 2R, the client connects to server A as file system server 1 and server B as file system server 2.
- For Level 3, the client connects to server 1.
- For Level 3R, the client connects to server 1A as file system server 1 and server 1B as file system server 2.

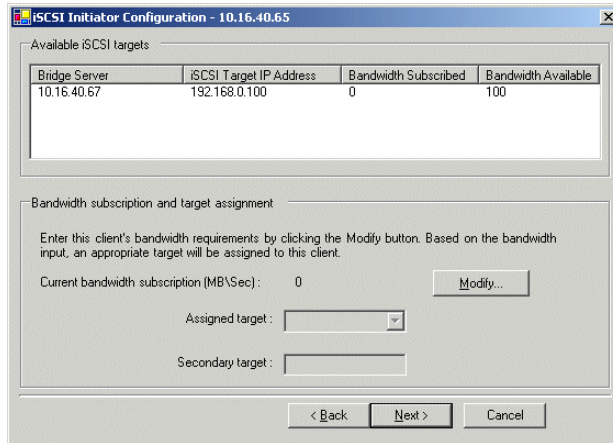
Refer to the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual* to identify servers. Click **Check**. When the wizard reports that the configuration check is successful, click **Next**.

On this page...

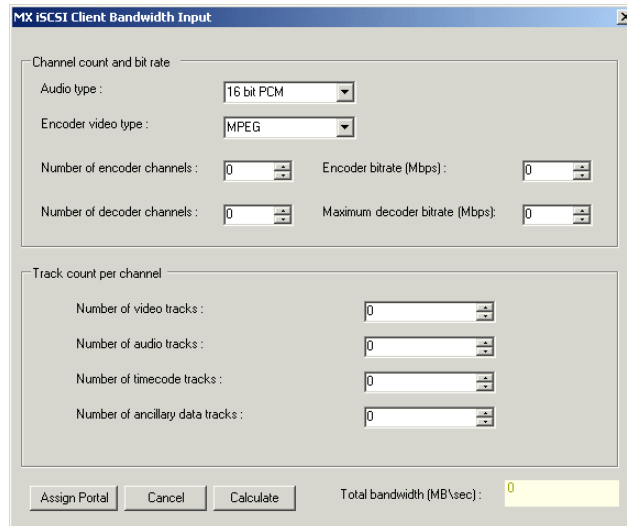
iSCSI Initiator Configuration

This page load balances the K2 Media Client's iSCSI connection to the K2 Storage System. The iSCSI adapters on your K2 Media Server or servers are listed here as iSCSI targets. The K2 System Configuration application determines the iSCSI target to which each K2 Media Client subscribes, based on the bandwidth values that you enter. This enforces policies by which each K2 Media Client has sufficient bandwidth for its intended use and no individual iSCSI target is oversubscribed.

Do this...



Click **Modify**. The Bandwidth Input dialog box opens.



Enter the channel count, bit rate, and track count per channel information according to your intended use of the K2 Media Client.

Click **Calculate** and verify that the total bandwidth is correct according to the system design for your shared storage system. You should be configuring your highest bandwidth K2 Media Clients first, to ensure that they are distributed equally across iSCSI targets. To verify this, while you are on this page for your first K2 Media Client, you can temporarily enter information and calculate the bandwidth for each of your K2 Media Clients and compare bandwidth values.

Click **Assign Portal**, then **OK** to confirm.

If you have a redundant K2 Storage System, the K2 System Configuration application makes the appropriate assignment to the redundant server, as reported in the Secondary target box.

Click **Next**.

Completing the Configuration Wizard

Click **Finish**. The K2 Media Client restarts and the wizard closes.

6. Repeat this procedure for each of your K2 Media Clients.

Basic operations for external storage K2 Media Clients

Use the following procedures as you operate your K2 Media Clients with the K2 Storage System:

- [“Power on/off procedures”](#)
- [“Taking a K2 Media Client offline”](#)

For other procedures refer to [“Administering and maintaining the K2 system”](#) on [page 99](#) and the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual*.

Power on/off procedures

As long as the K2 Storage System remains operational, you can use the standard power on and power off procedures for K2 Media Clients attached to the K2 Storage System. When a K2 Media Client goes offline or comes online it does not disrupt the K2 Storage System.

However, if you are powering down or otherwise taking the K2 Storage System out of service, you must follow the correct procedure as specified in the *K2 Storage System Instruction Manual*. You must first stop all media access on your K2 Media Clients to ensure that they do not cause error conditions. You can power off the K2 Media Clients or take them offline using the K2 System Configuration application.

When powering up the K2 Storage System, power on the K2 Media Clients last so that they can verify their media storage as part of their start up processes.

Taking a K2 Media Client offline

1. Stop all media operations on the device. This includes, play, record, and transfer operations.
2. Shut down the K2 Media Client.

Appendix **A**

Specifications

Specifications in this chapter:

- “AC power specification”
- “Environmental specifications”
- “Mechanical specifications”
- “Electrical specifications”
- “Operational specifications”
- “Control point PC system requirements”

AC power specification

The K2 Media Client AC power specification is shown in the following table.

Characteristic	Specification
Power supply	Dual, redundant
Mains Input Voltage	100V to 240V auto-range, 50-60Hz
Power consumption	300W typical, 500W maximum



WARNING: Always use a grounded outlet to supply power to the system. Always use a power cable with a grounded plug, such as the one supplied with the system.

Environmental specifications

Characteristic	Specification
Ambient Temperature Non-Operating	-40° to +60° C
Ambient Temperature Operating	10° to +40° C
Relative Humidity	Operating 20% to 80% from -5 to +45 C Non-Operating 10% to 80% from -30 to +60 C Do not operate with visible moisture on the circuit boards
Operating Altitude	To 10,000 feet IEC 950 compliant to 2000 meters
Storage Altitude	To 40,000 feet
Non-Operating Mechanical Shock	Class 5 (30G) Thomson Grass Valley 001131500
Random Vibration	Operational: Class 6 Thomson Grass Valley 001131500 Non-Operational: Class 5 Thomson Grass Valley 001131500
Transportation	Thomson Grass Valley 001131500
Equipment Type	Information Technology
Equipment Class	Class 1
Installation Category	Category II Local level mains, appliances, portable equipment, etc.
Pollution Degree	Level 2 operating environment, indoor use only.

Mechanical specifications

Dimension	Measurement
Height	7 in (177 mm)
Width	17.75 in (450 mm)
Depth ^a	25.75 in (654 mm)
Weight:	69.5 lbs (31.5 kg) maximum

^a Adjustable rack-mounting ears accommodate different rack depth limitations.

Electrical specifications

The following sections describe the electrical specifications:

Serial Digital Video (SDI)

Parameter	Specification
Video Standard	525 Line or 625 Line component
Number of Inputs	1 per record channel
Number of Outputs	1 per play channel
Data format	Conforms to SMPTE 259M (SD) and 292M (HD)
Number of bits	10bits
Embedded Audio Input	SD data format conforms to SMPTE 259M (48kHz, 20bits) HD data format conforms to SMPTE 299. 48 kHz (locked to video) and 16- or 24- bit PCM Compatible with AC-3 and Dolby-E Up to 16 channels. User selectable audio group 1- 4
Embedded Audio Output	Output data format is 48 kHz 24-bit User can disable embedded audio on SDI output
Connector	BNC, 75 ohm, No loop-through
Max Cable Length	225 meters (738 ft) (Belden 8281 type cable)
Return Loss	≥15db, 5Mhz to 270Mhz

Genlock Reference

Characteristic	Description
Signal Type	NTSC/PAL Color Black Composite Analog
Connectors	2 BNC, 75 ohm passive loop through
Burst Frequency Lock Range	PAL, ± 10 Hz at subcarrier NTSC, ± 20 Hz at subcarrier
Signal Amplitude Lock Range	Stays locked to +6 dB and -3 dB
Input Return Loss	≥ 40 dB to 5 MHz
Tri-level sync	Not supported

System Timing

Characteristic	Description ^a
Encoder timing	Derived from the video input
Nominal Playback Output Delay	Adjustable (Default: Zero timed to reference genlock)
SD Output Delay Range (Independent for each play channel)	525 lines Frames: 0 to +1 Lines: 0 to +524 Samples: 0 to +1715 clock samples
	625 lines Frames: 0 to +3 Lines: 0 to +624 Samples: 0 to +1727 clock samples
HD Output Delay Range (Independent for each play channel)	1080i at 29.97 FPS (SMPTE 274M-5) Frames: 0 to +1 Lines: 0 to +1124 Pixels: 0 to +2199
	720p at 59.94 FPS (SMPTE 296M-2) Frames: 0 to +1 Lines: 0 to +749 Pixels: 0 to +1649
	1080i at 25 FPS (SMPTE 274M-6) Frames: 0 to +1 Lines: 0 to +1124 Pixels: 0 to +2639
	720p at 50 FPS (SMPTE 296M-3) Frames: 0 to +1 Lines: 0 to +749 Pixels: 0 to +1979
Loop through	On SD-only models, the video, AES, and LTC inputs pass to the their output connectors as loop through. This is on record channels only.
	On HD/SD models, record channels loop through to play channels
E-to-E video	Not supported

^a All delay values shown are relative to Black Reference.

AES/EBU Digital Audio

Parameter	Specification
Standard	AES3
Audio Inputs	4 Channels per video input; 2 dedicated BNC connectors per video input; two channels per BNC connector 16 Channels of embedded audio from video input. Supports 48kHz, 16 bit, 20 bit, or 24 bit digital audio sources.
Audio Outputs	4 Channels per video output; 2 dedicated BNC connectors per video output; two channels per BNC connector 16 Channels of embedded per video output. Audio mapping is direct and fixed, the first four channels are the same for AES and embedded, the last twelve channels are only embedded. AES outputs are active at all times; embedded audio insertion on outputs can be disabled. Audio is output using a 48kHz clock derived from the video reference. Supports 16- or 24-bit media. On playout, audio is synchronized with video as it was recorded. Compatible with AC-3 and Dolby-E
Input Impedance	75 ohms, unbalanced
Audio time shift	Configurable relative to video for both record and playout.

LTC Input/Output

Parameter	Specification
Standard	SMPTE 12M Longitudinal Time Code, AC coupled, differential input
Number of Inputs	1 per video input - Female XLR
Number of Outputs	1 per video output - Male XLR
Input Impedance	1K ohm
Output Impedance	50 ohm
Minimum Input Voltage	0.1 V peak-to-peak, differential
Maximum Input Voltage	2.5 V peak-to-peak, differential
Nominal Output Voltage	2.0 V peak-to-peak differential.
LTC Reader	LTC reader will accept LTC at rates between 1/30 and 80 times the nominal rate in either forward or reverse directions.
LTC Transmitter	LTC transmitter outputs LTC at the nominal frame rate for the selected standard at 1x speed, forward direction only.

VITC Input/Output

Parameter	Specification
VITC	lines 10-20 NTSC (525 Line); lines 10-22 PAL (625 Line) VITC is decoded on each SDI input and inserted on each SDI output. VITC Reader configurable for a search window (specified by two lines) or set to manual mode (based on two specified lines). VITC Writer inserts VITC data on two selectable lines per field in the vertical interval. The two lines have the same data. VITC is not decoded off of the video reference input.

RS-422 specification

The RS-422 interface conforms to ANSI/SMPTE 207M-1997 standard (SMPTE 422).

GPI I/O specifications

Characteristic	Description
Number of Inputs/Outputs	12 inputs and 12 outputs.
Connector type	25pin D
GPI Input	TTL 0-0.8 V Low; 2.4-5 V High; 1 mA external current sink
GPI Output	Max Sink Current: 100 ma; Max Voltage: 30 V Outputs are open drain drivers. Max. voltage when outputs are open = 45V Max. current when outputs are closed = 250ma Typical risetimes approximately 625ns Typical falltimes approximately 400ns

Operational specifications

Topics include:

- “Video codec description – SD-only models” on page 127
- “Video codec description – HD/SD models” on page 127
- “Playout of multiple formats” on page 128
- “VBI/Ancillary data specifications” on page 131
- “Internationalization” on page 136
- “Video network performance” on page 136
- “Supported file input/output formats” on page 137
- “Media file system performance” on page 138
- “Protocols supported” on page 138
- “Harris settings” on page 139
- “Transfer compatibility considerations” on page 139
- “Control point PC system requirements” on page 139

Video codec description – SD-only models

Format	Sampling	Frame Rate	Data Rate	Other
DVCPRO25 (720X480/576)	4:1:1	29.97, 25	3.6 MBps	—
DVCPRO50 ^a (720X487.5/585)	4:2:2	29.97, 25	7.2 MBps	—
DVCAM (720X480/576)	4:1:1/ 4:2:0	29.97, 25	3.6 MBps	—
MPEG-2 (720X480/576)	4:2:0	29.97, 25	2-15 Mbps	I-frame and closed long GoP
MPEG-2 (720X480/576)	4:2:2	29.97, 25	4-50 Mbps	I-frame and closed long GoP
MPEG-2 (720X512/608)	4:2:2	29.97, 25	4-50 Mbps	I-frame and closed long GoP
D10/IMX ^a (720X512/608)	4:2:2	29.97, 25	30, 40, 50 Mbps	I-frame only

^aDVCPRO50 / D10/IMX operation is a licensable option.

Video codec description – HD/SD models

Format	Sampling	Frame Rate	Data Rate	GoP
SD formats				
MPEG-2 (720X480/576)	4:2:0	29.97, 25	2-15 Mbps	I-frame and closed long GoP
MPEG-2 (720X480/576)	4:2:2	29.97, 25	4-50 Mbps	I-frame and closed long GoP
MPEG-2 (720X512/608)	4:2:2	29.97, 25	4-50 Mbps	I-frame and closed long GoP
HD formats ^a				
MPEG-2 (1920x1080)	4:2:0	29.97, 25	20-80 Mbps	I-frame and closed long GoP ^b
MPEG-2 (1920x1080)	4:2:2	29.97, 25	20-100 Mbps	I-frame and closed long GoP
MPEG-2 (1280x720)	4:2:0	59.94, 50	12-80 Mbps	I-frame and closed long GoP
MPEG-2 (1280x720)	4:2:2	59.94, 50	20-100 Mbps	I-frame and closed long GoP

^aLow bitrate I-frame encoding is not recommended

^bDecode of lower bit rate is possible

On both SD-only and HD/SD models, if an open long GoP clip is imported, it is fully supported on the K2 Media Client. This includes trimming the clip, playout of the clip, using the clip in playlists, and exporting the clip.

Playback of multiple formats

The K2 Media Client automatically handles material of various types and formats as specified in the following sections:

Playback on SD-only models

On SD-only models, for a given frame rate, you can play clips of any format back-to-back on the same timeline. Refer to table “[Video codec description – SD-only models](#)” earlier in this chapter for a list of the supported formats.

On SD-only models, both 16:9 and 4:3 resolution formats can be played on the same timeline. Refer to “[Aspect ratio conversions](#)” on page 130.

Both SD-only and HD/SD models support mixed clips with uncompressed and compressed (Dolby-E) audio on the same timeline. (requires external Dolby-E decoder).

Refer to “[VBI/Ancillary data specifications](#)” on page 131 for specifications on how SD-only models handle VBI data and ancillary data.

Playback on HD/SD models

On HD/SD models, for similar frame rates (25/50 fps or 29.97/59.95 fps), MPEG SD material transferred or recorded into the K2 Media Client along with its audio is up-converted when played on a HD output channel. Likewise, HD material is down-converted along with its audio when played on SD output channel. HD and SD clips can be played back-to-back on the same timeline, and aspect ratio conversion is user configurable. Refer to “[Aspect ratio conversions](#)” on page 130. Refer to the following tables for specifications on SD and HD conversions.

Refer to “[VBI/Ancillary data specifications](#)” on page 131 for specifications on how HD/SD models handle VBI data.


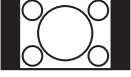



25/50 fps conversions on HD/SD models






		Converted SD format	Converted HD formats	
		625 at 25 fps	1080i at 25 fps	720p at 50 fps
Source SD format	625 at 25 fps	No conversion	Up-convert SD to HD	Up-convert SD to HD
	1080i at 25 fps	Down-convert HD to SD	No conversion	Cross-convert from 1080i to 720p
Source HD formats	720p at 50 fps	Down-convert HD to SD	Convert HD to HD	No conversion

29.97/59.95 fps conversions on HD/SD models

		Converted SD format	Converted HD formats	
		525 at 29.97 fps	1080i at 29.97 fps	720p at 59.94 fps
Source SD format	525 at 29.97 fps	No conversion	Up-convert SD to HD	Up-convert SD to HD
	1080i at 29.97 fps	Down-convert HD to SD	No conversion	Convert HD to HD
Source HD formats	720p at 59.94 fps	Down-convert HD to SD	Convert HD to HD	No conversion

Aspect ratio conversions

Source aspect ratio	Source image	Conversion option	Conversion description	Converted aspect ratio	Converted image
4:3		Bar	The 4:3 aspect ratio is maintained, centered on the screen, with black bars filling the left and right portions of the 16:9 display.	16:9	
		Half Bar	The picture aspect ratio is maintained, but the image is slightly enlarged. The top and bottom of the image are slightly cropped, and thin black bars fill the left and right portions of the 16:9 display.	16:9	
		Crop	The picture aspect ratio is maintained, but the image is enlarged so that it horizontally fills the HD display. The top and bottom of the 4:3 SD image are cropped to fit in the 16:9 display.	16:9	
		Stretch	The picture aspect ratio is distorted. The image fills the screen vertically without cropping, and is stretched horizontally to fill the 16:9 display. This conversion up-converts Full Height Anamorphic (FHA) 16:9 SD material.	16:9	

Source aspect ratio	Source image	Conversion option	Conversion description	Converted aspect ratio	Converted image
16:9		Bar	The 16:9 aspect ratio is maintained, centered on the screen, with black bars filling the top and bottom portions of the 4:3 display.	4:3	
		Half Bar	The picture aspect ratio is maintained, but the image is slightly enlarged. The left and right sides the image are slightly cropped, and thin black bars fill the top and bottom portions of the 4:3 display.	4:3	
		Crop	The picture aspect ratio is maintained, but the image is enlarged so that it vertically fills the SD display. The left and right sides of the 16:9 HD image are cropped to fit in the 4:3 SD display	4:3	
		Stretch	The picture aspect ratio is distorted. The image fills the screen horizontally without cropping, and is stretched vertically to fill the 4:3 display. This conversion generates Full Height Anamorphic (FHA) 16:9 SD material.	4:3	

VBI/Ancillary data specifications

The K2 Media Client supports SD Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI) data and HD Ancillary (Anc) data as specified in the following sections:

VBI data support on SD-only models

Video format	Compressed VBI	Uncompressed VBI	Closed Captioning	Comments
DVCPRO25 525 line (NTSC)	Not supported	Not supported by DVCPRO25 format	Supported, as native to DVCPRO25. VCHIP data supported.	—
DVCPRO25 625 line (PAL)	Not supported	Not supported by DVCPRO25 format	Not supported. Teletext not supported	
DVCPRO50 525 line (NTSC)	Supported	Not supported by DVCPRO50 format	Supported, as native to DVCPRO50 (compressed VBI). VCHIP data supported.	DVCPRO50 is a licensable option.
DVCPRO50 625 line (PAL)	Supported	Not supported by DVCPRO50 format	Closed Captioning not supported. Teletext supported, as native to DVCPRO50 (compressed VBI).	
DVCAM 525 line (NTSC)	Not supported	Not supported by DVCAM format	Supported, as native to DVCAM.	—
DVCAM 625 line (PAL)	Not supported	Not supported by DVCAM format	Closed captioning and teletext supported, as native to DVCAM.	—
MPEG-2 525 line (NTSC)	Supported as 16 lines per field. Range: 7–22	Supported. Six lines per field. User selectable. Range: 10–22 Selected lines are saved in MPEG user data space and restored on playout.	Supported and always on. Not selectable.	—
MPEG-2 625 line (PAL)	Supported as 16 selectable lines per field. Range: 7–22	Supported. Six lines per field. User selectable. Range: 6–22 Selected lines are saved in MPEG user data space and restored on playout.	Teletext not supported ^a	—
MPEG-D10 525 line (NTSC)	Supported	Not supported by D10 format.	Supported, as native to D10.	—
MPEG-D10 625 line (PAL)	Supported	Not supported by D10 format.	Closed captioning and teletext supported, as native to D10.	—

^a For 625/PAL, CC user data is disabled, so the only way to get Teletext is by either using Uncompressed VBI Line 21 (if an MPEG format), or Compressed VBI for the 625/PAL formats.

Only Luma VBI/Closed-captioning data is saved/encoded. Chroma VBI/
Closed-captioning data is ignored on playback.

Ancillary data is not supported on SD-only models, except as data bridging when material is transferred to or from a HD/SD model. Refer to [“Data bridging of native material on HD/SD models” on page 134](#).

VBI data support on HD/SD models

Video format	Compressed VBI	Uncompressed VBI	Closed Captioning	Comments
SD MPEG-2 525 line (NTSC)	Supported for record. Not supported for playback.	Supported as six selectable lines per field. Range: 10–22 Selected lines are saved in MPEG user data space and restored on playout.	Supported and always on. Not selectable.	—
SD MPEG-2 625 line (PAL)	Supported for record. Not supported for playback.	Supported as six selectable lines per field. Range: 6–22 Selected lines are saved in MPEG user data space and restored on playout.	Teletext not supported ^a	—

^a To pass through PAL MPEG-2 Teletext to playout, record it on VBI line 21, compressed or uncompressed.

Only Luma VBI/Closed-captioning data is saved/encoded. Chroma VBI/Closed-captioning data is ignored on playback.

Ancillary data support on HD/SD models

Video format	Data	Supported as follows:
HD MPEG-2	Vertical interval ancillary data packets	Extracted at input and stored on an ancillary data track. Upon playout, the data packets are inserted into the video stream on specified lines. Maximum 8 packets per field.

Luma ancillary data packets are stored. Chroma ancillary data packets are not supported. Both VANC and HANC packets are stored if they are luma packets.

Data bridging of native material on HD/SD models

When MPEG-2 material that was recorded on a HD/SD model is converted on a HD/SD model, data is bridged as follows:

Source format	Source data	Conversion →	Converted format	Converted data
SD 525 line	Closed-captioning (CC) on line 21 (EIA-608) can be stored as UserData CC packets ^a or UserData VBI Line21 (Uncompressed VBI Line21)	Up-convert	HD	Ancillary Closed Caption EIA-708-B packets
SD 625 line	Teletext on line 21	No up conversion to HD		
SD 625 line 525 line	Ancillary data	No up conversion to HD		
HD	EIA-708 & 608 Ancillary data packets	Down-convert	SD	Closed-captioning on line 21 (EIA-608 standard).
HD	Teletext	No down conversion to SD		
HD 1080i	Ancillary data	Cross-convert	HD 720p	Moved to valid lines
HD 720p	Ancillary data	Cross-convert	HD 1080i	Moved to valid lines. Any data on lines 21-25 is moved to line 20 on 1080i output.

^a UserData CC packets always on. If CC exists, it is recorded and played back.

HD/SD models data compatibility with PVS models

When material is transferred between a PVS Profile XP Media Platform and a K2 Media Client, SD VBI data and HD Ancillary data is supported as follows:

Source device	Source format	Source data	Destination device	Data support: SD Playout	Data support: HD Playout
PVS	SD MPEG-2	Any supported on PVS	SD-only K2 Media Client	All supported	NA
		Uncompressed VBI	HD/SD K2 Media Client	Yes	Yes, with data bridging for CC only. Other VBI lines are discarded.
		Closed captioning	HD/SD K2 Media Client	Yes	Yes. Ancillary data packets
		Compressed VBI	HD/SD K2 Media Client	No	No
		Ancillary data	HD/SD K2 Media Client	No	No
	HD MPEG-2	Ancillary data	HD/SD K2 Media Client	Yes	Yes
SD-only K2 Media Client	SD MPEG-2	Any supported on K2 Media Client	PVS	All supported	NA
HD/SD K2 Media Client	SD MPEG-2	Compressed VBI	PVS	Yes	No
		Uncompressed VBI	PVS	Yes	No
		Closed captioning	PVS	No	No
	HD MPEG-2	Ancillary data	PVS	Yes, with data bridging for ancillary CC packets only.	Yes

Internationalization

When you enable internationalization on a K2 Media Client, you can name your media assets in a local language. The K2 Media Client supports the local language name as specified in the following table:

System	Internationalization support
Media database	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All external views of movie assets can be represented as wide-file names AppCenter runs in Unicode Only movie assets and searchable User Data keys are Unicode.
Media file system	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support for Kanji and wide-character file and folder names. File-folder representation of movie are internationalized, as well as the QuickTime reference file it contains. Key names (V:\PDR) remain unchanged, but are Unicode. Elementary streams remain as GUIDs, but are Unicode.
K2 Media Client applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Movie assets are described in Unicode. Application user interfaces are Unicode compliant.
Protocols	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> AMP supports UTF-8. Unicode movie names pass through as opaque bits. VDCP does not support UTF-8. VDCP protocols are ASCII and VDCP protocol handler needs to convert movie names to Unicode.
FTP transfers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-ASCII localized characters represented as UTF-8 characters. All FTP client/server commands are in ASCII. The named movie asset is Unicode 16-bit characters

Video network performance

The K2 Media Client supports streaming transfers to and from K2 Media Clients, M-Series iVDRs, Profile XP Media Platforms, or any device that supports General Exchange Format (GXF) as described in SMPTE 360M.

Parameter	Specification	Comments
Transfer bandwidth per internal storage K2 Media Client	Up to 50 MBytes per second	—
Transfer bandwidth per Level 2 K2 Storage	50 MBytes per second	—
Transfer bandwidth per Level 3 K2 Storage	80 MBytes per second	Additional K2 Media Servers dedicated as FTP servers add 80 MBytes per second each
Maximum concurrent transfers per transfer engine	4	Additional transfers are queued.
Minimum delay from start of record to start of transfer	20 seconds	This applies to both 60Hz timing and 50Hz timing.
Minimum delay between start of transfer into destination and start of play on destination	20 seconds.	—

Supported file input/output formats

The K2 Media Client can send and receive files of various formats using import, export, and transfer mechanisms.

Formats supported are as follows:

Streaming file format	Video elementary format	Audio elementary format	AppCenter		FTP		Other information
			Import	Export	Import	Export	
GXF	DV25/50 DVCAM MPEG-2	48 kHz, 16 bit or 24 bit PCM or Dolby digital (AC-3)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Streaming between online K2 Systems supports complex movies and agile playlists of mixed format. Also see “Transfer compatibility considerations” on page 139 . GXF is the K2 Media Client’s native file transfer format.
MXF	DV25/50 DVCAM D10 ^a MPEG-2	48 kHz, 16 bit or 24 bit PCM or Dolby digital (AC-3)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Simple movies only. Real time file transfer in and out with wrap/ unwrap of MXF OP 1A on host platform with no external platform required. Standard Definition only. Preservation of metadata as defined in the Operating Pattern 1A level of MXF. HD Ancillary data is not supported as part of the MXF transfer.
AVI	DV25 DV50	48 kHz, 16 bit or 24 bit PCM or Dolby digital (AC-3)	Yes	Yes	No	No	Audio tracks handled as stereo pairs
QuickTime	DV25 DV50	48 kHz, 16 bit or 24 bit PCM or Dolby digital (AC-3)	Yes	Yes	No	No	Audio tracks handled as stereo pairs
WAV audio	NA	48 kHz 16 bit stereo PCM	Yes	No	No	No	Audio tracks handled as stereo pairs

^a A D10 MXF stream is handled as an eVTR style D10AES3 stream. Maximum 8 channels audio.

Media file system performance

Parameter	Internal Storage Specification	External Storage Specification
Maximum number of clips	20,000	50,000
Minimum delay between start record and start playout when record and play is on the same K2 Media Client	10 seconds	20 seconds
Minimum delay between start record and start playout when record and play is on different K2 Media Clients	NA	20 seconds
Maximum length continuous record	24 hours	24 hours

Protocols supported

Protocols are supported as follows for remote control of K2 systems:

Protocol	Support
AMP	<p>Commands are available via Ethernet or RS-422 serial ports. Ethernet access is possible using DCOM as well as the socket interface to the AMP server. The AMP's socket interface uses IANA assigned port number 3811 for both TCP and UDP.</p> <p>Transfers initiated by AMP between K2 systems and M-Series iVDRs are not supported, depending on M-Series software versions. Check release notes for more information.</p>
VDCP	<p>VDCP preroll: 10 frames for command latency or buffer precharge</p> <p>The Protocol Recorder allows a default bin to be assigned to each record channel.</p> <p>The following categories of commands are not supported:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Deferred (Timeline) Commands --these are the basic timeline commands but use the time specified by the PRESET STANDARD TIME 2. Macro commands 3. Archive Commands 4. Transfers initiated by VDCP between K2 systems and M-Series iVDRs are not supported, depending on M-Series software versions. Check release notes for more information.
BVW	<p>A subset of BVW commands is supported through the Protocol player.</p> <p>Insert/Edit is not supported.</p>

Harris settings

If using Harris automation systems, the following settings are required for use with K2 products:

Setting	Value	Comments
Disk Prerolls	10 frames	—
Frames to send Play early (Preroll Play)	10 frames	These two settings should be the same as the Disk Prerolls setting. However, if there is extra fixed latency in your RS-422 communication path, you might need to adjust the settings differently.
Frames to send Record early (Preroll Record)	10 frames	
Disk Port Comm Timeout	60 frames	This is the minimum required by K2. Do not use the Harris default value, which is 10.
Back To Back Rec	Unchecked	K2 does not support this feature.

Transfer compatibility considerations

When transferring material between K2 systems and other Grass Valley products, you must consider the specifications of the different products. The following table illustrates some of these considerations:

Source device	Destination device	Material transferred	Compatibility
K2 system	Profile XP Media Platform	HD 4:2:0 80 Mb or less SD 4:2:2	Supported. Can be played out.
		720p/50 HD 4:2:2	Supported for storage only. Transfer is successful but playout not supported.
K2 system	M-Series iVDR	DV25, DV50, and MPEG I-frame	Playout supported
		1080i	Not supported.
Profile XP Media Platform	K2 system	All types of material supported, according to the SD and/or HD capability of the model. For example, ancillary data in SD not supported.	
M-Series iVDR	K2 system		

Also refer to [“Transferring between different types of systems”](#) on page 68.

Also refer to [“Protocols supported”](#) on page 138.

Control point PC system requirements

If you are building your own control point PC, the machine you chose must meet the following requirements. These requirements assume that the PC is dedicated to its function as the control point for the K2 Media Client and that no other applications run on the PC that could interfere with system performance.

Control point PC system requirements are as follows:

Requirements	Comments
Operating System	Microsoft Windows XP Professional, Service Pack 2 (Must be a U.S. version)
RAM	Minimum 512 MB, 1 GB recommended
Graphics acceleration	Must have at least 128 MB memory
Processor	Pentium 4 or higher class, 2 GHz or greater
Hard disk space	400 MB
Microsoft .NET Framework	Version 1.1 and 2.0
Java JRE	1.3.1_12 and 1.4.2_05 or higher Required for the HP Ethernet Switch configuration interface, which is used for K2 Storage Systems (external storage).
XML	Microsoft XML 4 Service Pack 2 is required. You can install it from the <i>msxml4sp2</i> file on the K2 System Software CD.

To fix the screen resolution problem seen with NetCentral on the Grass Valley control point PC, do the following:

1. Go to Display properties (right mouse selection of properties on the display area)
2. Select Settings tab
3. Select the Advanced button
4. In the General tab, set the DPI setting to Normal size (96 DPI)
5. Restart the PC

Appendix **B**

Connector Pin-outs

This appendix contains the following topics:

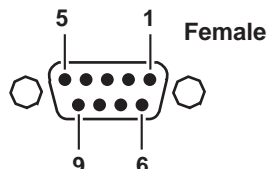
- [“K2 Media Client connector pin-outs”](#)
- [“K2 Media Server connector pinouts”](#)

K2 Media Client connector pin-outs

The following sections describe K2 Media Client rear panel connector pinouts.

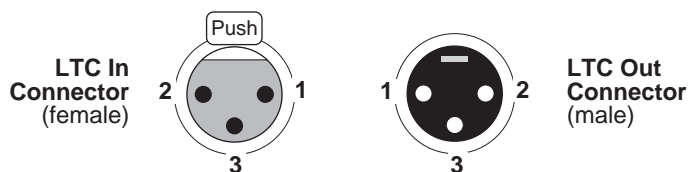
RS-422 connector pinouts

The RS-422 interface conforms to ANSI/SMPTE 207M-1997 standard (SMPTE 422).



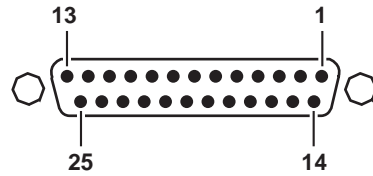
Pin #	Signal	Description
1	GND	Frame Ground
2	-TXD	Differential Transmit Data (low)
3	+RXD	Differential Receive Data (high)
4	GND	Transmit Signal Common
5	NC	Spare
6	GND	Receive Signal Common
7	+TXD	Differential Transmit Data (high)
8	-RXD	Differential Receive Data (low)
9	GND	Signal Ground

LTC connectors pinouts



Pin #	LTC In	Pin #	LTC Out
1	Signal Ground	1	Signal Ground
2	(+)	2	(+)
3	(-)	3	(-)

GPI I/O connector pinouts



Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Output 1	14	Input 1
2	Output 2	15	Input 2
3	Output 3	16	Input 3
4	Output 4	17	Input 4
5	Output 5	18	Input 5
6	Output 6	19	Input 6
7	Output 7	20	Input 7
8	Output 8	21	Input 8
9	Output 9	22	Input 9
10	Output 10	23	Input 10
11	Output 11	24	Input 11
12	Output 12	25	Input 12
13	Ground		

K2 Media Server connector pinouts

The following sections describe K2 Media Server rear panel connector pinouts.

Redundant server heartbeat cable

Take care to use the proper serial cable to interconnect redundant K2 Media Servers that take the role of file system/database servers. This cable supports the heartbeat mechanism whereby the servers monitor each other's health. It is a 9 pin serial cable, but it is not a standard RS-232 null modem cable. The heartbeat cable is supplied with your system (Grass Valley part number 174-8137-00) and has a pin configuration as follows:

- 1 – 4
- 2 – 3
- 3 – 2
- 4 – 1&6
- 5 – 5
- 6 – 4
- 7 – 8
- 8 – 7
- 9 – No Connect

Rack-mounting

This appendix contains the following topics:

- [“Rack mounting the K2 Media Client”](#)
- [“Rack mounting the control point PC drawer”](#)

Rack mounting the K2 Media Client

This section contains the following topics:

- [“Rack-mount considerations”](#)
- [“Rack mount hardware shipped with the K2 client system”](#)
- [“Mounting the Rack Slides”](#)
- [“Installing the K2 client system on the rack mount rails”](#)
- [“Making Rack Slide Adjustments”](#)

Rack-mount considerations

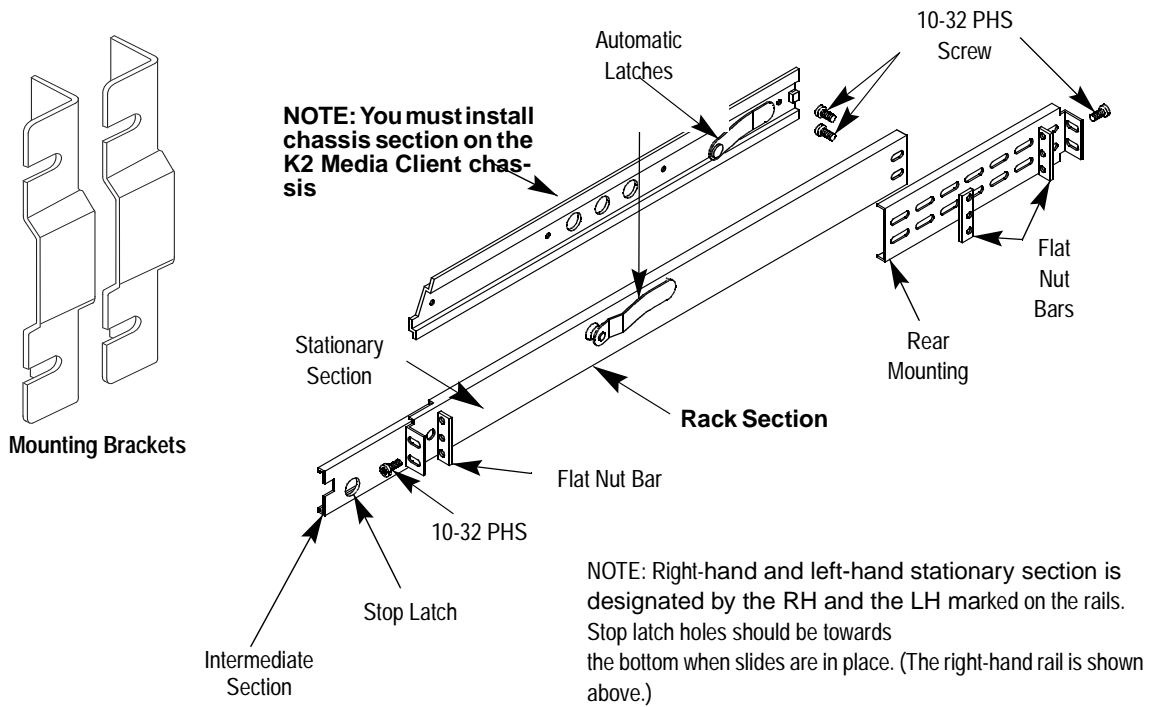
When planning the placement of equipment in your equipment rack, bear in mind the following:

- Insure adequate air flow around the chassis to provide sufficient cooling. Operating ambient temperature will affect the amount of air circulation required to keep the K2 client system within its temperature limitations. See [“Environmental specifications” on page 130](#) for details.
- If the system is installed with its ventilation intakes near another system's exhaust or in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature inside the chassis may be greater than the room's ambient temperature. Install the system in an environment compatible with this recommended maximum ambient temperature.
- Ensure the rack is anchored to the floor so that it cannot tip over when the K2 client system is extended out of the rack.
- Be sure to mount the K2 client system in a way that ensures even weight distribution in the rack. Uneven mechanical loading can result in a hazardous condition. Secure all mounting bolts when installing the chassis to the rack.

The following sections describe installing the K2 Media Client step-by-step.

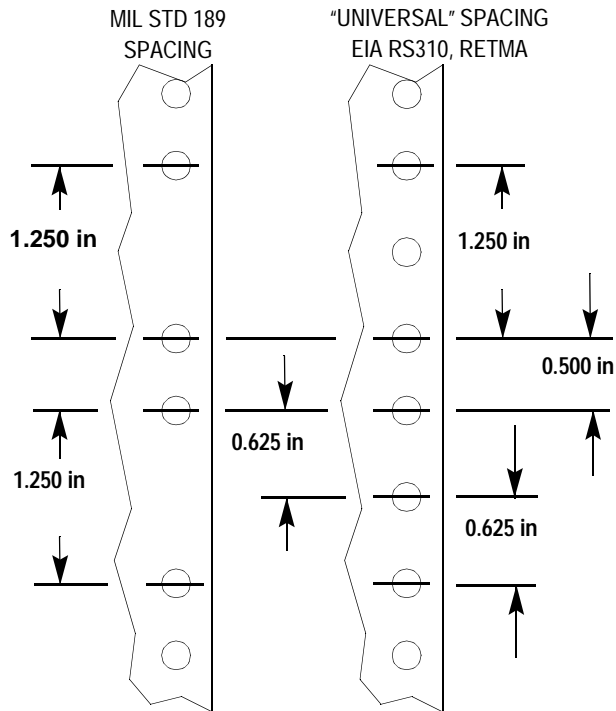
Rack mount hardware shipped with the K2 client system

Your K2 client system rack-mount kit comes with rack mounting hardware as shown.

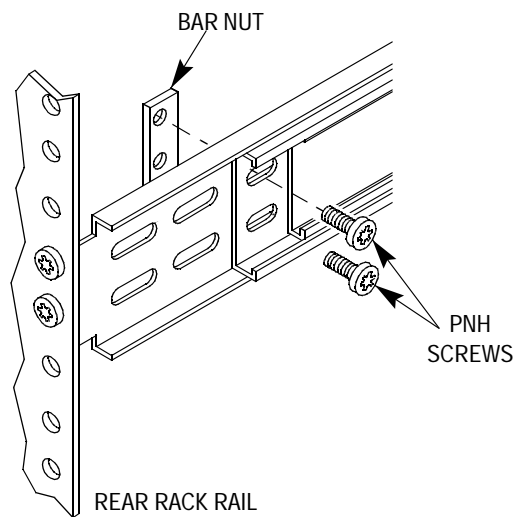
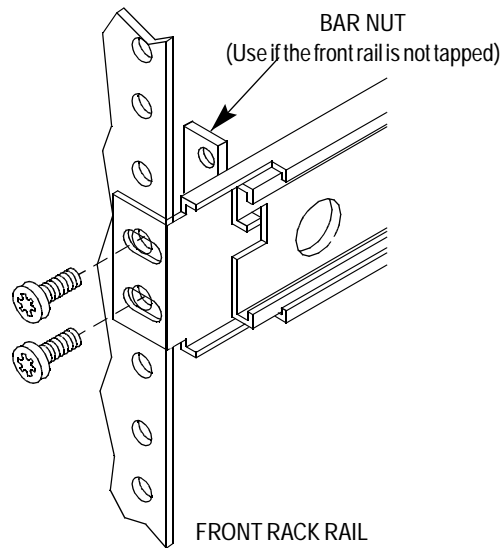


Mounting the Rack Slides

Choose the proper set of rail mounting holes on the rack. Notice that the hole spacing can vary with the rack type. When mounting the slides in racks with EIA spacing, make sure that the slides are attached to the 0.5-inch spaced holes.




Front and rear rack rail mounting hardware is provided with the rack mount kit. Mount the rails using the enclosed hardware. Make sure the stationary sections are horizontally aligned and are level, as well as parallel to each other.




Installing the K2 client system on the rack mount rails

To install the K2 client system on the rack mount rails:

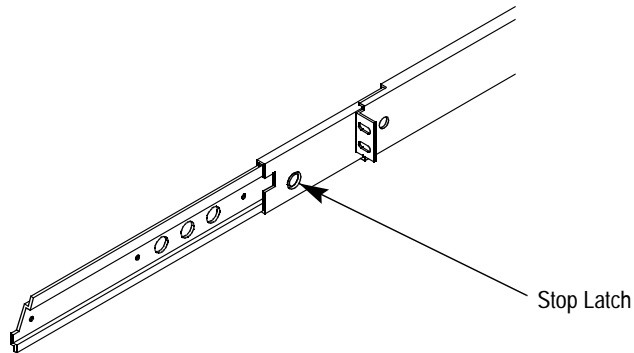
1. Pull the slide-out track section to the fully extended position.

 **WARNING:** To prevent injury, two people are required to lift the K2 client system. It is too heavy for one person to install in the rack.

 **WARNING:** To prevent serious injury, insure that the rack is anchored to the floor so that it cannot tip over when the K2 client system is extended out of the rack.

2. Insert the ends of the chassis sections into the slide-out sections.

3. Push the chassis toward the rack until the chassis sections lock into the intermediate sections.
4. Press the stop latches in the intermediate sections and push the chassis toward the rack until the latches snap into their holes.



5. Again, press the stop latches and push the cabinet fully into the rack.
6. Insert and tighten the front panel retaining screws.

Making Rack Slide Adjustments

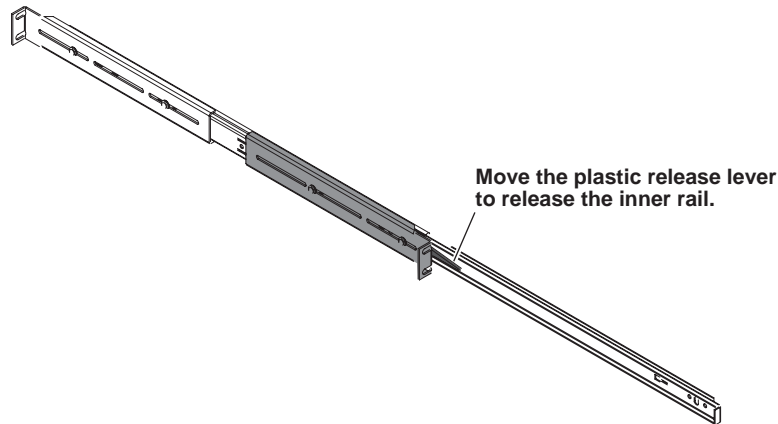
After installation, binding may occur if the slide tracks are not properly adjusted. To adjust the tracks:

1. Slide the chassis out approximately 10 inches.
2. Slightly loosen the mounting screws holding the tracks to the front of the rails and allow the tracks to seek an unbound position.
3. Tighten the mounting screws and check the tracks for smooth operation by sliding the chassis in and out of the rack several times.
4. Tighten the front panel retaining screws once the cabinet is in place within the rack to complete the installation.

Rack mounting the control point PC drawer

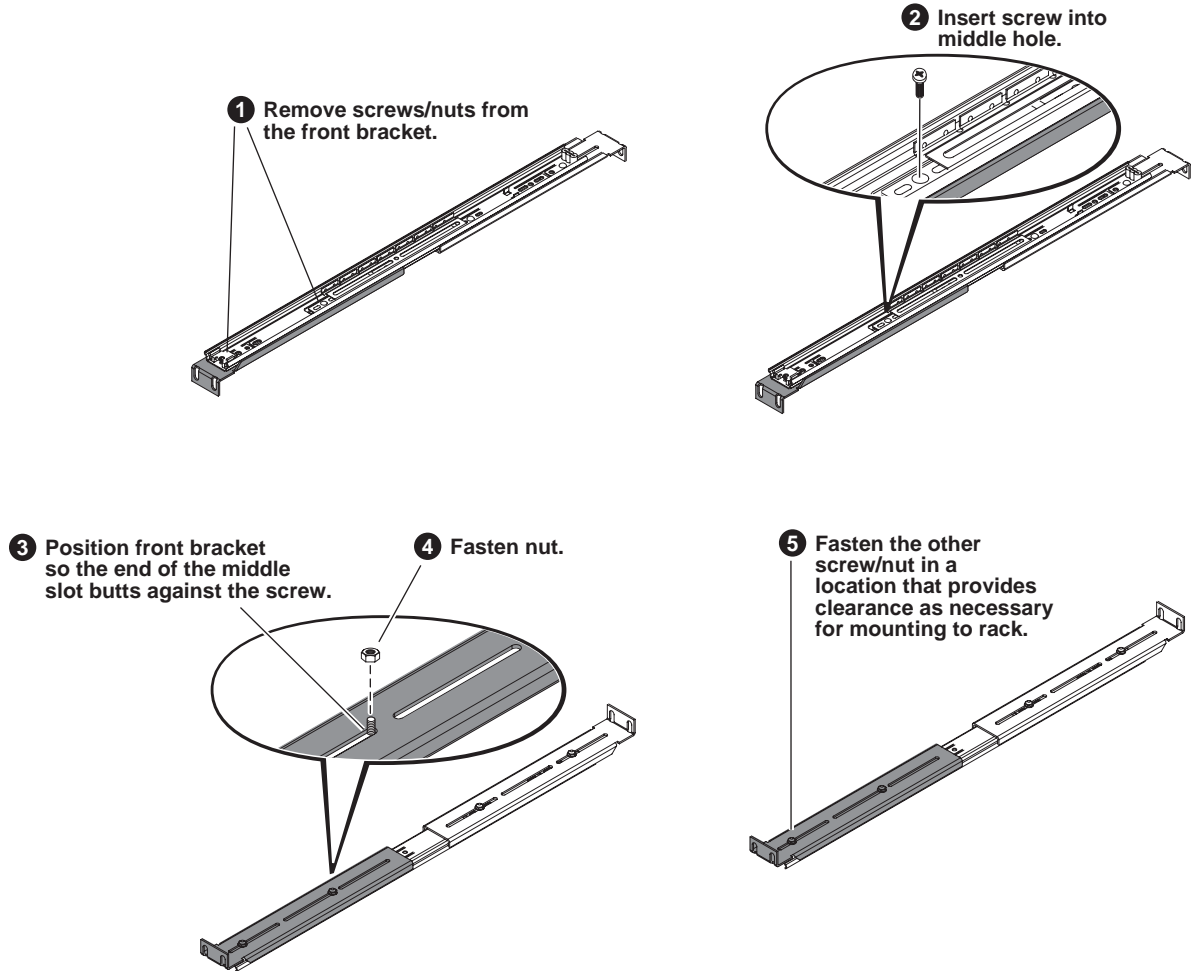
The pull out PC notebook drawer kit consists of two slide assemblies with front and rear brackets fitted and a drawer. The kit does not include rack screws or cage nuts.

1. On both slide assemblies, release the inner rail from the outer slide as follows:



The plastic release lever moves up on the left-hand rail and down on the right-hand rail. You might need a slotted screwdriver to move the plastic release lever.

2. Fasten the inner rails to the drawer with the screws provided. The screws are on the drawer.
3. Adjust both slide assemblies as illustrated. This is necessary to provide the proper inset for the flip-down drawer front. With this adjustment to the slide assemblies, it is not necessary to change the position of the rails fastened to the drawer.



4. Mount the outer slides to the rack with the front bracket with the cam lock stop on the right side (as you look at the rack from the front) with rack screws. **DO NOT** tighten the rack screws at this time.
5. Adjust the rear brackets to fit your rack. (**DO NOT** adjust the front brackets.)
6. Slide the PC notebook drawer into the frame between the outer slides.
7. Make adjustments as required to the brackets for smooth sliding action. Tighten the rack screws.

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